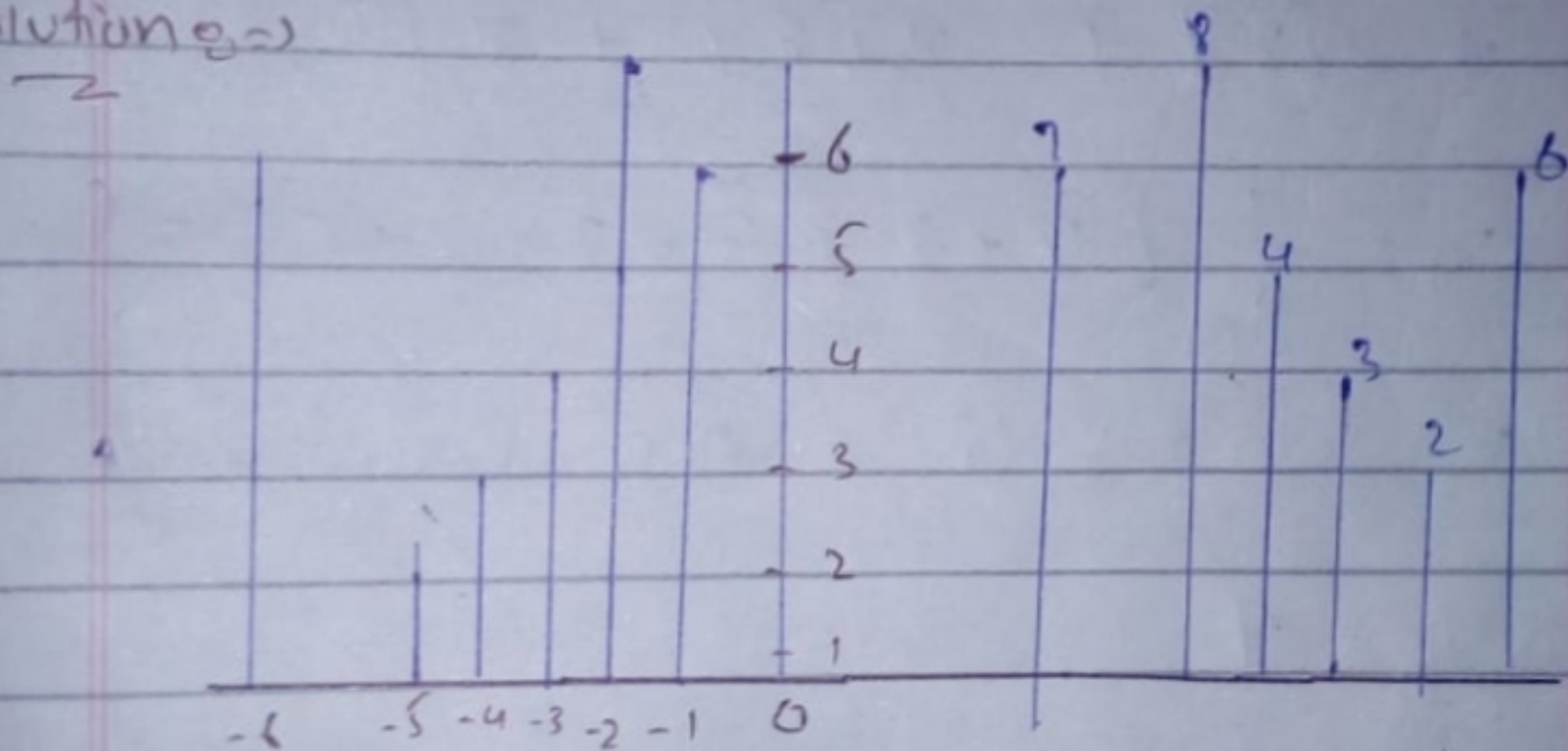


Q(1)

$$(a) C_K + N_0 = C_K$$

$$(b) C_K = C_{N_0 - K} = C_K^*$$

$$x[n] = \{7, 8, 4, 3, 2, 6\}$$

Solution  $\Rightarrow$ 

$$\Rightarrow C_K = \frac{1}{N_0} \sum_{n=0}^{N_0-1} x[n] e^{-j \left( \frac{2\pi}{N_0} \right) Kn}$$

$$\because e^{j\phi} = \cos \phi + j \sin \phi$$

$$\text{so } e^{-j \left( \frac{2\pi}{2\pi} \right)} = \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - j \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$e^{-j \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right)} = \cos \frac{\pi}{2} - j \sin \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$= \boxed{-j}$$



