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subject # Structural

Analysis

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①

Q n.0 3

$$Y = \frac{h}{L^2} x^2 = \frac{8}{(15)^2} x^2$$

$$Y = 0.0356 x^2 \quad \text{Ans}$$

Now we know that

$$T_B = F_B = \frac{W_0 L^2}{2h}$$

$$= \frac{(400)(15)^2}{2(10)}$$

$$= 4500 \text{ lb} = 4.500 \text{ k} \quad \text{Ans}$$

Now

$$T_B = T_{\max} = \sqrt{(F_B)^2 + (W_0 L)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(4500)^2 + (400(15))^2}$$

$$= 7500 \text{ lb} = 7.50 \text{ k} \quad \text{Ans}$$

②

$$T_B = T_{max} = W \cdot l \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{L}{2l}\right)^2}$$

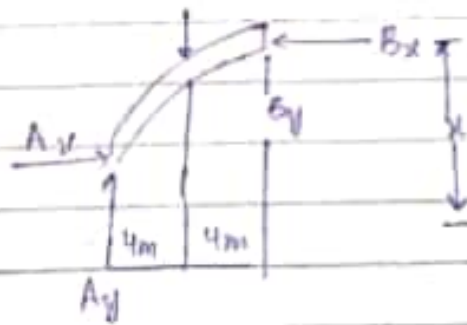
$$= (400)(15) \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{15}{2(10)}\right)^2}$$

$$= 7500 \text{ lb} = 7.500 \text{ k Ans}$$

Q:4

Given data

uniform load = 30 kN/m

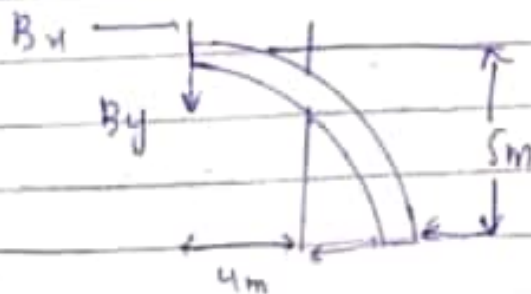


Req:-

Internal moment at D = ?

Sol:-

Dividing into AB and BC members



member BC

AB

$$\sum M_x = 0$$

3

$$-B_x (5) + B_y (8) + 240(4) = 0 \quad \text{--- (a)}$$

BC

$$\hookrightarrow +\sum M_c = 0$$

$$-B_x (5) + B_y (8) + 240(4) = 0 \quad \text{--- (b)}$$

adding (a) & (b)

$$B_x (5) + B_y (8) - 240(4) = 0$$

$$-B_x (5) + B_y (8) + 240(4) = 0$$

$$0 + 2B_y (8) = 0$$

$$\boxed{B_y = 0}$$

Putting the value of B_y in eq "b"

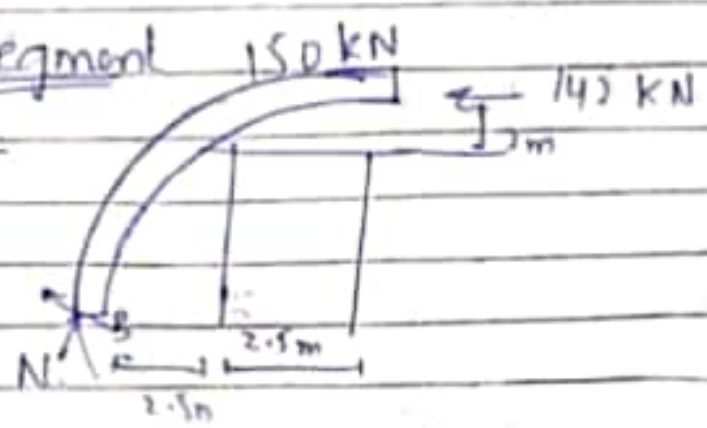
$$\text{eq "b"} \quad -B_x (5) + 0(8) + 960 = 0$$

$$B_x (5) = 960$$

$$\boxed{B_x = 192 \text{ kN}}$$

Now segment

DB



Member DB

(4)

$$\sum M_D = 0$$

$$192(2) - 150(25) - M_D = 0$$

$$384 - 375 - M_D = 0$$

$$9 - M_D = 0$$

$$M_D = 9 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

Q no 2 :-

Given data "

uniform load = 4 kN/m

$$E = 298.29 \times 10^3 \text{ k/si}$$

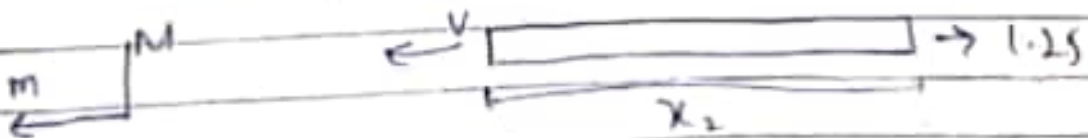
$$I = 600 \text{ m}^4$$

Required

virtual displacement = ?

