

Name

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Assignment

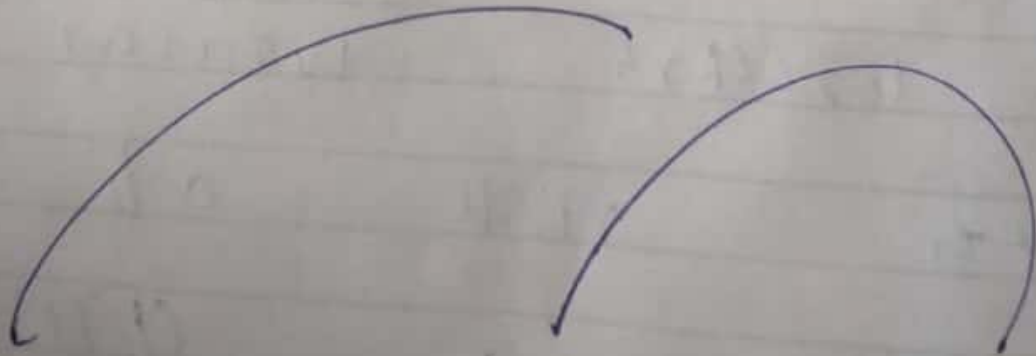
CRP and CP

Date

8-7-2020

Sub to

H. Maheshwari



(1)

How is  
explained?

venography

performed

venography

performed:

venography

also

called

phlebography

or

ascending

phlebography

is

a

procedure

in

which

can

x-ray

of

the

veins

a venogram

is

taken

after

a

special

dye

is

injected

into

the

bone

marrow

or

vein.

The

dye

has

to

be

injected

constantly

via

catheter

making

invasive procedure

→ Venography contraindications (2)

Contraindications — Relative

include a history of  
anaphylaxis with iodinated

contrast material with  
arterial dysfunction.

in patient with

allergy to iodinated

contrast materials alternative

contrast material such

as carbon dioxide

or gadolinium may

be used for

venography.

α — α — α



(3)

Q3) What is loopogram?

Loopogram:

This is a test to show the loop of bowel (conduit) that has been used as substitute for your urinary bladder.

Indication:

To rule out any distal obstruction to locate per healing of the anastomosis. Seems no obstruction.

Q4

(4)

what is the role of radiologic technologists in performing fluoroscopic procedures

Ans

Fluoroscopy: is a study of moving body structure its much like x-ray movie and is often done while a contrast dye move through the part of the body being examined. Continuous x-ray beam is passed through the body part and sent to a video monitor so that and its motion.



(5)

## Technique:

- perform P/R examination
- insert enema tip with patient in the lateral position with knees flexed
- check for any block
- look intermittently under fluoroscopy to check for progression of Ba column
- gas insufflation done intermittently
- change position of patient and table accordingly.

(b)

Procedure  
2 type ob of entry

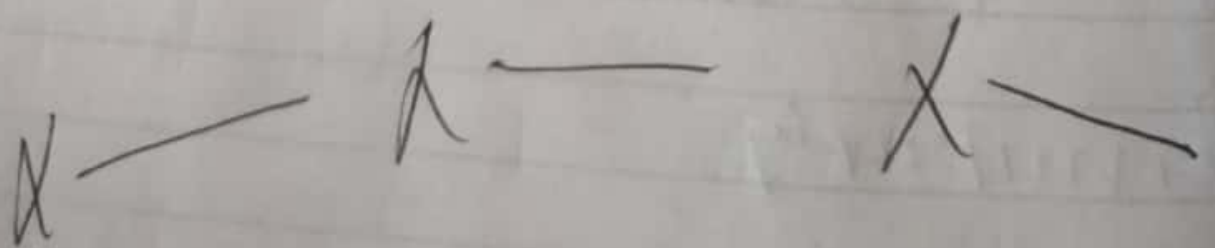
- Proximal Colonogram
- Distal Colonogram

= General Preparation D or  
Fluoroscopy.

- Let your doctor know  
if you're breastfeeding

- Review pre-procedure  
instructions

- Inform the technologist  
of allergies



What are  
guidewires? Catheter  
they used why and are  
their types. What are

Urinary Catheters are used  
to drain the bladder

Your health care provider  
may recommend that

you use a catheter

if you have urinary  
incontinence (leaking urine  
or being unable control

urinary retention unable

empty bladder when

you need to

ISLAMIA BOOK AGENCY



(8)  
There are three main types of catheters

Indwelling catheter

external catheter

Short-term catheter

2 Indwelling catheter:

urethral or suprapubic

catheters are indwelling

catheter is a catheter

that resides in the

bladder.

2 External catheters

(Condom catheter)

2 Short term

(Intermittent catheters)

2) Guidewires:

A device

used to enter tight

space e.g. obstructed

valves or channel

within the body

(9)

or

to

assist

in

inserting

positioning

and

moving

a

Catheter

guidewires

vary

in

size

length

stiffness

composition

and

shape

ob

the

HP.

Types

ob

Guide wires

the

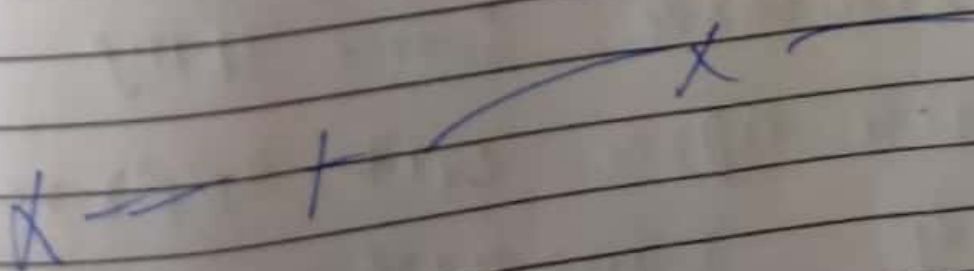
Solid

wire

wrapped

Guide

wire





Q 11

(10)  
which contrast is ideal  
for W administration what  
are its favourable  
characteristic to be used  
as W contrast

Ans  
intravenous means that the  
contrast is injected into  
the vein using small  
needle. Some imaging exam  
of the abdomen as  
gastrointestinal system used  
both intravenous iodine  
contrast administered barium  
contrast for maximum  
sensitivity.

• favourable characteristic.

adj it is your opinion  
or your reaction

favourable some thing

you agree with approve

• adj something make

favourable impression



(11)

on

your

or

is

favourable

to

you

like

approve

of

it

