

NAME :- SULMAIN KHAN

Id :- 14518

SUBJECT :- PAK STUDIES

TEACHER :- BENISH SHUJA.

Q. No. - 1 CHINA as a strategic  
threat partner or an emerging economic  
threat to Pakistan.

Ans) The strategic partnership b/w  
Pakistan and China was not built  
in a day, however, there's  
decades old struggle & leaderships  
from both sides that have made  
possible. For Pakistan, China holds a  
very important position in its  
foreign policy outlook especially in its  
building of strategic partnership with  
China is strong pillar towards  
Pakistan's quest for dealing with  
its regional insecurities. This  
fragile environment especially the

Indian threat to Pakistan. China has always stood firm with Pakistan & provided assistance to build a robust defence mechanism. The China - Pakistan partnership is momentous in the south asia and larger Eurasian region Political milieu. India has reman as one of common factor that has further brought together to build together the strategic ties including co-operation in the defense cooperation, military to military contacts & other multidimension horizons of co-operations blw Pakistan & china. China also provided technological & defence production assistance

to Pakistan as well including being the largest defense equipment supplier apart from assisting building the two important nuclear reactors of Pakistan.

The strategic alliance is also manifested from the regular military exercises b/w Pakistan & China. Pakistan & China support their regional outlook as well. with recent India & Pakistan conflict. China lauded Pakistan efforts. Thus China is not an economic threat to Pakistan

Q No 2) Write down period of Ayub Khan?

Ans 2) PERIOD OF AYUB KHAN  
(1958 - 1969)

Muhammad Ayub Khan on 7<sup>th</sup> October 1958. President Iskander Mirza abrogated the constitution and declared Martial law in the country.

October 27 1958. Ayub Declared himself President of Pakistan

EARLY ISSUES OF AYUB ERA

- 1) Rejection of strict laws of dictatorship.

- 2) Unbalance diplomatic policies.
- 3) Weaker economy of Country.
- 4) Lack of weapons & Technology.
- 5) Social disparities
- 6) Crisis of Sugar.
- 7) Failure of Import policies.
- 8) Hatred of east Pakistan.

## POLICIES ADOPTED BY AUNG KHAN.

Introduction of monetary policy (1958-1959).

Introduction of Bonus voucher scheme

Liberal concessions from Government.

# POLICIES ADOPTED BY AYUB KHAN

## FIVE YEAR PLAN FOR THE ECONOMY OF PAKISTAN:-

This plan gives high priority to agriculture heavy industrial development and science. This plan gives Pakistan an increase income of 20% & the growth rate increased from 1.43% to 5.1%. Other reasons for the country economy increment was Korean War proved to be a highly factor.

## OTHER ISSUES

SINDH TASS TREATY (1960):-

A treaty

signed by India Pakistan in Karachi to resolve issues of river Subcontinent.

Constitution of Pakistan (1962)  
Some special features of this Constitution are as follow:-

- 1) This constitution of 1962 consist of 250 sections and 3 schedule.
- 2) Pakistan was declared Democratic Islamic Republic.
- 3) Urdu & Bengali were declared two National languages.

INDUSTRIALIZATION IN PAKISTAN  
Ayub Khan's period is known for industrialization in the country



He created environment where the private sector was encouraged to establish medium and small-scale industries in Pakistan. This opened up avenues for new job opportunities and thus economic growth of the country.

### 1965 WAR.

- 1) Pakistan Army started operation in Gibraltar in Kashmir & in the reaction of this. Indian Army attacked Pakistan.
- 2) Pakistan Army won the war by giving many sacrifices.

### TASHKAND TREATY :-

This treaty

was signed by Ayub Khan & Indian Prime minister. The aim of this treaty is to ceasefire in 1965 war. Pakistan President Ayub Khan ending the war b/w Pakistan & India.

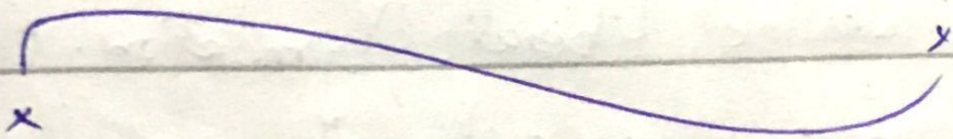
## FAILURES OF AYUB KHAN.

### MUJIBERS REBELLIOS BEHAVIOUR:-

General Ayub Khan was powerful military man but he did many mistakes in the whole issue.

