

NAME :- SHAH SAUD KHAN

Deptt :- BS : ENGLISH

Subject :- PAK STUDIES

Id No :- 17674

Answer ^① :: (1)

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan educational and political services for the Muslims

Education:-

Sir Syed gave much important to modern education and his efforts and contributions to Muslim education is very important. He opened schools at several places where he was posted. He established Scientific Society and printed the Aligarh Institute Gazette. He was visited England in 1869 on his own expenses to observe the working of British Universities. Most important achievement in education (problems) sector was the founding of M.A.O College at Aligarh in 1877. Sir Syed founded the Mohammedans Educational Conference whose objective was to discuss and solve the education problems of Muslims in the sub-continent. His efforts for Muslims education served double purpose. It helped the Muslims to get good jobs and raised their status in society.

(2)

It also helped in removing the mistrust between the British and the Muslims. Therefore education was the most important aspect of Sir Syed's services in the Muslims of India.

Politics:-

Sir Syed's advice to Muslims in the political field is also important. He believed that under the European system or democratic government the Muslims of India would always be at the mercy of Hindu majority. He suggested separate electorate for Muslims. He advised the Muslims not to join Congress. He opposed the system of competitive examinations for government posts because Muslims were much behind the Hindus in education. Sir Syed strongly opposed the replacement of Urdu with Hindi as court and official language.

Ans :- 2

First Political and Constitutional

Phase from 1947 to 1958 :-

Governor Generals :-

(1) Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah.

Tenure :-

His tenure start from 15 August 1947 and ended to 11 September 1948.

(2) Sir Khawaja Nazimuddin was the second governor general of Pakistan.

Tenure :-

His tenure from 14 September 1948 to 17 October 1951.

(3) Sir Ghulam Muhammad was the third governor general of Pakistan.

Tenure :-

His tenure from 17 October 1951 to 07 August 1955.

(4)

(4) Iskander Mirza was the fourth governor general of Pakistan.

Tenure:-

His tenure start from 07 August 1955 to 23 March 1956. end then he become president.

Prime Ministers:-

(1) Liaquat Ali Khan.

Tenure:-

From 15-August 1947
To 16 October 1951.

(2) Khawaja Nazimuddin.

Tenure:-

From 17 October 1951 to 17 April 1953.

(3) Mr- Mohammed Ali Bogra.

Tenure:-

From 17 April

(5)

1953 to 11 August 1955.

(4) Choudry. Muhammad Ali

Tenure:-1955 to From 11 August
12 September 1956.

(5) Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardi.

Tenure:-From 12 September 1956
To 18 October 1957.

(6) I. I. Chaundrigar

Tenure:-From 18 October 1957
To 16 December 1957.

(7) Malik Feroz Khan Noon.

Tenure:-From 16 December 1957
To 07 October 1958.

⑥

Martial Law

In 1958 Ayub Khan dismissed the government of Iskander Mirza and imposed Martial Law.

Ans :- 03

Geography of Pakistan ::

- (1) Pakistan is bordered by India to the east which covered **3,323 Km (2,065) mile** border.
- (2) Afghanistan is located in the northwest of Pakistan and covered **2670 km** border.
- (3) Iran is situated in the west and covered **959 Km** border.
- (4) China borders the country in the northeast and covered **592 Km** border.

(7)

(5) Arabian Sea situated in the South.

~~(6)~~

Area:-

Pakistan cover 796,096 Square kilometer distances.

Provinces:-

There are five provinces in Pakistan.

- (1) Punjab
- (2) K. P. K
- (3) Balochistan
- (4) Sindh
- (5) Gilgit. Baltistan.

(1) Punjab:-

Punjab covered 25%

Area.

(2) K-P-K:-

K-P-K covered 13%

Area.

(3) Balochistan:-

Balochistan covered

43%

area.

(4) Sindh ⁽⁸⁾
Sindh covered 17%
area.

Seventh largest Country:

Pakistan is seventh largest
Country on the base of
population.

Climate:

Pakistan is located
at the side of the sun
slant to much especially
in Pakistan.

Pakistan can be
divided into four seasons.

Seasons of Pakistan:

- (1) Winter
- (2) Summer
- (3) Autumn
- (4) Spring.

Winter:

Winter start from
December and end in February

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Summer:

From May to

August.
Autumn:

From September to
November.

Spring:

From March to
April.
End of