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Question No 1

Answer :-

Holy Quran :-

The Quran is the Holy book of Islam. The Quran is considered by the Muslims to be "The word of Allah. This is different from other religious texts in that it is believed to be the literal words of Allah, through the Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W). Some Muslims call it the Final Testament. It has been written and read only in Arabic for more than 1,400 years. But because many Muslims around the world do not understand Arabic, the meaning of the Quran is also given in other languages. So that reader can understand w better what the Arabic words in the Quran mean. These are like dictionaries to the Quran. They are not read as part of the religion of Islam, to replace the Arabic Quran.

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Parts And Surah of Quran :-

These are 30 parts in the Quran which make 114 Surah (chapter). Each Surah has a different number of verses.

There are 87 Surah revealed in Makka and 27 are revealed in Madina.

Verses :-

There are 6666 verses of Quran. Which speak about many different topic.

For example, the verses of chapter 80 (Abasa) speak about the evils of ableism also called able-bodyism.

Question No. 2

Answer :-

Surah-e-Quraish :-

Translation :-

- ① For the accustomed security of the Quraish.
- ② Their accustomed security to the Journeys in the winter and the summer.
- ③ So they should worship the Lord of this House.
- ④ (He) who has fed them against hunger, and made them secure from fear.

Asbab al-Nuzul :-

Asbab al-nuzul, meaning occasions or circumstances of revelation, refers to the historical context in which Quranic ayat were revealed. Regarding the timing and contextual background of the revelation (Asbab al-nuzul). It is an earlier Makkah surah, which mean it is an earlier believed to have been revealed in Makka.

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instead of latter in Madina. Ali ibn Ahmad al-Wahidi (d. 468-1075), is the earliest scholar of the branch of the Quranic Sciences known as Asbab al-Nuzul. He record that.

Umm Hani bint Abi Talib who reported that the Prophet, Allah bless him and give him peace, said "Allah has favoured the Quraysh with seven characteristics which he has never given to anyone before them and will never give to anyone after them.

- ① The post of the Caliph (~~al-Khila~~ Cal - Khilafah) is given to one among them.
- ② The custody of the Sacred House (al-Hijabah) is assumed by someone from amongst them.
- ③ Giving water to the Pilgrims (al-Sifaayah) during Hajj is undertaken by someone amongst them.
- ④ Prophethood is given to someone amongst them.

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- ⑤ They were given victory over the army of elephants (Al-Fil),
- ⑥ They worshipped Allah for seven years during which none worshipped him.
- ⑦ And a Surah has been revealed about them in which none but them was mentioned (Quraish Surah).

Summary :-

It urges the Quraish tribe who dominated Makka to serve God who had protected them for the sake of their own future. It is one of two surah containing 4 ayat. The Kaaba was central to the life of the Quraish, being a center of pilgrimage which brought much trade and prestige. Surah al-Fil describes how God saved the Kaaba from destruction, while Surah Quraish describes God as Lord of the Kaaba. It also urges the Quraish to worship God so that, among other things, he would protect them on their trading journeys.

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Question No. 3

Answer:-

Touheed:-

Touheed also spelled Touheed, Arabic Tawhid (making one," asserting oness oneness), in Islam, the oneness of God, in the sense that he is one and there is no god but he, as stated in the shahadah (witness) formula. There is no god but God and Muhammad is His Prophet". Touheed further refers to the nature of that God.

Type of Touheed:-

Touheed can be divided into three categories.

- ① Touheed ar-Ruboobeeyah (meaning the unity of Lordship).
- ② Touheed al-Asmaa-was-Sifaat (meaning the unity of Allah name and attributes)
- ③ Touheed al-Ibaadah (maintaining the unity of worship).

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Tauheed Effect on Human lives:-

Effect of Tauheed on human life are given below.

① Broad-minded outlook:-

A believer in this Kalima can never be narrow-minded or shriveled in outlook.

② Self-respect and self-esteem:-

This belief produce in man the highest degree of self respect and self esteem.

③ Modesty and humbleness:-

Along with self respect this belief also generate in man a sense of modesty and humbleness.

④ virtuous and upright:-

This belief make man virtuous and upright. He has the conviction that there is no other mean of success and salvation for him except purity of soul and righteousness of behavior.

⑤ Bravery:-

① Fear of death and love of safety

② The idea that there is some else besides God.