During 1965 war. East Pakistani raised voice that west Pakistan left them alone to kill from the cruel Indian army. This destroyed their confidence over our army and Govt. Then

Sheikh Mujeeb met numerous time  
with India and get from Pakistan



Q3hrs) Pakistan continuous to enjoy a  
previdaged status in Organisation of  
Islam conference. (OIC formerly the  
organization of Islamic Coperation). In  
terms of population. It is OIC's second  
largest member. Pakistan is the only  
Muslim country to have donated  
nuclear weapons has the sixth largest  
standing Military force in the  
world & a large labour workforce  
working in various muslim countries

1) PAKISTAN'S SOLIDITARY WITH PALESTINE:-  
Pakistan assisted Jordan in military operations to suppress freedom movement by Palestine Liberal Organization. However Pakistan is a critic of occupation of Palestinian territories by Jewish state of Israel. In line with OIC strong stance against the occupation of Palestine by Zionists. Pakistan has continuously take a stance against Israel.

2) ARMY COLLABORATIONS:-

Army service corps school has trained upto 30 officers from Muslim countries like Bangladesh, Bosnia, Maldives, Palestine, Turkey. Pakistani army Military college of

signals has trained more than  
500 hundred officers. Most of  
these countries names are in OIC.

### 3) MILITARY COLLABORATION:-

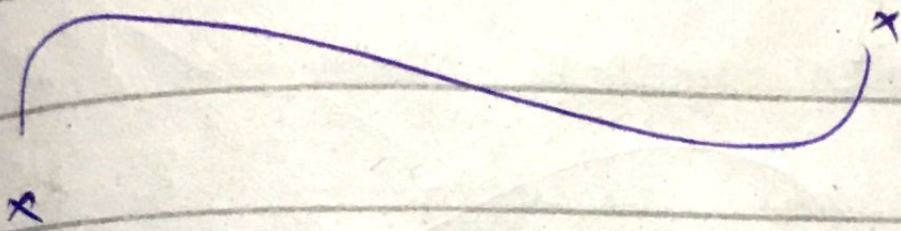
Pakistan is  
thought to developed its atomic bomb  
program with millions of dollars of  
contributory aid from (mostly)  
Saudi Arabia & Libyan oil wealth.

4) OIC ON THE ISSUE OF KASHMIR:-  
Pakistan has always used OIC  
as a platform to gather support  
on the issue of Kashmir Conflict  
against the republic of India.  
In 1969 King Hassan of Morocco

invited the Govt of India for 1969 summit in Rabat. But after Pakistan then ruler Gen Yahya Khan threatened to walk out. King Hassan requested the Indian delegates not to attend meeting.

During OIC conference in 1994 in Tehran. Pakistan succeeded in persuading the member countries to create "OIC contact group on Kashmir". The Pakistan foreign Minister would discuss the ties with any state of Jammu & Kashmir as integral part of India by safeguarding our national security and geo strategic interests including Pakistan. Some

countries are not recognized by Pakistan because of their self discrimination of Kashmir.



(Ans) Constitution:-

A constitution is an aggregate of fundamental principles or established precedents that constitute the legal basis of a priority, organization, or other type of entity & commonly determine how that entity is to be governed.

The constitution of Islamic Republic Pakistan is also

known as the 1973 constitution.  
is the supreme law Pakistan.  
The 1973 constitution is  
running in Pakistan.

Q5) Ans) FOREIGN POLICY:-

A country's foreign policy is also called foreign relations. A foreign policy is a Government strategy use to deal with other nation is known as Foreign Policy.



# IMPORTANCE OF FOREIGN POLICY OF PAKISTAN :-

The Islamic Republic of Pakistan maintains a large diplomatic network across the world. Pakistan is the second largest Muslim majority country in the world and is the only Muslim majority nation to have possession of nuclear weapons. Pakistan economy is integrated into the world with strong trade ties & economic alliances & agreements with many Asian nations.

Pakistan enjoys a highly strategic-geopolitical location being situated at the corridor of major maritime

is land based transit routes reaching from energy rich Central Asia to the middle east to the population centers of South Asia as well as having geostrategic hotspots such as Afghanistan, China, India, and Iran as immediate neighbours. Pakistan maintains a tense relationship with republic of India due to Kashmir Conflict, close ties with republic of China, Turkey & Gulf Arab States & a fluctuating relationships with United States of America due to overlapping interests during the cold war & War on Terror.

Pakistan is a member of Islamic Organization Conference (OIC)

is named by the US  
as a major non-NATO ally  
in the war against terrorism  
and is one of founding members  
of IMCIC.