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$$C_k = \frac{1}{6} \sum_{n=0}^5 x[n] (-j)^{kn}$$

$$C_k = \frac{1}{6} \sum_{n=0}^5 x[n] (-j)^{kn}$$

$$C_0 = 0 \quad C_0 = \frac{1}{6} \sum_{n=0}^5 x[n] (1)$$

$$C_0 = \frac{1}{6} [x[7] + x[8] + x[4] + x[3] + x[2] + x[6]]$$

$$C_0 = \frac{1}{6} [7 + 8 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 6] = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_0 = 5 \cdot 16 \quad \text{DC component}$$

$$\Rightarrow k = 1$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{6} \sum_{n=0}^5 x[n] (-j)^n$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{6} [(-j)^0 x[7] + (-j)^1 x[8] + (-j)^2 x[4] + (-j)^3 x[3] + (-j)^4 x[2] + (-j)^5 x[6]]$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{1}{6} [-j - 7 + 23j]$$

$$C_1 = -\frac{1}{7} + \frac{j}{23}$$

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$$C_2 = \frac{-1}{7} + j \frac{1}{23}$$

1st property

$$C_1 + N_0 = C_1$$

$$C_1 + 4 = C_1$$

2nd property

$$C - 1C = C N_0 - 1C = C_1^*$$

$$= (4 - 1) = C_1^*$$

$$C_3 = C_1^*$$

$$\frac{-1}{7} - \frac{1}{23}j = \frac{-1}{7} + \frac{1}{23} + j$$



Q2)

Sol-  $x[n] = [1, 3, 9, 0, 9]$

$$K = 0 \text{ to } 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow & x[0] \delta[n-0] + x[1] \delta[n-1] \\ & + x[2] \delta[n-2] + x[3] \delta[n-3] \\ & + x[4] \delta[n-4] \end{aligned}$$

