

Answer # 1

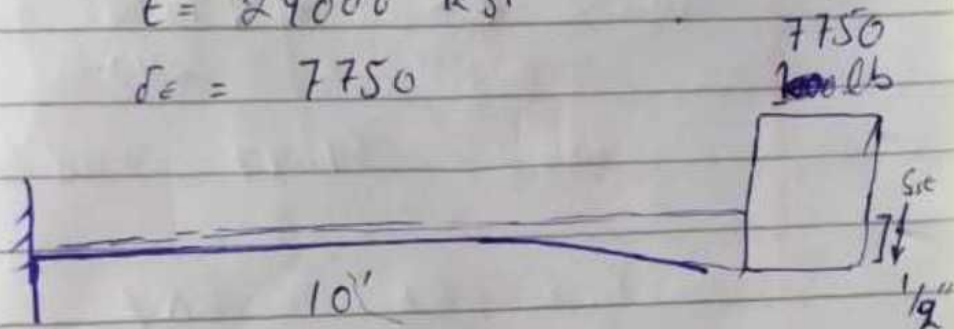
Given Data :-

$$\text{Deflection} = \frac{1}{2}''$$

$$I = 150 \text{ in}^4$$

$$E = 29000 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_c = 7750$$



Solution: The general E.O.M for SDOF system is.

$$kU + cU' + m\ddot{U} = P(t)$$

In our case system undamped ($c=0$)
under going free vibration $P(t)=0$

$$k = \frac{3EI}{L^3}$$

$$k = \frac{3 \times 29000 \times 150}{10 \times 12^3}$$

$$k = 7.55 \text{ k/in}$$

In order to eliminate the chance of mistake during calculation appropriate

$$k = 7.55 \text{ k/in} = 90625 \text{ lb/ft}$$

(2)

$$m = \frac{7750 \text{ lb sec}^2}{32.2}$$

$$m = 240.68 \text{ slug}$$

$$\omega_n = \frac{\sqrt{k}}{m} = \frac{\sqrt{96025}}{240.68}$$

$$\omega_n = 19.97 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$T_n = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_n} = \frac{2\pi}{19.97}$$

$$T_n = 0.31 \text{ sec}$$

Substituting

$$96025 U + 240.68 \ddot{U} = 0$$

where k is in lb/ft & m is $\text{lb sec}^2/\text{ft}^2$

General solution to EOM for

undamped free vibration.

$$U(t) = U(0) \cos(\omega_n t) + U'(0)/\omega_n \sin(\omega_n t)$$

$$U(0) = \frac{1}{2} \text{ in} = \frac{1}{24} \text{ ft} \quad \& \quad \ddot{U}(0) = 0$$