Sol :-

New virtual movement



x

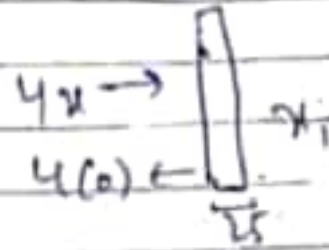
1.0

$$m_2 = 1.25x$$

real moment



$$m_2 = 25 \times 10^3$$



$$m_4 = 40x_1 - \frac{1}{2} \rho x_1(x_1)$$

$$40x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

Now by virtual work equation

$$\Delta DC = \int_0^L \frac{mM}{EI} dz$$

$$\Delta L = \int_0^{10} \frac{1(x_1)(40x_1 - 2x_1^2)}{EI} dz$$

$$+ \int_0^8 \frac{(1.2502)(2.5x_2)}{EI} dz$$

$$\Delta L = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{4x^3}{3} - \frac{2x^3}{4} \right]_0^{10} + \left[\frac{31.25 \times 10^3}{3} \right]_0^8$$

$$\Delta L = 10.64960184$$

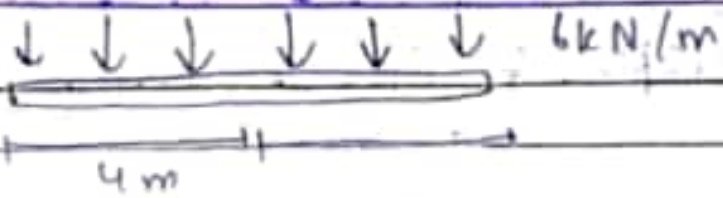
Q:02

Given that

$$E = 200 \text{ GPa}$$

$$I = 60 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^4$$

(6)



Req. 1-

slope and displacement = ?

$$m' - m_2 = \frac{1}{2}(x_2)(6 + v_1)$$

$$m' = -m' + \frac{6x_2 + x_2^2}{2}$$

$$m = -m' + \frac{3x_2^2 + x_2^3}{2}$$

taking partial derivative wrt m

$$\frac{\partial m}{\partial p} = -x$$

$$DB = \int_0^2 \frac{m(\partial m)}{\partial p} \frac{dx}{EI}$$

$$= \int_0^6 \frac{-3x^2(-x) dx}{EI} + \int_6^4 \frac{-3x^2(-x) dx}{EI}$$

$$DB = \left\{ \frac{-3x^3}{4EI} \Big|_0^6 + \frac{-3x^4}{4EI} \Big|_6^4 \right.$$

Putting value of EI & I

$$= \frac{-3x^3}{2(200)(60 \times 10^6)} \Big|_0^6 + \frac{-3x^4}{4(200)(60 \times 10^6)} \Big|_6^4$$

$$= -4.5 \times 10^{-9} + (-1.28) \times 10^{-8}$$

$$DB = 5.76 \times 10^{-10} \text{ inch}$$

(7)
Slope :-

$$m + \frac{1}{9} x(6x_1) = 0$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{9} x(6x_2) = -\frac{2}{3} x^2$$

$$\text{So } \frac{\partial m_1}{\partial m_1} = 0$$

$$m_1' - m_2 = -\frac{1}{9} (x_2)(6+x_2)$$

$$m = -m' + 6x_2 + x_2^2$$

$$m = -m' + 3x^2 + \frac{x^2}{9}$$

$$\frac{\partial m_2}{\partial m_1} = -1$$

$$= \int_0^6 \frac{-3x^2}{EI} dx + \int_0^{10} \left(-2 + 6x^2 + \frac{x^2}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= 0 + \left(-x + \frac{6x^3}{3} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \Big|_0^{10} \left(\frac{1}{EI} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(200)(60 \times 10^6)} \left(-x + \frac{6x^3}{3} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \Big|_0^{10}$$

$$\boxed{\text{slope} = 4.125 \times 10^{-7} \text{ inch}}$$