IQRA NATIONAL UNIVERSITY SUBMITTED TO:SIR SAAD HAIDAR SUBJECT: BS ANESTHESIA NAME: MUHAMMAD KOIMAIL ID: 18180 SEC: B

Q.1

ANS: A: SIRSYED EDUCATIIONAL SERVICE:

Sir Syed Ahmed khan was the first muslim leader who realesd the importance of education for his people in the order of equip the muslim with the ornament of knowledge he opened the following educational institutions and societies which revelutioned the life of the muslim country.

1:Two modrossabs in murdabad (1858) and ghazi abad (1862) were opened which imported education in prison.

2:In (1862) sir syed ahmed khan laid the the foundation of scientific society which translated English works into urdu .

3:M.A.D high school Aligarh was founded in (1875).

4: In 1877, M.A,D high school was given the status of a college and inaugurated by viceroy lord lytten later on, the college become a university in 1920 A.D

B:SIRSYED AHMED KHAN POLITICAL SERVICES:

Sir syed ahmed khanwas eminent political figure and a great visionary he was renowed muslim reformer of the 19th century . he had dream to make the community and country advanced and take them forward on morden shapes .his main interest was intellectyual development of the people through modern education.

Q:2

IST PHASE 1947 TO 1958:

After the partition of india on midnight of 14 and 15 augest 1947 .pakistan followed the british system by creating the post of prime minister:

Based at the prime ministers ,secertrate,the governer general of Pakistan quaid –azam appointed liaqat ali khan to establish and lead hus administration on 15 august 1947 . before the presidential system in 1960 <7> nine minister had served between 1947 until marshallaw in 1985 by ayub khan.

GOVERNER GENRALS OF PAKISTAN:

Ist governer general:Quaid-e-azam 1947-1948

2nd governer general:Khwaja nazim uddin

3rd governer general: Ghulam Muhammad

Last governer general:sikandar mirza 1956

PRIME MINISTERS OF PAKISTAN:

Ist: liaqat ali khan 14 august -16-oct- 1951 2^{nd:} nazim uddin 17 oct 1951 --17 oct 1953 3rd: Muahammad ali bogra 17 april –12 aug 1955 4th: Chaudhary Muhammad ali 12 aug 1955-12 sep 1956 5th: Hussain shaheed shuharwardy 12 sep 1956- 17 oct 1957 6th: I.I Chandigarh 16 dec – 1957

Q:3

ANS: GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN:

GEOGHRAHICAL LOCATION:

Pakistan is located in the south asian it form the north west of subcontinent of indo Pakistan . it lies between the latitude of 23, 31 and 36, 45 north and between the longitude of 61,75 and 31 east . it is bounded to the the west by iron to the east by india to the north by afghanistan the south by arabian sea pakistan china 585 km. border with Afghanistan 2252 km and border with iron 805 km Pakistan

Area and population:

Pakistan cover area of 796096 km square population voice province

-balochistan

-punjab

-sindh

-kpk

Balochistan is largest province covering 43% of the total area where Punjab is 25% and sindh is 13% and kpk covering 13% at vthe time of population of the subcontinent 1947, the population of the area now forming population was only 3 crore and respect of population Pakistan is presently 7th most populated country

CLIMATE OF PAKISTAN:

Climate of Pakistan is extreme ,dry in base of climate condition

Cold wheather: December-march

Hot wheather: april-june

Monsoon wheather: july-sep

Post monsoon: oct – mid dec

COLD PLACES:

Kalam

Chitral down

Gilgat

HOT PLACES:

SIBHI

JICAB ABAD

HYDAR ABAD

THE END