Roll number: - 14508

Department: Dpt 4th semester

Biochemistry,

DPT IV

MARKS: - 30

Choose the correct answer;

- 1) The protein which connect extracellular matrix with inside of cell is called
- C) Integrin.
- 2) Protoglycan consist of
- C) both a and b.
- 3) The percentage of collagen in human body is
- C) 30%
- 4) Collagen found in
- D) all of them
- 5) Elastin is made up of which amino acids
 - A) Lysine
- 6) In proteoglycan proteins combine with carbohydrates through which bond
- B) covalent
- 7) The cytoskeleton is responsible for <u>C) both a and b</u>
- **8)** Anabolism is a type of **A)**Metabolism
- 9) Conversion of energy is study in **B) bioenergetics**

- **10)** The process in which oxygen is needed and carbon dioxide is produced is called
- C) cellular respiration
- 11) Cytoskeleton proteins are
- C) polymers
- **12)** In glycolysis, glucose is breakdown into
- B) pyruvic acid
- 13) The proteins in electron transport chain are of which nature
- A) Electronegative
- 14) Digestion of carbohydrates starts from
- A)Mouth
- 15) Which enzyme is present in mouth for carbohydrates digestion
- C) amylase
- 16) The four proteins present in electron transport chain is called
- B) complex protein
- 17) The protein involve in electron transport chain is
- A) Flavoprotein collagen
- 18) In how many steps glycogenesis process is completed
- D) none of them
- 19) Gluconeogenesis is the process in which glucose is obtain from
- D) all a, b& c
- 20) The protein which is involved in glycogenesis process is called

D) none of them

21) Which of the following is not formed during the Krebs cycle <u>A)Lactate</u>
22) A single molecule of glucose generates molecules of acetyl CoA which enters the Krebs cycle.
<u>C) 2</u>
23) How many steps are involve in glycolysisC) 10
24) ribose-5-phosphate is formed from pentose phosphate pathway which is the precursor of
A) Nucleic acid
25) The substance that holds the body together is C) collagen
26) Most of glycogen is store in A) Liver
27) The process of electron transport chain takes place in
A) Mitochondrial matrix
28) Glycogenesis means A) Synthesis of glycogen

- **29**) Glycogenolysis means
- C) synthesis of glucose
- **30**) Gluconeogenesis is the reverse of
- C) glycolysis.