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Semester: # 2nd

Course: # B.Tech Electrical

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Session # 2020

Subject: # D.C machine
And Transformers.

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Q1 How Can a machine multiply

(A) the effect of human effort? Explain briefly.

Ans:

Machine is a device which reduce human effort or multiply work in less time is called machine.

Example:

1 washing machine

To wash more clothes in less time.

2 Bicycle.

To travel more distance in less time.

3 Calculator.

To solve more problems in less time.

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Q1 (R) Why a transformer is considered as a static electric machine while motors and generators are considered as dynamic electrical machine?

Ans.

Transformer is considered as static electrical machine due to transformation. As input supply from generating station is high and transformer step down this voltage into 440 V and 220 V. Just step up and step down your source.

and generators as dynamic machine due to generate electricity its parts moving in its interior. That is why motor and generator are dynamic electrical machine.

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Q2 (a) How can permeability and relative permeability be differentiated from each other? Explain briefly.

Permeability.

It is the ability of a substance to conduct the magnetic lines is called permeability.

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m.}$$

Relative Permeability.

The ratio of number of lines per unit area in a given medium to the number of magnetic lines per unit area in air

mathematically.

$$\mu_r = \frac{\mu_m}{\mu_{air}} = \frac{\mu_m}{\mu_0} = \frac{\mu}{\mu_0} \text{ or } \mu = \mu_0 \mu_r$$

R. Permeability of air is 1. It is explained below.

$$\text{As } \mu_r = \frac{\mu_m}{\mu_{air}}$$

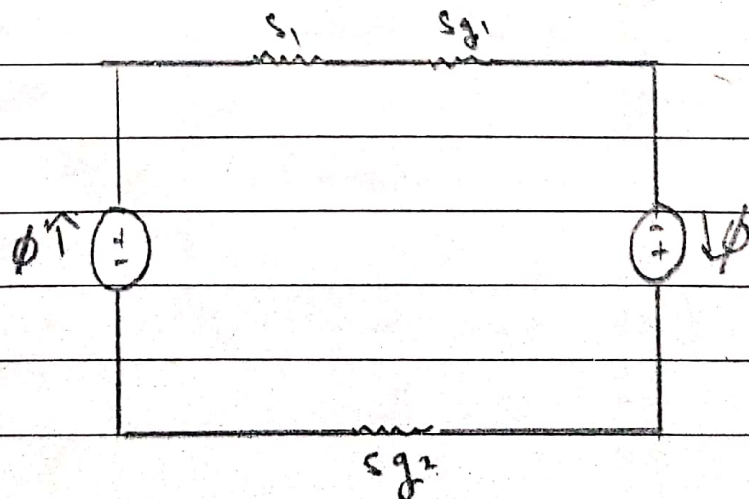
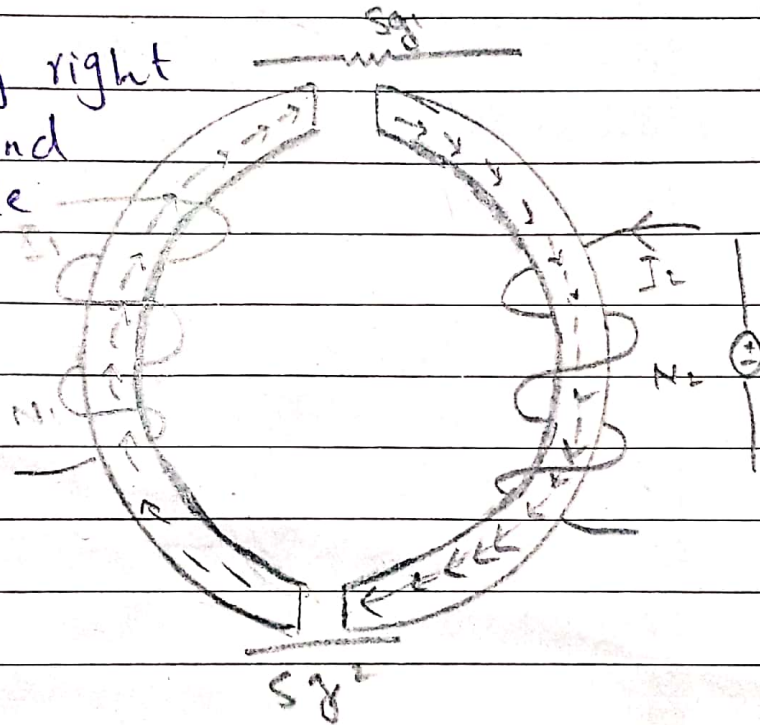
$$\text{Hence } \mu_r = \frac{\mu_{air}}{\mu_{air}} = 1$$



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Q2 (B) If we have circular wire, Then explain with the help of Diagram. The direction of Current and magnetic flux for both of the cases.

By right hand rule



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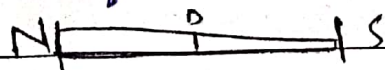
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Q3 The force between two poles of a (A) magnet is inversely proportional to the square of the distance between them the poles. Justify the statement with the help of a law or mathematical Relation.

Coulomb's Law of magnetism.

The force of attraction between two poles of a magnet is given by Coulomb's Law.

"Suppose we have two poles of a magnet and the pole strength of (N) pole (m_1) while the pole strength of S pole is (m_2) as shown.



Mathematically.

$$F \propto m_1 m_2$$

$$F \propto \frac{1}{d^2}$$

$$F \propto \frac{m_1 m_2}{d^2}$$

$$F = \frac{\mu_0 m_1 m_2}{4\pi d^2}$$

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Q3 When a material is placed
(R) near a magnet, it will be
attracted towards this magnet.

Explain the phenomena which is
responsible for this attraction.

Ans

This phenomena is called
magnetic flux. In this phenomena
we noted that magnet never
be unipole. It always be
Dipole. (i.e North and South
pole).

The magnet attract materials
when it placed near the magnet
due to some force.

This force is denoted by
magnetic lines.

These lines are imaginary and
originates from N pole to S pole.