$$\delta[n] \rightarrow 1 \delta[n] + 3 \delta[n-1]$$

$$+ 9 \delta[n-2] + 0 \delta[n-3]$$

$$+ 9 \delta[n-4]$$

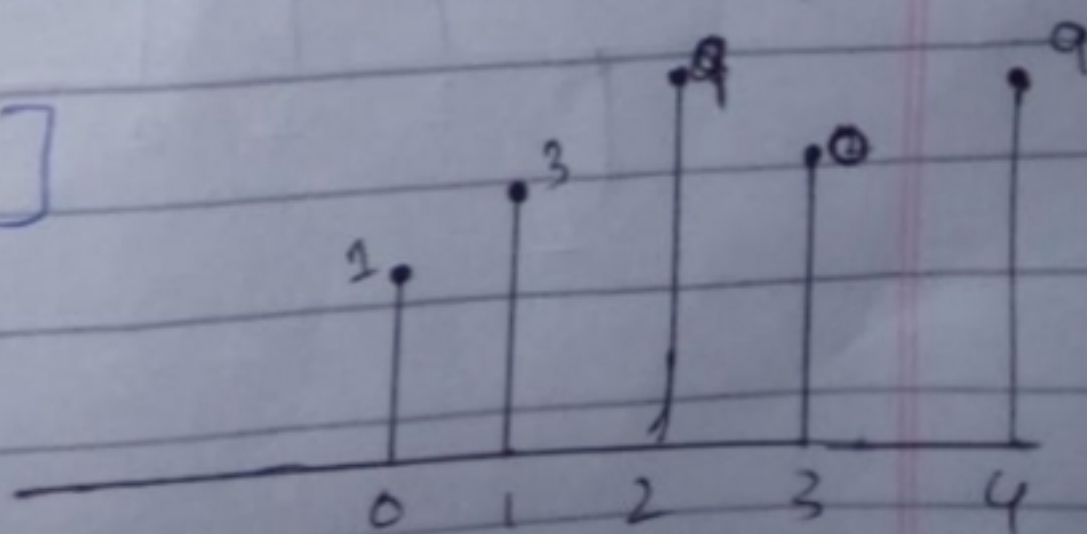
magnitude = 1

Location =  $\delta[n]$

Now the sequence decomposed  
sequence using their magnitude  
and location

magnitude = 1, 3, 9, 0, 9

Location =  $\delta[n]$

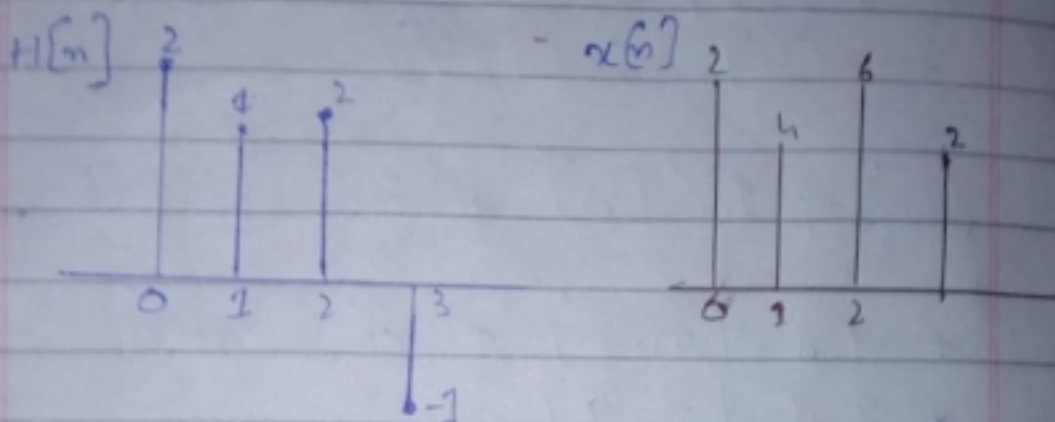


(CC3)