equivalent static force

$$F_s(t) = k \cdot u(t) = \frac{90625 \times \cos(19.97t)}{48}$$

$$F_s(t) = 1888 \cos(19.97t)$$

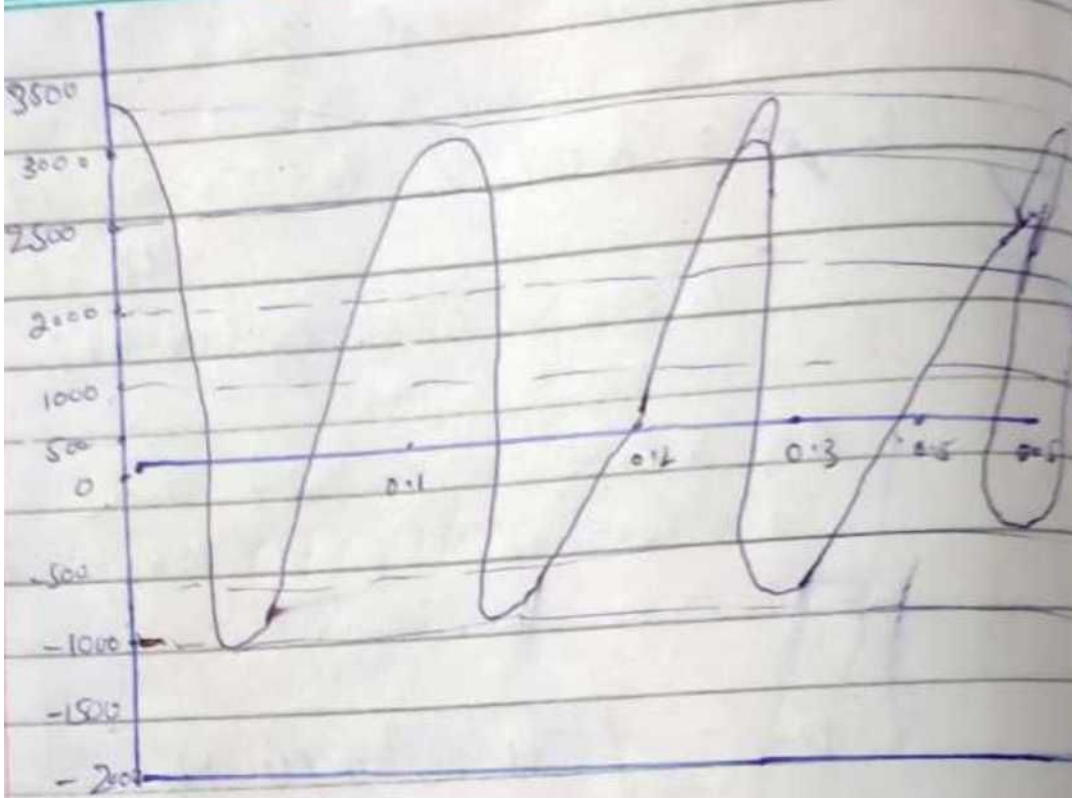
Amplitude of dynamic displacement, u_0 for undamped free vibration is

$$u_0 = \sqrt{(u(0))^2 + \left(\frac{\dot{u}(0)}{\omega_n}\right)^2}$$

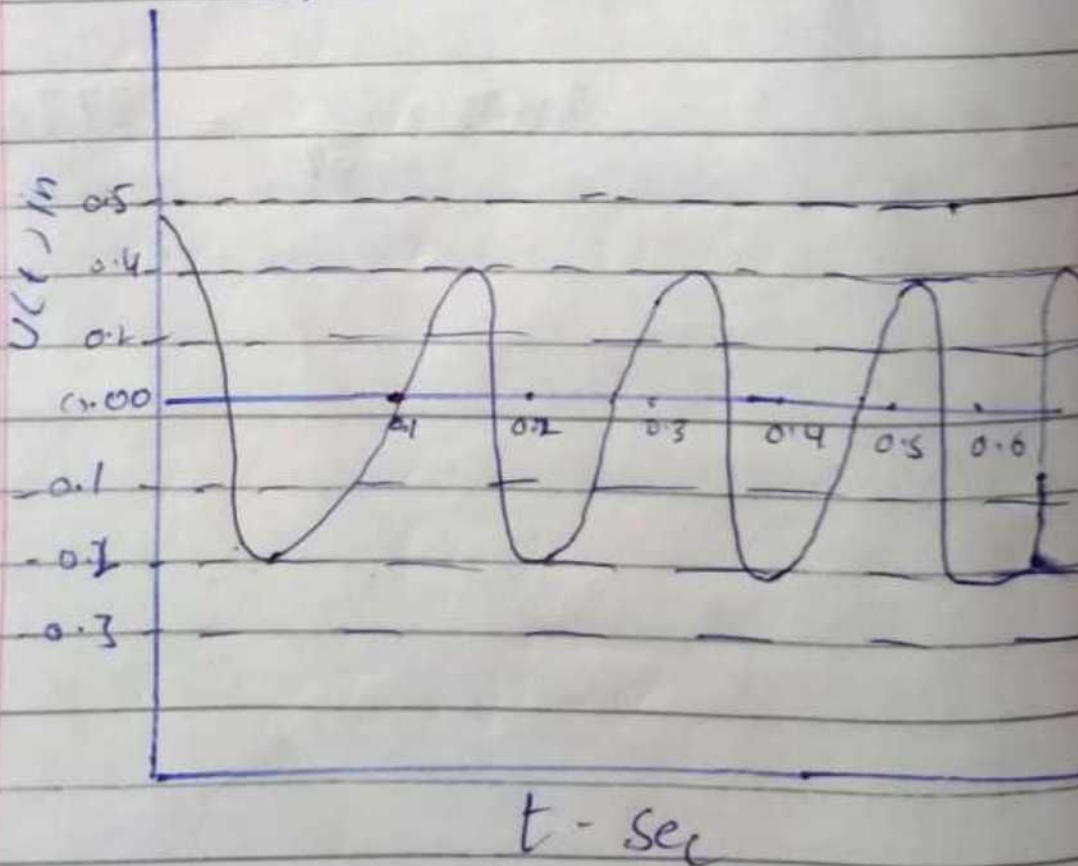
$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{7}{24}\right)^2 + 0} = \frac{1}{24} \text{ ft}$$

