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Q1: Discuss sir sayed Ahmad khan's educational and political services for Muslim.

Ans: The war of 1857 was ended in disaster, the British had put the entire responsibility against the Muslims to obliterate them from the society. The Britishers and hindus want to stamped out the Muslims from the Indian society. So the sir sayed Ahmad khan stood for the Muslims to motivate and clear the misunderstanding between the Muslims and Britishers.

Educational services for Muslim

Sir sayed Ahmad khan established the muradabad school in 1853, and after that he established the scientific society in 1863, and then Victoria school Ghazipur in 1864. He also established the Aligarh Institute Gazette and then Mao high school in 1875 which was later became MAO college and his great establishment was the Aligarh Muslim University in 1875. And he also organised the Mohammedan Educational conference.

Political services for Muslim

1: Muslim-British relation

After the war of independence, the relationship of Muslim and British government was in deadly tarnished. Sir sayed Ahmad khan knew the only way of revival of Muslim was to maintain the relationship with British government and wining their trust. In this respect he wrote a magazine "Rasala e Asbab e Baghawat e hind".

2: Advice to students

Sir sayed Ahmad khan also advise to the Muslims students that you should learn the western education.

3: Urdu Hindi controversy

Sir sayed Ahmad khan has also the great role in the Urdu Hindi controversy, the Hindu wants that the hindi should be the official language in place of Urdu.

Q2: Explain First Political and Constitutional phase from 1947 to 1958.

Ans: After the partition of Pakistan Quaid e Asam was the first governor general of Pakistan from 14 August 1947 to 11 September 1948.

2nd governor general:

14 September 1948 to 17 October 1951 khwaja Nazim udin was the second governor general of Pakistan.

3rd governor general:

17 October 1951 to 7 August 1955 Ghulam Muhammad was the 3rd governor general of Pakistan

4th governor general:

7 August 1955 sikandar mirza was the last governor general of Pakistan and in 23rd march 1956 he became the first president of Pakistan until 17 October 1958.

Prime minister of Pakistan

1st : liaqat ali khan was the first prime minister of Pakistan from 14 August 1947 to 16 October 1951.

2nd : khwaja Nazim udin was the second prime minister of Pakistan from 17 October 1951 to 17 April 1953.

3rd : Muhammad ali bogra was the 3rd prime minister of Pakistan from 17 April 1953 to 11 August 1955.

4th : Chaudhry Muhammad ali was the 4th prime minister of Pakistan from 11 August 1955 to 12 November 1956

5th : Hussain Shaheed suhurwardy was the 5th prime minister of Pakistan from 12 November 1956 to 18 October 1957.

6th : Ismail Ibrahim Chundryghar was the 6th prime minister of Pakistan from 18 October 1957 to 16 December 1957.

7th : feroz khan noon was the 7th prime minister of Pakistan from 16 December 1957 to 7 October 1958.

Q3: What do you know about the geography of Pakistan?

Ans: Pakistan emerged on the map of the world on August 14 1947. Lying between the latitude of 23, 30 and 36, 45 degree north between the longitude of 61 and 75, 31 degree East, Pakistan stretches over 1600 kms North to South and is about 885 kms broad East to West. Pakistan has four provinces, Balochistan North west frontier, Punjab, sindh and kpk. Balochistan is the largest province with area of 347,188 sq. Kms . Followed by Punjab with an area of 206,251 sq. Kms . And then sindh has the area of 140,913 sq. Kms. And kpk area

has 101,714 sq. Kms and the capital 200 sq. Kms. Pakistan share boarder to Southwest by Iran and east by India and to North by china and South to Arabian sea. Pakistan boarder with India about 1610 km, with china boarder about 585 km, and long boarder with Afghanistan about 2252 km and also called durand line and boarder with Iran about 805 km