

Date: 30/11/2020

(1)

ID : 18268

NAME : MAABZ ALI
Department : DPT 1st
I'D : 18268
Paper : Pak Study

Q 1:

ANSWER:

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan for the Aligarh movement a systemic movement aimed at reforming the social, political and educational aspects of the muslims community. he founded the Scientific Society in 1863 to translate major works in the sciences and modern arts into urdu. he released two journals @ his end - the Aligarh Institute Gazette, which was an organ of the Scientific Society, and the Tezhibul Akhlaq, known as Mohammadan Social

Date: 30/1/2020

(2)

18268

Referencer in english. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's most notable contribution to the field of education is establishing the Aligarh Muslim University, now known as the Aligarh Muslim University, a premier educational institution of the country. He attempted to model the College on universities such as Oxford and Cambridge. His work on Muslim education was not limited to this alone. He wanted to create a network of educational institutions managed by Muslims and founded the All India Muslim Educational Conference.

- He founded Scientific Society in Ghazipur in 1863.
- He opened School in Ghazipur in 1864.
- He opened School in Muradabad in 1859.

Date: 30/11/2020

(3)

18268

- He set up Muhammadan Anglo Oriental School in Aligarh on 24 May 1875.
- He also set up Muhammadan Educational Conference in 1866 to raise the standards of education.

Goals :-

To remove the state of tension between the muslim and british government.

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
Indice men to get jobs and other facilities under men the new government.

Two Nation Theory :-

Two nation theory formed the basis of the partition of India and the creation of Pakistan in 1947. The theory simply states that muslims and hindus of South Asia are two different nations based

01/11/2020

(4)

18268

Their contrasting and incompatible
lightens, this theory implied two
ble scenarios for Muslims
India one for the Colonial
rule ended, while the
differences in the lifestyles
of Hindus and Muslims
had been identified by writers
Such as al-Biruni as early
as the 10th century, it wasn't
until the 19th century the idea
of two nations was brought
into the popular discourse.

Date: 20/11/2020

(5)

18268

Q No (2) :-

Political Phase 1947

to 1958 :-

On the mid night of 14 and 15 August 1947, the British Pakistan System was followed by the creation of the post of prime minister. Quaid-e-azam Jinnah established Liaqat Ali Khan's administration on 15 August 1947. Before the presentation of the 1960 "7th" prime minister had served between 1947 until martial law by Ayub Khan.

Governing general of Pakistan :-

1st Governor general of Pakistan

general

Date: 30/11/2020

(6)

186268

Qaid-e-azam (1947-1948)

Second general Nazim-u-din

third general ghulam muhammad (1951-1955)

last general Sikandar mirza (1956-1958)

president Sikandar mirza

Prime minister of Pakistan:-

① First Liaqat ali Khan (11 aug. oct 1951)

② Second Nazim-u-din (17 - oct - 1951 17 - oct - 1953)

③ 3rd Muhammad ali bhograh (17 April 12 aug. 1955)

④ 4th Chaudhary muhammad ali (12 - Sep - 1956 17 - oct -)

Q. No. 3 (b)

(7)

18x68

- Hukim Shahed Saharwady
12 - Sep - 1956 - 17 - Oct - 1957.
- Ibrahim Ismail Chandigar
elected as prime minister of
in 1957.
- Faqir Khan Wali elected as the
second prime minister of
Pakistan in 1957 by
Iskander Ali Mirza.
- He was dismissed in 1958.

Q. No (3) :-

ANSWER:

Geo-graphy of Pakistan :-

Pakistan is located in South
Asian in form the north west
of Subcontinent of Indo Pakistan.

Date: 30/11/2020

(8)

18268

GI lies between latitude of
64° 75' and 31° east GI is
abandoned abounded in west by
Iran. It is east by India
It is north by Afghanistan.
which is called the Tropic of
the South by Arabia Sea
Pakistan border with India 1610k
border.

Climate of Pakistan:

Climate of Pakistan is extreme)
dry in base of climate
condition.

Cloud weather - December - March
hot weather - April - September
monsoon weather - July - September
post monsoon - October - mid September