$$k u = 90625 \times \frac{1}{24} = 377606$$

Un damped Free Vibration



Un-damped Free Vib



Answer # 2

Solⁿ:

Given Data.

$$E = 29000 \text{ ksi}$$

$$I = 150 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\delta_{st} = 7750 \text{ lb}$$

$$\zeta = 2.5\%$$

Solⁿ:

E.O.M = for free vib

$$kx + L\dot{x} + m\ddot{x} = 0$$

$$k = 90625 \text{ lb/in} \quad \xi$$

$$m = 238.18 \text{ lb}$$

$$m = 240.68 \text{ lb}$$

$$c = \zeta = 2m\omega_n$$

$$= 0.025 \times (2 \times 240.68) (20.04)$$

$$c = 241.1 \text{ lb sec/in}$$

by substituting

$$kx + c\dot{x} + m\ddot{x} = 0$$

$$90625 + (240.68) + (240.68)$$

b

Sol: to the EOM for damped free
= vib.

$$u(t) = e^{-\zeta \omega_D t} \left[u(0) \cos(\omega_D t) + \frac{1}{\omega_D} (\dot{u}(0) + \zeta \omega_D u(0)) \sin(\omega_D t) \right]$$

$$\omega_D = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{90625}{240.68}}$$

$$\omega_D = 19.40 \text{ rad/sec}$$

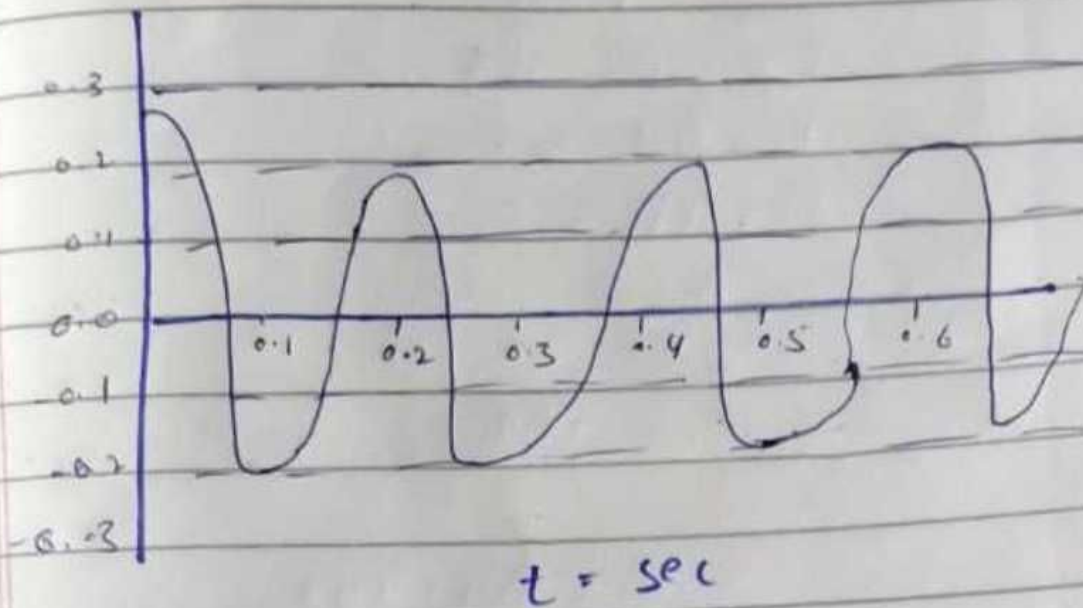
$$u(t) = e^{-0.025 \times 19.40} \left[\frac{1}{24} \times \cos(19.40) + (0.05136) \times \right. \\ \left. 0 + \frac{1}{24} \times 0.025 \sin(19.40) \right]$$