Solution

$$H[n] = \{2, 1, 2, -1\}$$

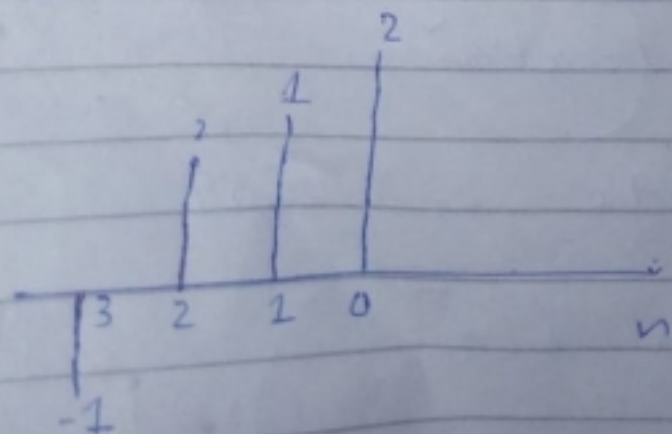
$$x[n] = \{2, 4, 6, 2\}$$



Length of output =  $2 + 4 - 1 = 7$

Folding any one but we fold impulse response

$$h[-k]$$



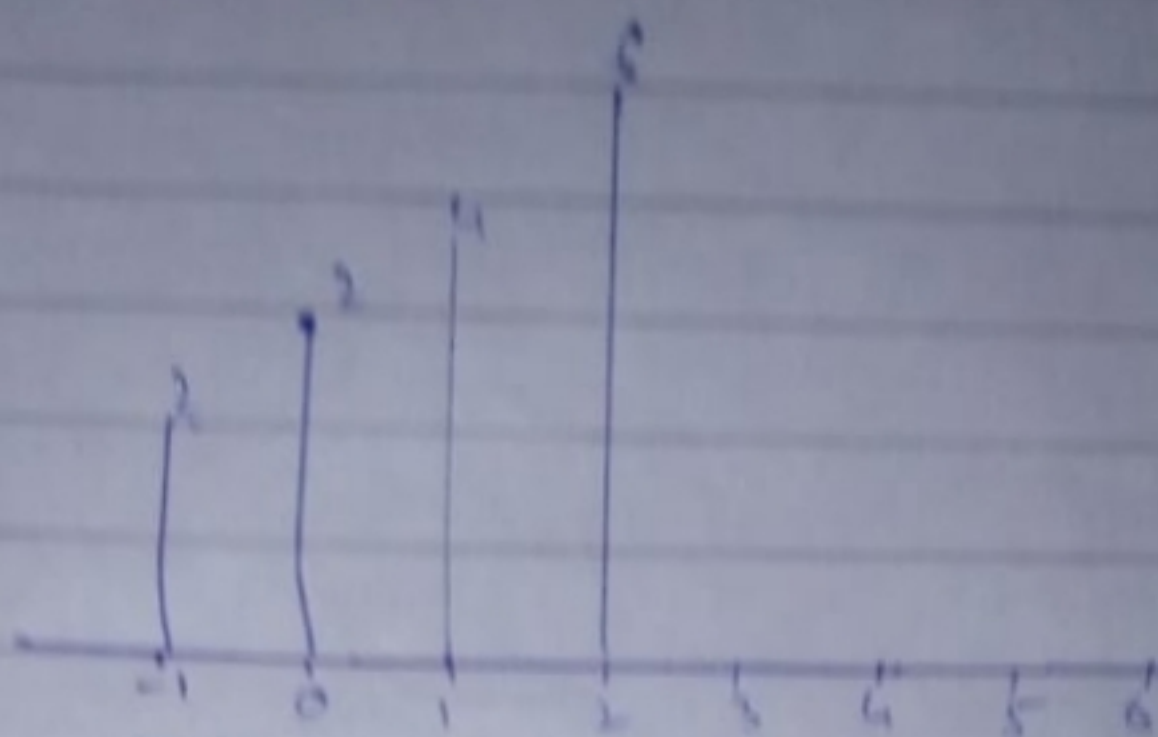


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Now for product sequence

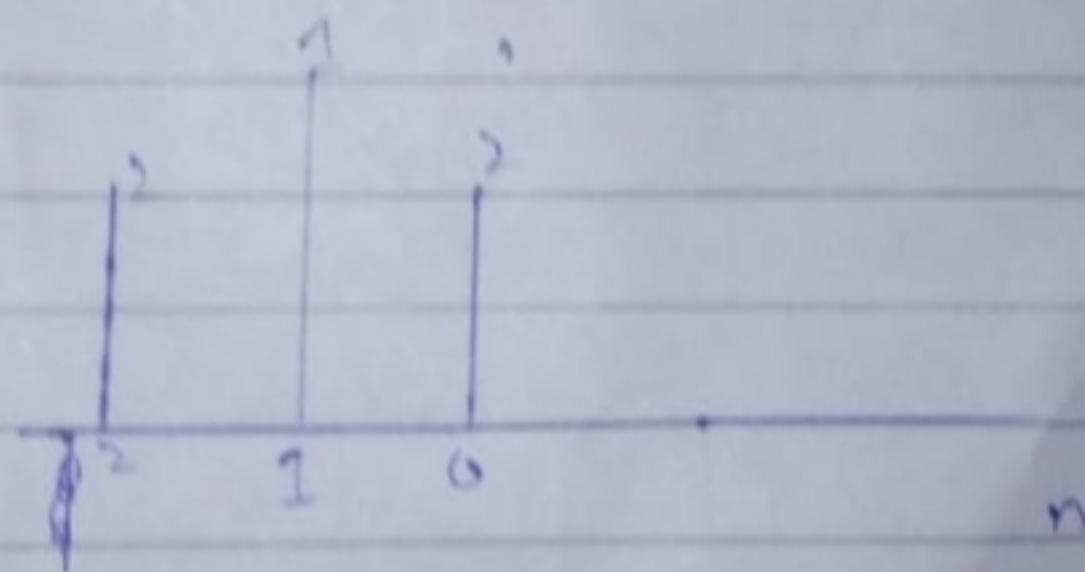
$x[n]h[n]$



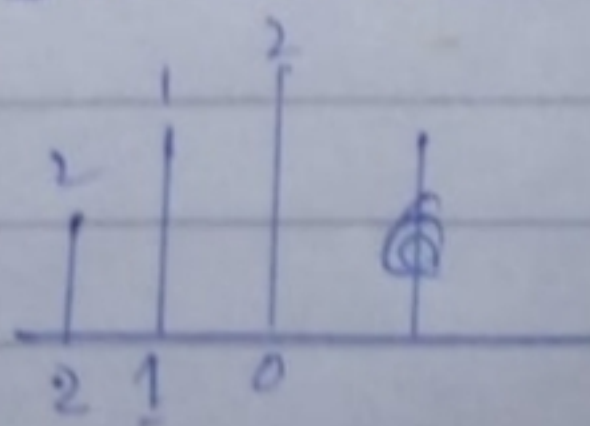
Sum  $y[n] = 4 + 2 + 6 = 12$

★ Shifting

$n = 1 \rightarrow 0$



$x[n]h[n]$



$y[n] = 2 + 1 + 2 = 5$

Q(4)

