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NAME: WAQAR AHMAD

DEP: BS (MLT)

SEC: A

ID # 18008

ANSWER No.:

SIR SYED AHMED KHAN

1817-1898

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan  
shed of from 1817-1898 AD. He  
founder of Aligarh Movement, he  
is ranked among the greatest mu-  
slim reformers of the 19<sup>th</sup> century.  
He came to the rescue of his  
co-religionists after the war of  
independence (1857) when British  
unleashed a wave of vengeance  
against the muslim. As a  
result of the atrocities of the  
British the muslim were cut  
of from the mainstream of  
Political, Social, economic and edu-  
cational development. At this

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critical jurists. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the first Muslim leader to realise that if the Muslims continued to keep themselves along from their political, social and educational activities then they would be completely absorbed by the Hindu community.

## SIR SYED EDUCATIONAL

### SERVICE:

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the first Muslim leader who realised the importance of education for his people. In the order of equip the muslim with the ornament of knowledge. He opened the the following educational institutions and societies which revolutioned the Life of the muslim of Community.

- (a) Two Madrassahs in Muradabad (1858) and Ghaziabad (1862)

were opened which imparted education in Persian.

(b) In 1864, Sir Syed Ahmed laid the foundation of Scientific Society which translated English works into Urdu.

(c) M.A.D. High school Aligarh was founded in (1875)

(d) In 1877 M.A.D High school was given the status of a college and inaugurated by viceroy Lord Lytton. Later on, in 1920 A.D. it was declared a university.

## TWO NATION THEORY:

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan is regarded as one of the greatest exponent of "Two nation theory" because after the Hindi-Urdu controversy he was convinced that Hindus were not sincere towards the Muslims. Answering

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a query of Mr. Shakespeare, Commissioner of Benaras, he remarked, "Now I am convinced that both these communities will not join whole-heartily in anything. At present there <sup>was</sup> were no open hostility b/w the two communities, but on account of the so-called educated people it will increase immensely in future.

## FACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR ALIGARH MOVEMENT:

- (1) Educational backwardness of Muslim.
- (2) Economic distress of Muslim community.
- (3) Need for better of social status.
- (4) Need for friendly relations with British rulers.

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## POLITICAL PHASES

### 1ST PHASE 1947 to 1958

→ After the partition of India on the midnight of 14 and 15 Aug 1947 Pakistan followed the British system by creating the post of Prime minister. Based at the Prime minister Secretariate the Governor general of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam appointed Liaqat Ali Khan to establish and lead his administration on 15 Aug 1947. Before the presidential system in 1960, "7" Prime minister had served between 1947 until martial law in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

## GOVERNOR GENERALS OF

### PAKISTAN:

(1) first Governor general: Quaid-e-Azam

M.A Jinnah <sup>14-Aug</sup> 1947 to 11 Sep 1948

(2) Second Governor general:

Kawala Nazimuddin: 14-Sep-1948 to 17-10-1951

(3) 3rd governor general is ~~...~~

17-10-1951 to 6-10-1955

(4) 4<sup>th</sup> <sup>Last</sup> governor general is Sikandar Mirza 1956 and first president

is Sikandar Mirza 1958

## PRIME MINISTERS OF PAKISTAN:

(1) 1st = Liaqat Ali Khan 14-Aug-1947  
to 16-Oct-1951

(2) 2nd = Nazim Udin: 17 Oct 1951 to 17 Oct 1953

(3) 3rd = Muhammad Ali Bogra  
17 April 1953 to 12 Aug 1955

(4) 4<sup>th</sup> = Chaudhry Muhammad Ali  
12 Aug 1955 to 12 Sep 1956

(5) 5<sup>th</sup> = Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardi  
12 Sep 1956 to 17 Oct 1957

(6) 6<sup>th</sup> = I. I. Chaudhry = 16 Dec  
17 Oct 1957 to 16 Dec 1957

(7) Last: Feroz Khan Noon  
16 Dec 1957 to 7 Oct 1958

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## ANSWER No-3

### GEOGRAPHY OF Pakistan.

#### GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION:

Pakistan is located in south asia it form the northwest of subcontinent of indopakistan. It lies b/w the latitude of 23.31 and 36.45 north and b/w the Longitudes of 61.75 and 31 east. It is bounded to the west by iran to the east by india to the north by afghanistan which is called "durand line" into the south by Arabia sea. Pakistan border with India 1610 km border with China 585 km border with afghanistan 2252 km and border with iran 805 km.

#### AREA AND POPULATION

Pakistan cover area of 769096 km square  
Population vice provinces

Punjab is ~~largest~~

Sindh

KPK

Balochistan

Balochistan is Largest Province covering 43% of the total area

where Punjab is 25%, Sindh

3rd with 17% and KPK covering 13%

At the time of partition of the subcontinent 1947

the population of the area now forming population was only 3

crore and <sup>respect</sup> presently of population

Pakistan is presently 7<sup>th</sup> most

populated country of the world

## CLIMATE OF PAKISTAN

Climate of Pakistan is extreme, dry in base of climate condition.

Cold weather - December, March

Hot weather - April, June

Monsoon - July - September

Post Monsoon - October - Mid December