

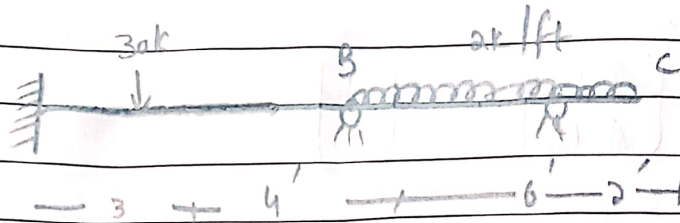
M T W T F S

H/W - C/W

Dated:...../...../20.....

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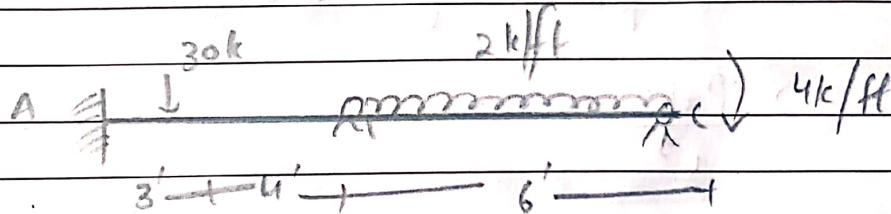


Set 1.

Determining Kinetic Intermediately.

$$K \cdot l = 5''$$

So we have to reduce the extended position

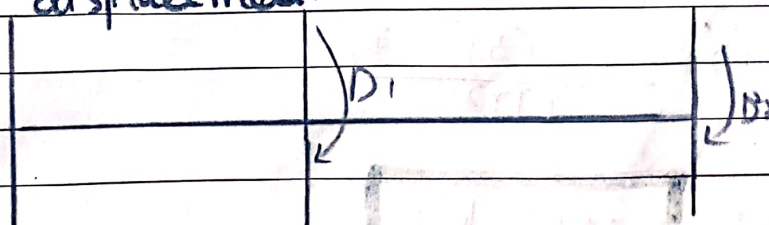


$$\rightarrow 2(2) = 4k/ft$$

Now - $K \cdot l = 2''$

Step: 2

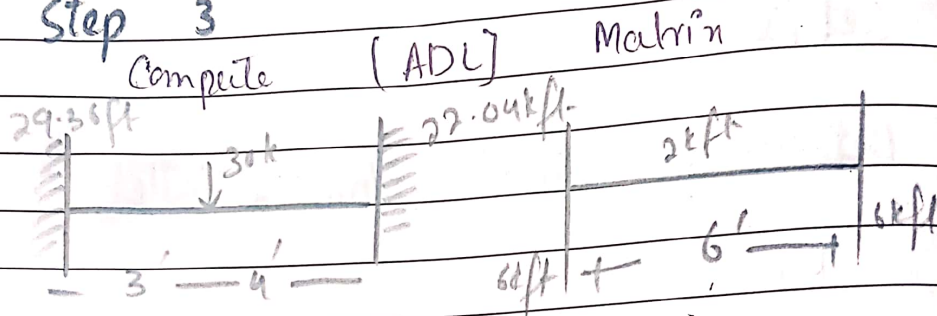
Determine unknown joint displacement



$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A D_1 \\ A D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 3



= fa pointed land (not at mid)
for left end

$$\Rightarrow \frac{P_{ab}^2}{L^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(30)(3)(4)^2}{(7)^3}$$

$$= \boxed{29.38 \text{ k ft}}$$

For Right End.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{P_{a^2b}}{L^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(30)(3)^2(4)}{(7)^3}$$