Solution  $\Rightarrow$  (a)  $x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1)$

(b)  $x[n] = \delta[n] + \delta[n-1] + \delta[n-2] + \dots$

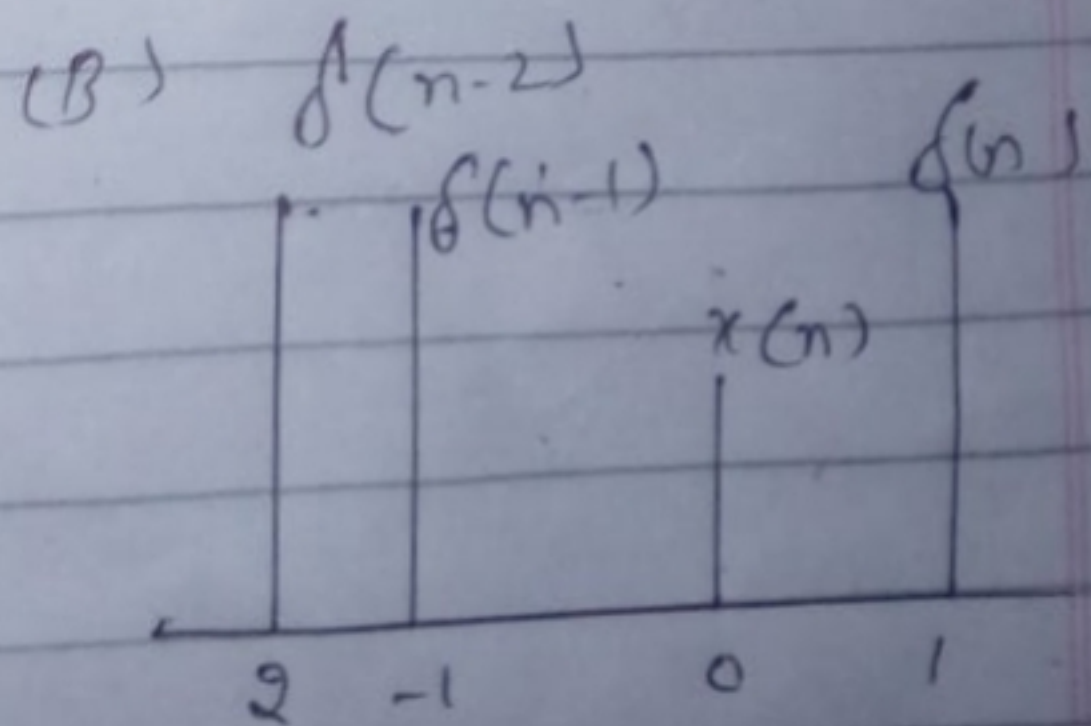
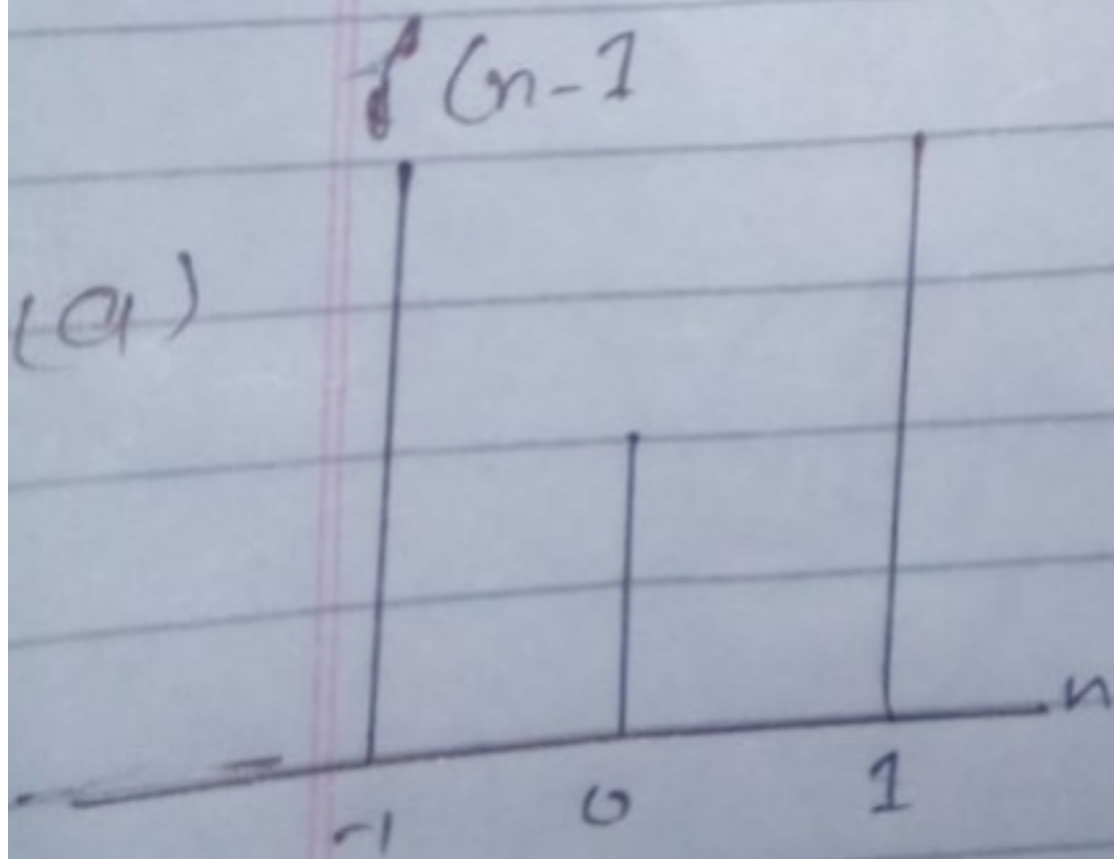
$$X\{e^{j\omega}\} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{n-1=\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{n-1=\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1) e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{n-1=\infty} n \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{j\omega}\right)^{n-1} u(n-1)$$

