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Subject : Numerical Analysis

Question no 1

Solution

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$$

$$y(0) = 1$$

$$h = 0.1$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 5$$

Euler Method

$$y_1 = y_0 + hf(x_0, y_0)$$

$$= 1 + 0.1 f(0, 1)$$

$$= 1 + 0.1(0)$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0 = 1$$

$$y_2 = y_1 + hf(x_1, y_1)$$

$$= 1 + 0.1 f(0.1, 1)$$

$$= 1 + (0.1)(0.2)$$

$$= 1 + 0.02$$

$$y_2 = 1.02$$

$$y_3 = y_2 + hf(x_2, y_2)$$

$$= 1.02 + 0.1 f(0.2, 1.02)$$

$$= 1.02 + 0.1(0.4)$$

$$= 1.02 + 0.04$$

$$y_4 = y_3 + hf(x_3, y_3)$$

$$= 1.06 + 0.1 f(0.3, 1.06)$$

$$= 1.06 + 0.1(0.6)$$

$$y_4 = 1.12$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_5 &= y_4 + hf(x_4, y_4) \\
 &= 1.12 + 0.1 f(0.4, 1.12) \\
 &= 1.12 + 0.1(0.8)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_5 = 1.2$$

~~y(0.5)~~

By Improve Euler Method

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_{m+1} &= y_m + hf(x_m + \frac{1}{2}h, y_m + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_m, y_m)) \\
 &= f(x_0, y_0) = f(0, 1) = 0 \\
 &= x_0 + \frac{1}{2}h = 0 + \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.05
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_0 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_0, y_0) = 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} \times 0 = 1$$

$$f(x_0 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_0 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_0, y_0)) = f(0.05, 1) = 0.1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 = y_1 &= y_0 + hf(x_0 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_0 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_0, y_0)) = \\
 &1 + 0.1 \times 0.1 = 1.01
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x_1, y_1) = f(0.1, 1.01) = 0.2$$

$$x_1 + \frac{1}{2}h = 0.1 + \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.15$$

$$y_1 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_1, y_1) = 1.01 + \frac{0.1}{2} \times 0.2 = 1.02$$

$$f + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_1, y_1) = 1.01 + \frac{0.1}{2} \times 0.2 = 1.02$$

$$f(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_1 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_1, y_1)) = f(0.15, 1.02) = 0.3$$

$$= y_2 = y_1 + hf(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_1 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_1, y_1)) = 1.01 + 0.1 \times 0.3$$

$$= 1.04$$

$$f(x_2, y_2) = f(0.2, 1.04) = 0.4$$

$$x_2 + \frac{1}{2}h = 0.2 + \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.25$$

$$y_2 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_2, y_2) = 1.04 + \frac{0.1}{2} \times 0.4 = 1.06$$

$$f(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_2 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_2, y_2)) = f(0.25, 1.06) = 0.5$$

$$0.1 = 1.01$$

$$= y_3 = y_2 + hf(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_2 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_2, y_2)) = 1.04 + 0.1 \times 0.5 = 1.09$$

$$f(x_3, y_3) = f(0.3, 1.09) = 0.6$$

$$x_3 + \frac{1}{2}h = 0.3 + \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.35$$

$$y_3 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_3, y_3) = 1.09 + \frac{0.1}{2} \times 0.6 = 1.12$$

$$f(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_3 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_3, y_3)) = f(0.35, 1.12) = 0.7$$

$$y_4 = y_3 + hf(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_3 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_3, y_3)) = 1.09 + 0.1 \times 0.7 = 1.16$$

$$f(x_4, y_4) = f(0.4, 1.16) = 0.8$$

$$x_4 + \frac{1}{2}h = 0.4 + \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.45$$

$$y_4 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_4, y_4) = 1.16 + \frac{0.1}{2} \times 0.8 = 1.2$$

$$f(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_4 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_4, y_4)) = f(0.45, 1.2) = 0.9$$

$$y_5 = y_4 + hf(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}h, y_4 + \frac{1}{2}hf(x_4, y_4)) = 1.16 + 0.1 \times 0.9 = 1.25$$

$$y(0.5) = 1.25$$

Q2

Given data:

$$y=0, x=0, h=0.2, 0 \leq x \leq 0.6$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + k$$

Let Integration

$$n=0$$

$$y_1 = y_0 + k = k = \frac{1}{6}(k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)$$

$$k_1 = hf(x_n, y_n)$$

$$k_1 = h(x_0^2 - x_0 - y_0)$$

$$k_1 = 0.2(0^2 - 0 - 0)$$

$$\boxed{k_1 = 0}$$

$$k_2 = hf\left(x_0 + \frac{h}{2}, y_0 + \frac{h}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2 f\left(x_0 + \frac{h}{2}, y_0 + \frac{h}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2 f\left(0 + \frac{0.2}{2}, 0 + \frac{0.2}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2 f(0.1, 0.1)$$

$$= 0.2(0.1^2 + 0.1 - 0.1)$$

$$\boxed{k_2 = 0.0020}$$

$$k_3 = hf(x_{n+h}, y_{n+k_2})$$

$$= 0.2 f\left(\frac{0+0.2}{2}, \frac{0+0.002}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2 f(0.1, 0.001)$$

$$= 0.2(0.1^2 + 0.1 - 0.001)$$

$$\boxed{k_3 = 0.0218}$$

$$k_4 = hf(x_{n+h}, y_{n+k_3})$$

$$= 0.2 f(0+0.2, 0+0.218)$$

$$= 0.2 f(0.2, 0.0218)$$

$$= 0.2(0.2^2 + 0.2 - 0.0218)$$

$$\boxed{k_4 = 0.0436}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{6}(0 + 2(0.002) + 2(0.0218) + 0.0436)$$

$$k = 0.0152$$

$$y_1 = 0 + 0.0152$$

$$\boxed{y_1 = 0.0152}$$

Q₃

@ Solution

Given Data:

$$a = 0$$

$$b = 10$$

$$n = 10$$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{10-0}{10} = 1$$

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| | 10.1 | 17.2 | 24.4 | 34.6 | 41.2 | 50.9 | 57.8 | 60.3 | 61.2 | 62.1 | |
| | | | | 29.2 | | | | | | | |

Using formula

$$\int f(x) dx = \frac{h}{2} [f(x_0) + 2(f(x_1) + f(x_2) + f(x_3) \dots f(x_9) + f(x_{10}))]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [10.1 + 2(17.2 + 24.4 + 29.2 + 34.6 + 41.2 + 50.9 + 57.8 + 60.3 + 62.1)]$$

$$= 412.9 \text{ Ans}$$

$$Q4 \int_2^3 \ln(x^3+1) dx$$

use 10 strips

$$S8 = n = 10$$

$$h = \frac{3-2}{10} = 0.1$$

| | x_0 | x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | x_4 | x_5 | x_6 | x_7 |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| $f(x)$ | 0.693 | 0.846 | 1.003 | 1.162 | 1.320 | 1.476 | 1.628 | 1.777 |

| | x_8 | x_9 |
|--------|-------|-------|
| x | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| $f(x)$ | 1.922 | 2.062 |

Now using formula

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \frac{h}{3} \left[f(x_0) + 4(f(x_1) + f(x_3) + \dots) + 2(f(x_2) + \dots) + f(x_n) \right]$$

$$\frac{0.1}{3} \left[0.693 + 4(0.846 + 1.162 + 1.476 + 1.777) + 2(1.003 + 1.320 + 1.628 + 1.922) + 2.062 \right]$$

$$= 1.184 \text{ Ans.}$$