$$= \boxed{22.04 \text{ k ft}}$$

→ For UDL

$$\rightarrow \frac{WL^2}{12} \rightarrow \frac{(2)(6)^2}{12} = 6 \text{ kft}$$

$$ADL_1 = +22.04 - 6 = 16.04 \text{ kft}$$

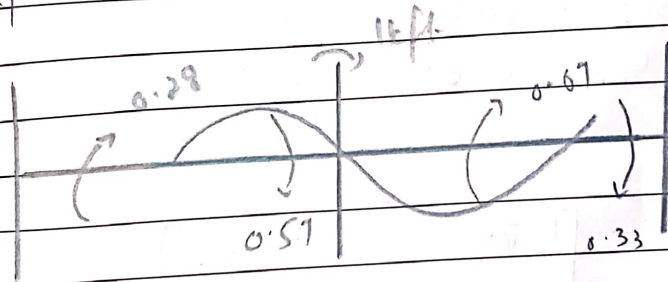
$$ADL_2 = 6 \text{ kft}$$

step 4

Compute (S) Matrix

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

a) $D_1 = 11 \text{ k}$, $D_2 = 0$



$$12 \text{ ft} \quad 6 \text{ ft}$$

$$\frac{4EI}{7} = 0.57 \quad \left| \quad \frac{2EI}{6} = 0.33$$

$$\frac{4EI}{6} = 0.67 \quad \left| \quad \frac{2EI}{7}$$

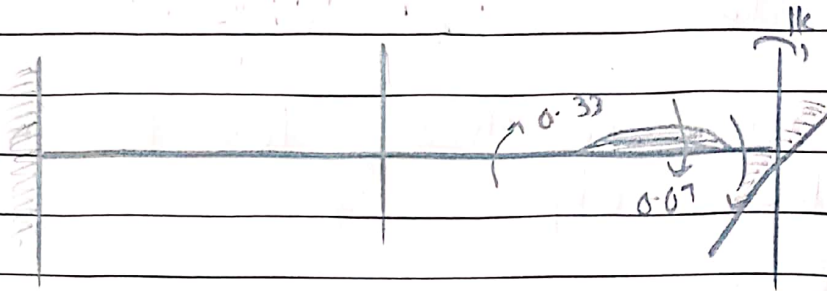
$$S_{11} = 0.57 + 0.67$$

$$= 12.4 \text{ EA}$$

$$S_{21} = 0.33EI$$

$$b \quad D_1 = 0$$

$$D_2 = 1k$$



$$\frac{4EI}{6} = 0.67$$

$$\frac{2EI}{6} = 0.33$$

$$S_{12} = 0.33$$

$$S_{22} = 0.67$$

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1.24 & 0.33 \\ 0.33 & 0.67 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step: 5

Compute (D) Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ A_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ADL_1 \\ ADL_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I - A = \begin{bmatrix} 1.24 & 0.33 \\ 0.33 & 0.67 \end{bmatrix} \quad \times \text{Adj } A \times \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|S| = (1.24 \times 0.67) - (0.33 \times 0.33)$$

$$= 0.8308 - 0.1089$$

$$|S| = 0.7219$$

$$\text{Adj } A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.67 & -0.33 \\ -0.33 & 1.24 \end{bmatrix}$$

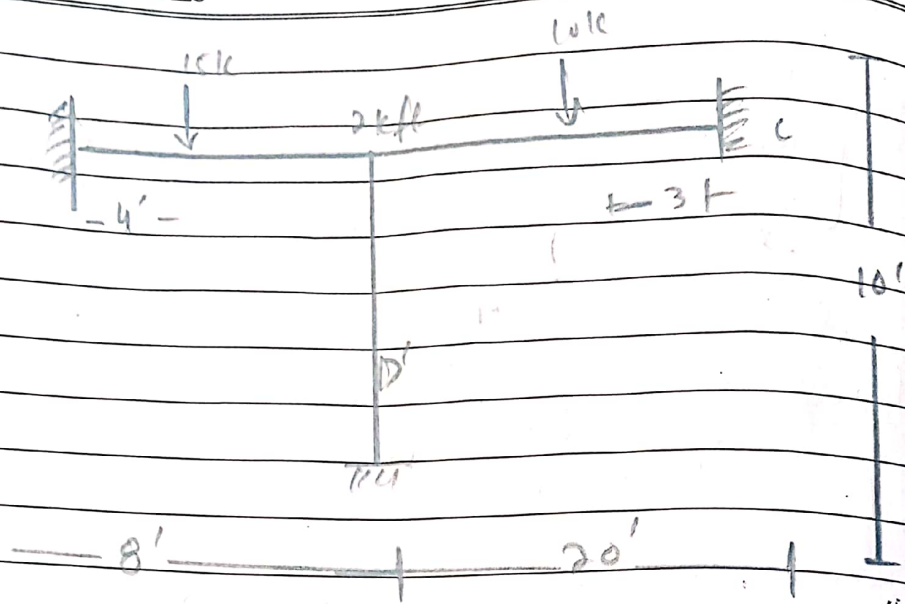
~~Adj A~~ =
Now

$$\begin{bmatrix} AD_1 - AD_{L1} \\ AD_2 - AD_{L2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 - 16.04 \\ 4 - 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -16.04 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} E$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.67 & -0.33 \\ -0.33 & 1.24 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 16.04 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0.7219$$