$$X\{e^{j\omega}\} = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{j\omega}\right)}$$

now we draw with spectrum



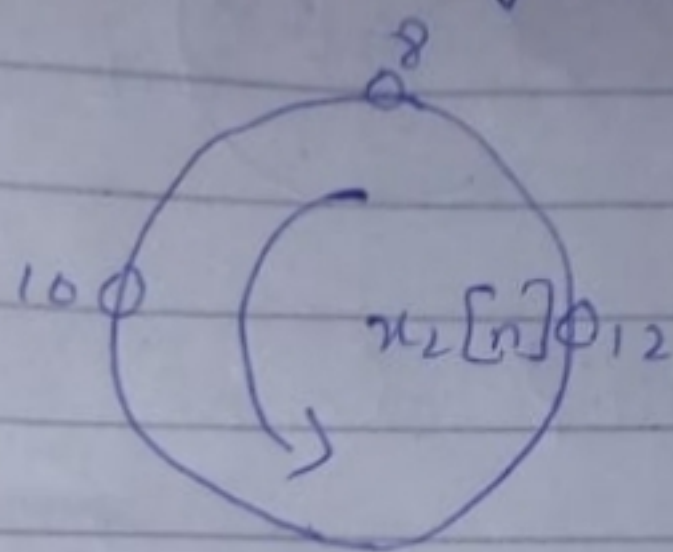
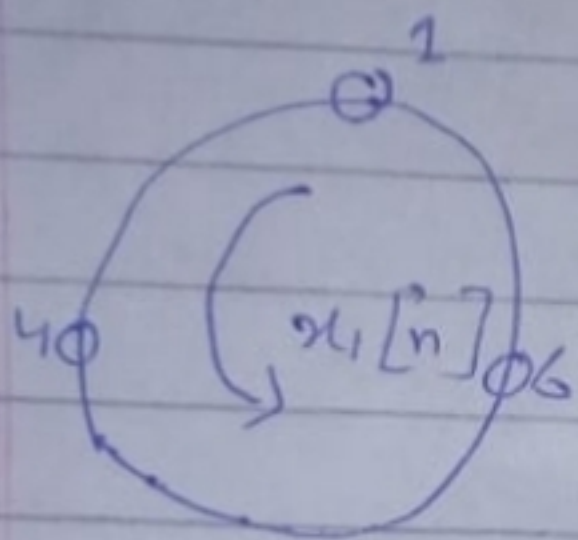


Q.5)

