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16/06/20

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Subject Calculus

Assignment No 01

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Date: 29/05/2020

Question No 2:

$$\int_0^1 (4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1)^{-2/3} (12y^2 - 2y + 4) dy$$

Solution:

$$\int_0^1 (4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1)^{-2/3} (12y^2 - 2y + 4) dy \rightarrow$$

~~by~~ ~~by~~ substitution

by substitution method:

Let

$$4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1 = t \rightarrow (1)$$

now

Apply $\frac{d}{dt}$ both side of eq(1)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} (4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1) = \frac{d}{dt} t$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} (4y) - \frac{d}{dt} (y^2) + \frac{d}{dt} (4y^3) + \frac{d}{dt} (1) = \frac{d}{dt} t$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right) - 2y \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right) + 4 \times 3y^2 \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right) + 0 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right) - 2y \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right) + 12y^2 \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right) = 1$$

Now taking common $\left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right)$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} [4 - 2y + 12y^2] = 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} (12y^2 - 2y + 4) = 1$$

$$dy (12y^2 - 2y + 4) = dt$$

$$(12y^2 - 2y + 4) dy = dt \rightarrow (i)$$

Now

put value of eq (i) & (ii)
in original equation. (*)

$$\int_0^1 (4y^3 - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1)^{-2/3} (12y^2 - 2y + 4) dy$$

$$\int_0^1 (t)^{-2/3} dt \rightarrow (ii)$$

(9)

(2)

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As from power rule

$$\int t^n dt = \frac{(t)^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^3 (t)^{-2/3} dt$$

$$= \frac{(t)^{(-2/3+1)}}{(-2/3+1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^3 \frac{(t)^{-2/3+3}}{-2/3+3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 \frac{(t)^{1/3}}{1/3}$$

$$\int_0^1 3(t)^{1/3}$$

$$\int_0^1 3\sqrt[3]{t} \rightarrow \text{Ans}$$

Now

Put the value of $t = 4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 3 \left(\sqrt[3]{t} \right) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 3 \left(\sqrt[3]{4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1} \right) dy$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 3 \left(\sqrt[3]{4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1} \right) dy$$

Now apply limit:

$$= 3 \left[\sqrt[3]{4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1} \right]_0^1$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{4(1) - (1)^2 + 4(1)^3 + 1} \right) - \left(\sqrt[3]{4(0) - (0)^2 + 4(0)^3 + 1} \right) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \left[\left(\sqrt[3]{4 - 1 + 4 + 1} \right) - \left(\sqrt[3]{0 - 0 + 0 + 1} \right) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \left(\sqrt[3]{8} - \sqrt[3]{1} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 3(2 - 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

Date: ___/___/___

(6)

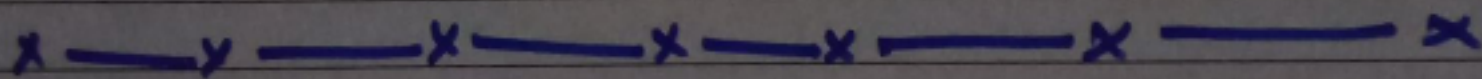
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$$\Rightarrow 3 [1] \quad \text{scribble}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \text{ ~~scribble~~}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 (4y - y^2 + 4y^3 + 1)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot (12y^2 - 2y + 4) dy = 3$$

ANS.



Q No 1:- $\int_0^{\pi/4} (1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \cos(2t) dt$

Solution

Solve through integration by part as.

$$\int u \cdot v dx = u \int v dx - \int \left[\frac{d}{dx}(u) \times \int v dx \right] dx$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \int \cos(2t) dt - \int \frac{d}{dt} (1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \times \int \cos(2t) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sin 2t}{2} \right) - \int \left[\frac{3}{2} (\cos t) (1 - \sin t)^{1/2} \times \frac{\sin 2t}{2} \right] dt$$

$$(1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \times \frac{\sin 2t}{2} - \int \left[\frac{3}{2} (1 - \sin t)^{1/2} \times \cos t \cdot \frac{\sin 2t}{2} \right] dt$$

~~$$(1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \left(\frac{\sin 2t}{2} \right) - \int \frac{3}{4} (1 - \sin t)^{1/2} \times \cos t \cdot \sin 2t dt$$~~

~~$$\frac{d}{dt} [(1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \cdot \sin 2t]$$~~

Date: / /

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$$\Rightarrow (1 - \sin t)^{3/2} \times \left[\frac{\sin 2t}{2} \right] - \int \left[\frac{6}{4} (1 - \sin t)^{1/2} \sin^2 t \cos t \cdot dt \right]$$

Let

$$\sin t = u$$

$$\frac{d(\sin t)}{dt} = \frac{du}{dt}$$

$$\cos t \cdot dt = du$$

$$\cos t \cdot dt = du$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{6}{4} (1 - u)^{1/2} (u)^2 \cdot du$$

~~Now again by part~~

$$\frac{6}{4} (1 - u)$$

Again suppose.

$$(1 - u) = t \Rightarrow du = -dt$$

$$= \int \frac{6}{4} (t)^{1/2} (1 - t)^2 dt$$

$$= \frac{6}{4} \int (t)^{1/2} (1 - 2t + t^2) dt$$

Date: / /

(9)

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$$-6/4 \int (t)^{1/2} + t^{5/2} - 2t^{3/2} dt$$

$$-6/4 \left[\frac{t^{1/2+1}}{1/2+1} + \frac{t^{5/2+1}}{5/2+1} - 2 \frac{t^{3/2+1}}{3/2+1} \right]$$

$$-6/4 \left[\frac{2}{3} t^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7} t^{7/2} - \frac{4}{5} t^{5/2} \right]$$

Substituted t with original value then

Apply limit.

$$-6/4 \left[\frac{2}{3} (\sin t)^{5/2} \right]_0^{\pi/4} + \left(\frac{2 \sin t}{7} \right)^{7/2} \int_0^{\pi/4}$$

$$- \frac{4}{5} (\sin)^{5/2} \int_0^{\pi/4}$$

$$2) -6/4 \left[\frac{2}{3} (\sin(45))^5 + \frac{2}{7} (\sin 45)^7 - \frac{4}{5} (\sin 45)^5 \right]$$

$$-6/4 [0.28 + 0.085 - 0.33]$$

$$-6/4 (0.035)$$

$$\boxed{0.0525} \rightarrow \text{Ans.}$$