$$u(t) = e^{-0.4875} \left[0.041667 \times \cos(19.40) + 0.001041 \sin(19.40) \right]$$

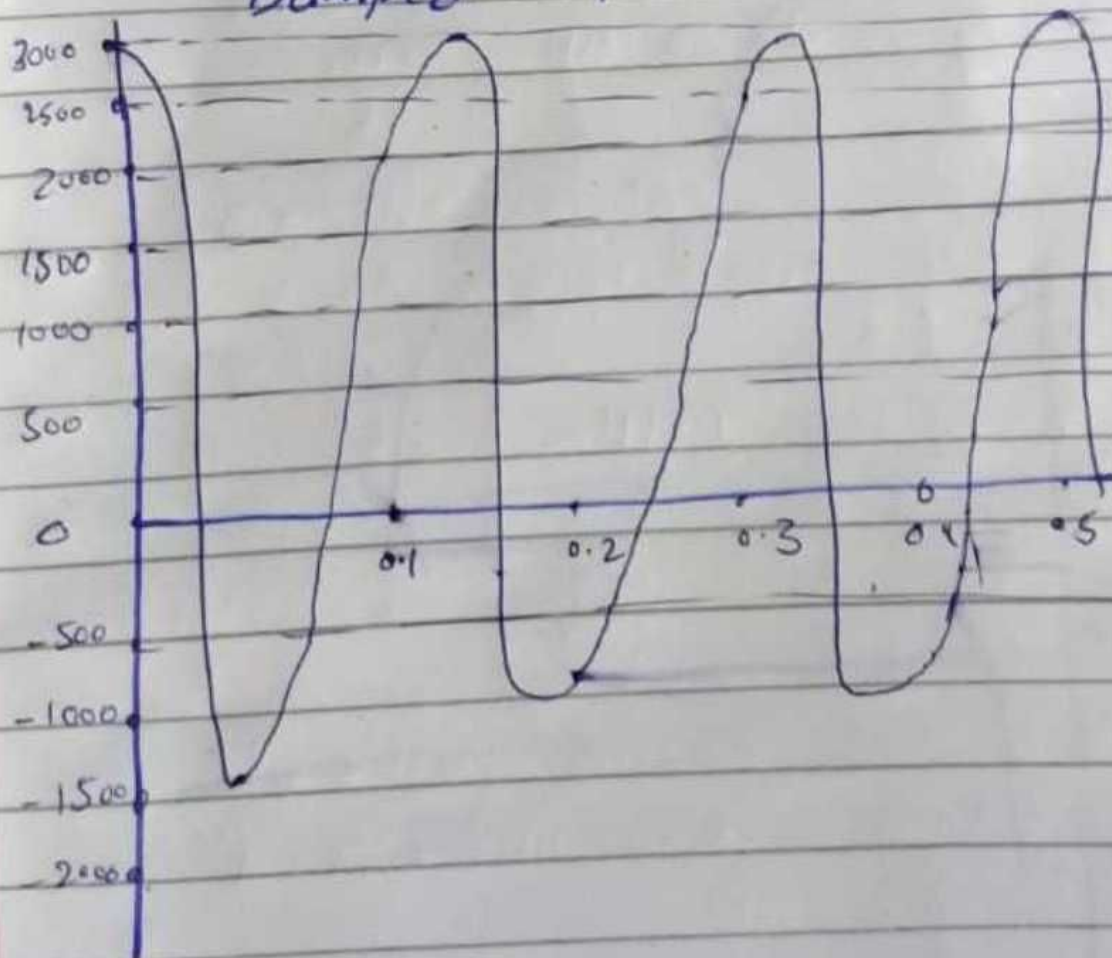
$$F_{st} = k u(t) = 90625 \times u(t)$$

$$F_s(t) = e^{-0.4875} \left[3771 \cos(19.47) + 94.34 \sin(19.40) \right]$$

Damped free vib



Damped free vib



(Answer # 3)

Given Data :-

$$\text{Force} = 60 \text{ lbf}$$

$$\text{Horizontal displace} = \frac{10}{1000} = \frac{7750}{1000} = 7.75 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Cycle} = 7$$

$$\text{time} = 3.57 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{amplitude displacement} = 2.286 \text{ cm} = 0.9 \text{ in}$$

(1) Damping ratio $\xi = ?$
 $\xi = ?$

$$j = 7, \quad U_{j+1} = U_8 = 2.286$$

$$U_1 = 7.75 \text{ in}$$

$$\Rightarrow 7 = \frac{1}{2\pi\xi} \ln \left(\frac{U_1}{U_{j+1}} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 7 = \frac{1}{2\pi\xi} \ln \left(\frac{7.75}{0.9} \right)$$

$$7 = \frac{1}{2\pi\xi} (2.15)$$

$$\frac{2\pi\xi \cdot 7}{2\pi \cdot 7} = \frac{2.15}{2\pi \cdot 7}$$

$$\xi = 0.04 = 4.88\%$$

(b) Natural Period of un-damped vibration = ?

Solution:-

$$T_n = ?$$

For T_n 7 cycle of vib are complete in time 3.57 sec

Time required to complete one cycle $\frac{3.57}{7} = T_D$

$$T_D = 0.51 \text{ sec}$$

now

$$\omega_D = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$2\pi / \omega_D = 2\pi / (\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2})$$

$$T_D = \frac{T_n}{\sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}}$$

