

DATE - 30-11-2020

NAME :-
ABUDARDA

ID :-
18098

SUBJECT :-
PAK-STUDY.

UNIVERSITY :-
IQRA NATIONAL
UNIVERSITY PESHAWAR.

Question :- 01.

Discuss Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's educational and political services for the muslims?

Answer :-

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's. - (1817-1898)

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan's flourished from 1817-1898 A.D. As the founder of Aligarh movement. He is ranked among the greatest muslim reformers of the 19th century. He came to the rescue of his co-religionists after the wave of independence (1857) when british unleashed a wave of vengeance against the muslims. As a result of the atrocities of the british the muslim were cut off from the mainstream of political, social, and educational activity development. At this critical juncture Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the first muslim leader to realize that if the muslim continued to keep themselves also from the political, social and educational activities then they would be completely absorbed by the Hindu community.

Sir Syed's Educational Services:-

Sir Syed's Ahmed Khan was the first muslim leader who realised the order to equip the muslim with the ornament of knowledge he opened the following educational institutions and societies which revolutionised the life of the muslim community.

- a) two madrassahs in Muradabad (1858) and Ghaziabad (1862) were opened which imparted education in persian.
- b) In 1864, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan held the foundation of scientific society which translated English works into urdu.
- c) M.A.O high school ~~was~~ given the status of a collage and Aligarh was founded in 1875.
- d) In 1877, M.A.O High school was given the state of a collage and sanction by viceroy lord Lytton, latter one, this collage become a university in 1920 A.D.

Two NATION theory:-

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan is regarded as one the greatest exponent of two nation theory.

"Because after the Hindi-Urdu controversy he was convinced that Hindus were not sincere towards the Muslims. Answering a query of Mr. Shaked, Commissioner of Benares, he remarked, "Now I am convinced that both these communities will not join whole-heartedly in anything. At present there was no open hostility b/w the two communities, but on account of the so-called educated people it will increase immensely in future."

Question:- 2.

Explain First political and constitutional phase from 1947 to 1958?

Answer:-

POLITICAL PHASE:-

1st phase 1947 to 1958:-

After the partition of India on the midnight of 14 August 1947 Pakistan follows the British system by creating the post of Prime Minister. Based on the Prime Minister's secretariat

The governor general of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam appointed Liaqat Ali Khan to establish and led his administration on 15 August 1947. Before the presidential system in 1960, "7" prime ministers had served between 1947 until 1st martial law in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

GOVERNOR GENERAL OF PAKISTAN:-

The first governor general of Pakistan of Quaid-e-Azam in 1947 to 1948 and the second governor general of Pakistan is Khawaja Nazimuddin in 1948 to 1951. The 3rd governor general of Pakistan is Malik Gulam Muhammad in 1951 to 1955 and the fourth governor general of Pakistan is Iskander Mirza in 1955 to 1956.

PRIME MINISTER OF PAKISTAN; (1947 to 1958)

→ 1st Liaqat Ali Khan.

14 August 1947 to 16 Oct 1951.

→ 2nd Khawaja Nazimuddin.

17 Oct 1951 to 17 Oct 1953.

→ 3rd Muhammad Ali Bogra.
17 Oct 1953 to 12 August 1955.

→ 4th Chudhary Muhammad Ali.
12 August 1955 to 12 Sep 1956.

→ 5th Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardi.
12 Sep 1956 to 17 Oct 1957.

→ 6th Ibrahim Ismail Chaudhary.
17 Oct 1957 to 16 Dec 1957.

→ 7th Feroz Khan Noon.
16 Dec 1957 to 17 Oct 1958.

Question : 3.

What do you know about the GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN?

Answers :-

GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN :-

Pakistan is located in South Asia.
It forms the north-west of sub-continent of Indopakistan. It lies between the latitude of 23, 31, 36 and 45 north.

and the blue the longitudes of 61, 75 and 31 east. It is bounded to the west by Iran to east by India, to north by Afghanistan.

The border blue Pakistan and Afghanistan is called Durand line. Pakistan is bounded to south by Arabian Sea. Pakistan shares 1610 km to India, 585 km with China, 2282 km with Afghanistan and 805 km with Iran.

AREA and population:-

Pakistan covers an area of 796096 km.

Balochistan is the largest province of Pakistan covering a total area of 43%, where Punjab is 2nd with 28%. Sindh 3rd 14% and KP with 13%.

At the time of Pakistan of the sub-continental in 1947. The population of the area now 3.8 m. In respect the 7th most populated country of the world. China 1261 m, India 1014 m. USA 275 m, Indonesia 224 m, Brazil 172 m and Russia 146 m.

CLIMATE OF PAKISTAN:-

climate of Pakistan is extreme dry and is based on climate conditions.

→ cold weather of winter season from mid Dec to March.

→ hot weather of summer season from April to June.

→ monsoon season from July to September.

→ post monsoon season from October to mid-December.