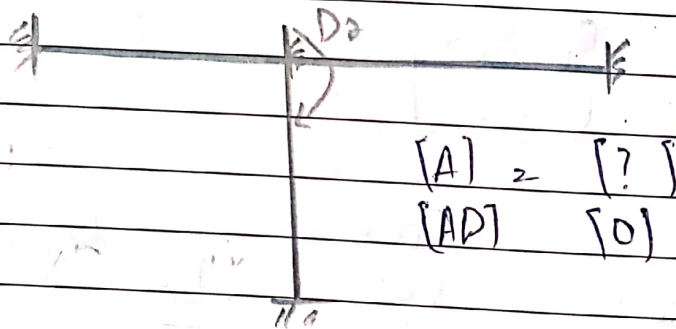


Step 1

Determine Kinetic Indeterminacy
 $K.I = I^0$

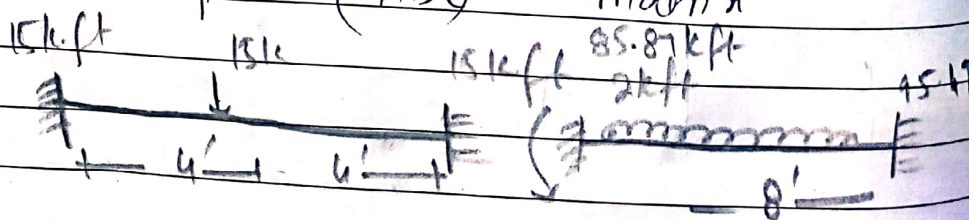
Step: 2

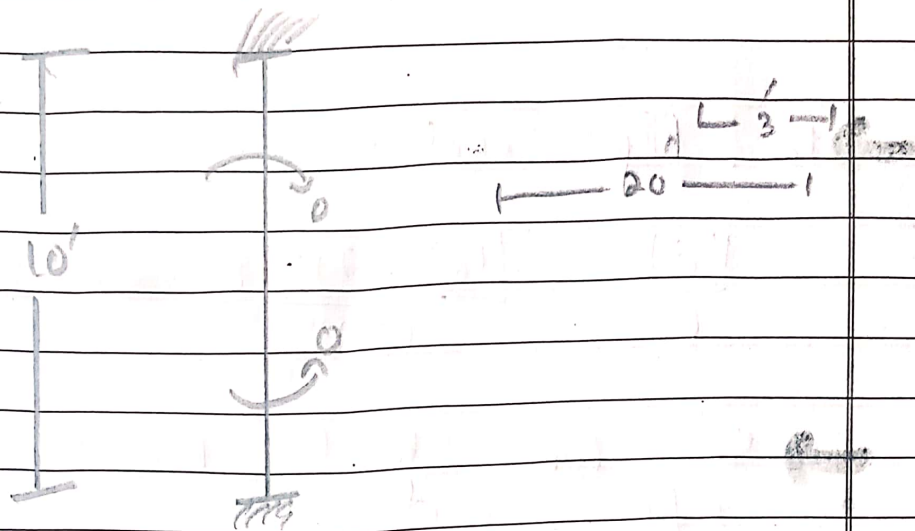
Determine unknown Joint Displacement



Step: 3

Compute (ADU) Matrix





→ Point load at center

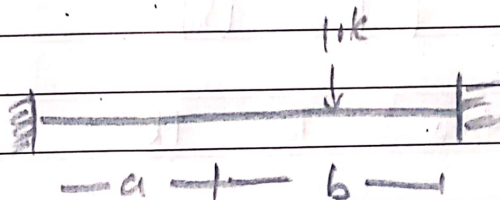
$$\frac{PL}{8} = \frac{(15)(8)}{8} = 15 \text{ kip ft}$$

→ uniformly Distributed load

$$\frac{WL^2}{12} \rightarrow \frac{2(20)^2}{12} = 66.67 \text{ kft}$$

→ Point load (Not at mid.)