$$T_n = T_D \times \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$T_0 = 0.51 \text{ sec}$$

$$T_n = 0.51 \times \sqrt{1 - (0.04)^2}$$

$$T_n = 0.51 \times 0.99$$

$$T_n = 0.51 \text{ sec}$$

c) Stiffness of structure.

$$k = \frac{60 \times \cos(60^\circ)}{2} = 15 \text{ k/in} = 15000 \text{ lb/in}$$

d) Inflight of tank = ?

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{k}{W/g}} = \sqrt{\frac{k \cdot g}{W}}$$

$$\omega_n^2 = k \cdot g / W$$

$$\text{Also } \omega_n = 2\pi / T_n$$

$$\Rightarrow W = \frac{k \cdot g}{\omega_n^2} = \frac{k \cdot g \cdot T_n^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$W = \frac{100000 \text{ lb}}{71} \times \frac{2.2271 \text{ Sec}^2 (0.51)^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$W = 74875 \text{ lb} = 74.9 \text{ k}$$

e Damping coefficient = ?

$c = ?$
its know that

$$\gamma = \frac{c}{2m\omega_n}$$

$$c = \gamma \times 2m\omega_n = \gamma \times 2m \times (2\pi/T_n)$$

$$c = 0.04 \times 4 \times \pi \left(\frac{74275}{22.2} \right)$$

0.51

$$c = 3122.97 \text{ lbs} \quad 1455.3 \text{ lb/ft/s}$$

(7) No of cycle to reduce displacement amplitude 7.75 in to 0.5"

solution:

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi\gamma} \ln \left[\frac{y_1}{y_{j+1}} \right]$$

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 0.04} \ln \left[\frac{7.75}{0.5} \right]$$

$$j = 3.97 \ln \left[\frac{7.75}{0.5} \right]$$

$$j = 10.88$$

$j = 11$ cycle.

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Sec A

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