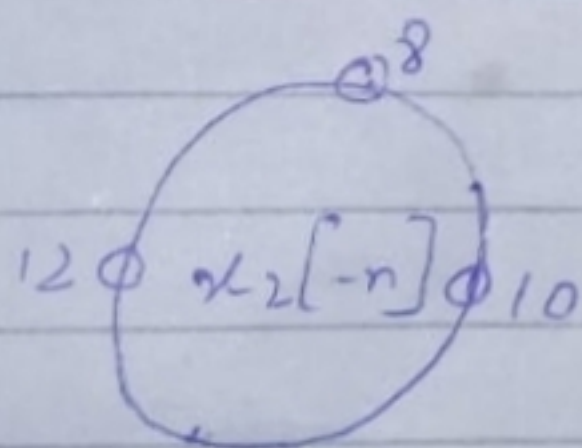
Solve:  $\Rightarrow x_1[n] = \{2, 4, 6\}$

$$x_2[n] = \{8, 10, 12\}$$

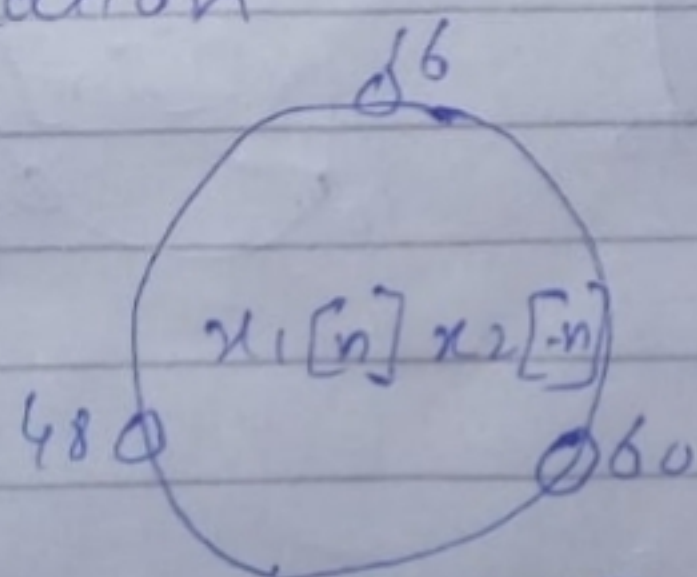
Now we make an cycle



(i) Folding = In this ~~sequence~~ method we make clockwise image of one sequence