Suppose



→ For left end

$$\frac{Pab^2}{L^2} \rightarrow \frac{10(12)(8)^2}{(20)^2} = 19.2 \text{ kft}$$

→ For Right end

$$\frac{Pa^2b}{L^2} = \frac{(10)(12)^2(8)}{(20)^2} = 28.8 \text{ kft}$$

→ So the total moment at left end

$$19.2 + 66.67 = 85.87 \text{ kft}$$

→ Similarly at Right end

$$28.8 + 66.67 = 95.47 \text{ kft}$$

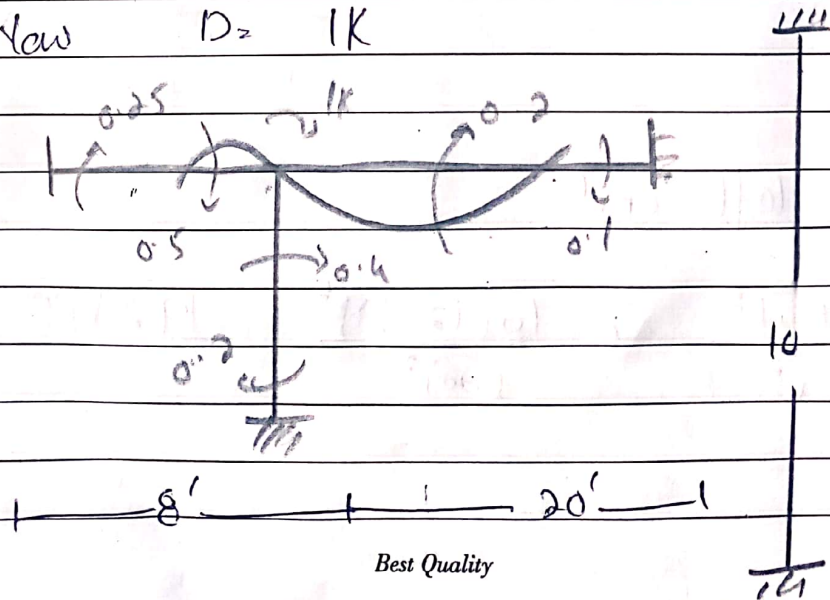
$$\text{So } [ADL] = -85.87 + 15$$

Step : 4

Determine [S] matrix

$$[S] = [S_{ij}]$$

Now $D = IK$



$$\rightarrow \frac{4EI}{8} = 0.5$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{4EI}{20} = 0.2$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{4EI}{10} = 0.4$$

$$[S] = (0.5 + 0.4 + 0.2)EI$$

$$= 1.1EI$$

$$[S] = 1.1EI$$

Step 5:

Compute (D) matrix

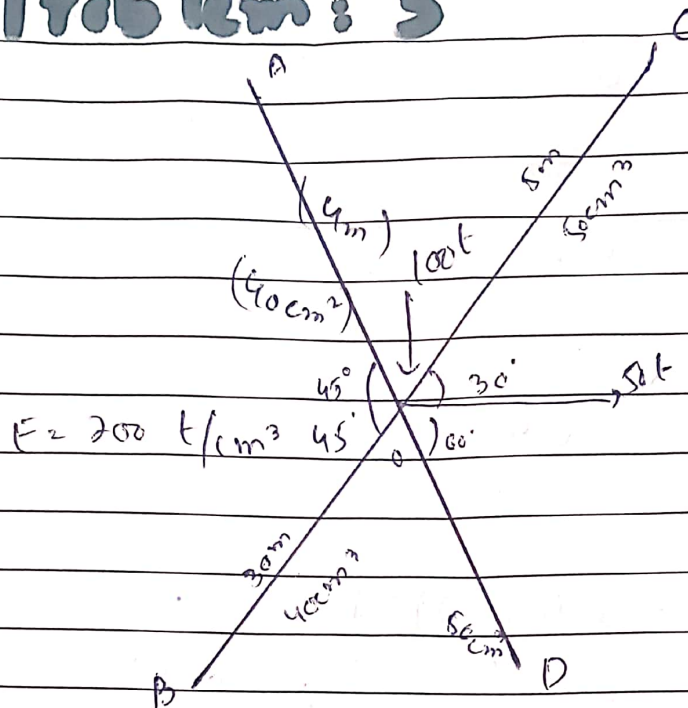
$$[D] = [S]^{-1} \times [AD] - [ADL]$$

$$= \frac{1}{1.1} \times [0] - [-70.87]$$

$$= \frac{70.87}{1.1}$$

$$[D] = 64.427$$

Problem: 3



Sol:

For A:

$$\sin 45^\circ = \frac{p}{h} = \frac{p}{4}$$

$$p = 2.828 \text{ m}$$

$$\cos 45^\circ = \frac{b}{4}$$

$$b = 2.828 \text{ m}$$

For B:

$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{p}{h}$$

$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{p}{h}$$

$$h = 5$$

$$p = 2.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{b}{5}$$

$$b = 4.33 \text{ m}$$

Now

$$EA_{(A)} = 20200 \times 40 = 809000 \text{ t}$$

$$EA_{(B)} = 20200 \times 40 = 809000 \text{ t}$$

$$EA_{(C)} = 20200 \times 50 = 1009000 \text{ t}$$

$$EA_{(D)} = 20200 \times 50 = 1009000 \text{ t}$$

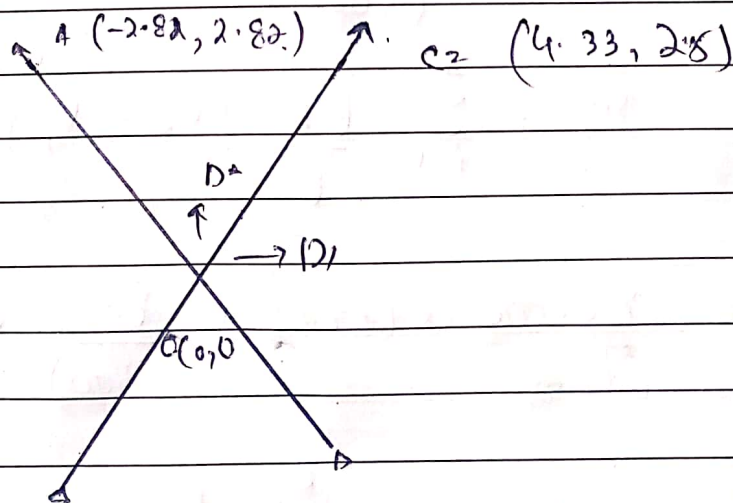
Step 1: K-I

$$K \cdot I = \Delta_j - \gamma$$

$$\rightarrow -2(5) - 8 = \Delta^\circ$$

Step 2:

Select unknown joint displacement



$$B (-2.12, 2.12)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} AD_1 \\ AD_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ -100 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 03

$$[AMD]_{4 \times 2} \quad \epsilon_1 [S]_{2 \times 2}$$

i) $D_1 = 1, \quad D_2 = 0$

$$AMD_{11} = \frac{80,000 \times (0 + 282)}{(400)^2} = 141$$

$$AMD_{12} = \frac{80,000 \times (0 + 212)}{(300)^2} = 188.44$$

$$AMD_{21} = \frac{100,000 \times (0 - 200)}{(400)^2} = -125$$

$$AMD_{22} = \frac{100,000 \times (0 - 433)}{(500)^2} = -173.2$$

$$\text{Now } S_{11} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{EP}{L^3} (x_i - x_j)^2$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{80,000 \times (282)^2}{(400)^3} + \frac{80,000 \times (212)^2}{(300)^3} +$$

$$\frac{100,000 \times (100)^2}{(400)^3} + \frac{100,000 \times (-433)^2}{(500)^3}$$

$$S_{11} = 99.405 + 133.107 + 149.991 + 62.5$$

$$S_{11} = 445.003$$

$$S_{12} = S_{21} = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{EA}{L^3} x (x_2 - x_1) (y_k - y_i)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{80,000}{(400)^3} x (282) (-282) + \frac{80,000}{(300)^3} x (212) (212)$$

$$+ \frac{100,000}{(500)^3} x (-433) (0 - 250) + \frac{100,000}{(400)^3} x (-200) (2 + 346)$$

$$S_{12} = S_{21} = 12.837$$

ii) D_{120} $D_{11} = 1k'$

$$AMD = \frac{EA}{L^2} (y_k - y_j)$$

$$AMD_{10} = \frac{80,000}{(400)^2} (-282) = -141$$

$$AMD_{22} = \frac{80,000}{(300)^2} (212) = 188.44$$

$$AMD_{32} = \frac{100,000 (-250)}{500^2} = -100$$

$$AMD_{42} = \frac{100,000 (346)}{400^2} = 216.25$$

$$S_{22} = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{EA}{L^3} (y_k - y_j)^2$$

$$\frac{80,000 (-282)^2}{(400)^3} + \frac{80,000 (212)^2}{(300)^3} +$$

$$\frac{100,000 (-250)^2}{(500)^3} + \frac{(1,00,000) (346)^2}{(400)^3}$$

$$S_{22} = 469.628$$

Step 4

$$[D] = [S]^{-1} \times [AD]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 445.063 & 12.37 \\ 12.237 & 469.628 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \times \begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ -100 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D_1 \\ D_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1183 \\ -0.216 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step: 6 (AM)

$$\begin{bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 141 & -141 \\ 188.44 & 188.44 \\ -173.2 & -100 \\ -125 & 216.55 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.1183 \\ -0.216 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 141 \times 0.1183 + (-141) \times (-0.216) \\ 188.44 \times 0.1183 + 188.44 \times (-0.216) \\ -173.2 \times 0.1183 + (-100) \times (-0.216) \\ -125 \times 0.1183 + 216.55 \times (-0.216) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ MA_3 \\ AM_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.68 & + & 30.46 \\ 22.29 & - & 40.70 \\ -20.49 & + & 21.6 \\ -14.79 & - & -46.71 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} AM_1 \\ AM_2 \\ AM_3 \\ AM_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 47.136t \\ -18.413t \\ 1.11t \\ -61.498t \end{bmatrix}$$