(2) multiplication

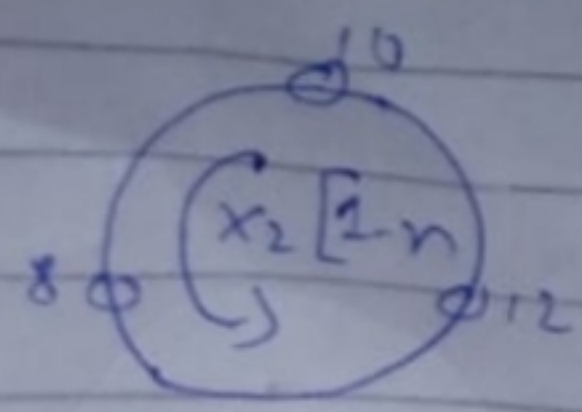


$$x_1[n] * x_2[-n]$$

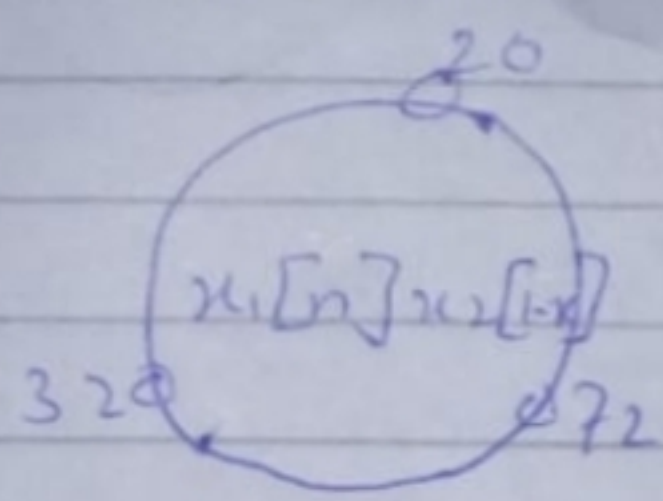


(3) Sum  $y = 124$

Now we shift the Filled Sequences Anti clockwise

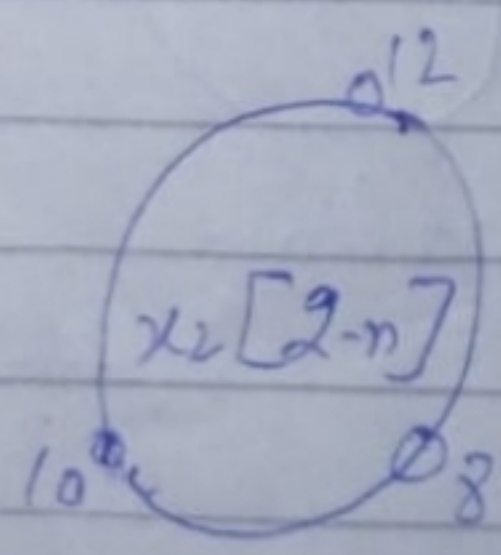
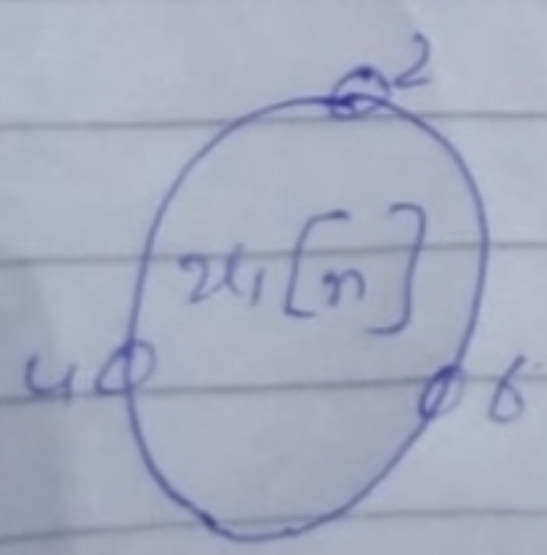


(4) multiplication =>



Sum  $y[1] = 124$

Second shift

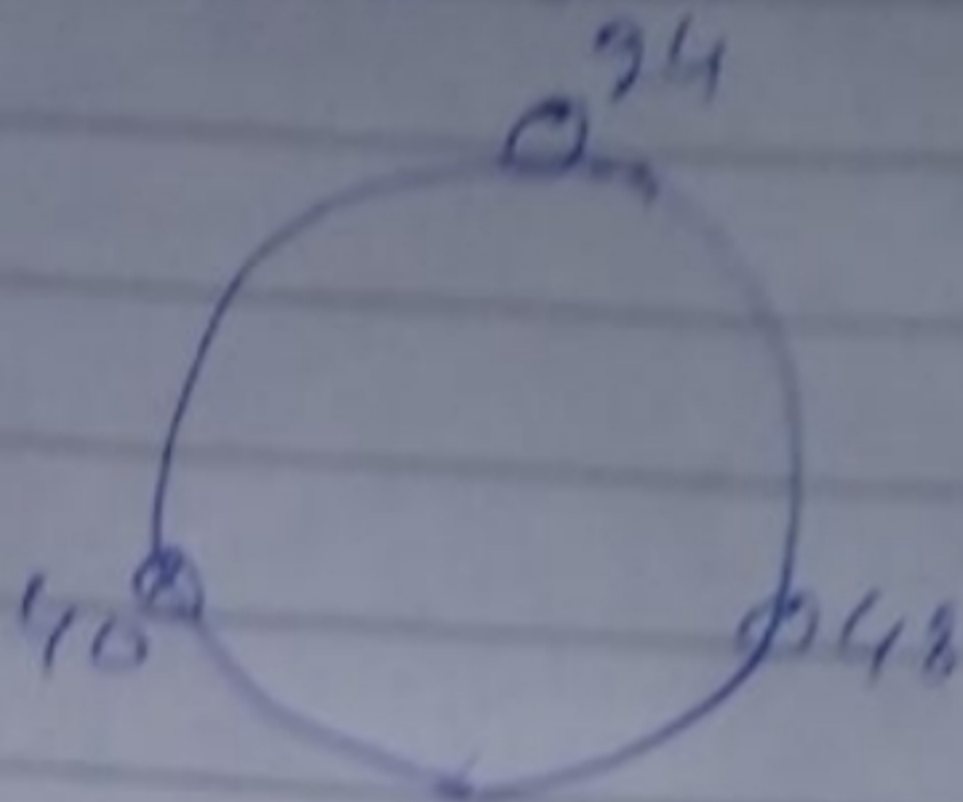


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multiplication  $z = z$



$$\text{Sum} = y[2] = 112$$

$$\text{So } y[n] = [124, 124, 112]$$