Name Raham Zeb ID:13074



Department of Electrical Engineering

Final Examination Summer-20



Subject: Power System Analysis

Electrical Engineering

Engr. Shayan Tariq Jan

Time Allowed: 180 minutes

Max Marks: 50
23rd Sep, 2020

ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS

Question No: 1

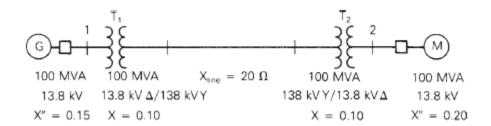
a) A three-phase 765-kV, 60-Hz, 300-km, completely transposed line has impedance and admittance of z = 0.0165 + j0.3306 ohm/km and $y = j4.674 \times 10^{-6}$ S/km. Calculate the exact ABCD parameters of the line. (10)

Question No: 2

- a) What is surge impedance of transmission lines and how can it be found
- (5)
- b) What are the different reactive power compensation techniques used in transmission lines (5)

Question No: 3

a) Draw and explain the equivalent fault circuit diagram of the following three phase circuit, and then draw and explain the post fault condition of the circuit. (5)



b) A fault occurs in the above system. The fault voltage is 1.05<0 kV. The load current is 3.984<-18.19 kA. Find the fault current and Generator current. (5)

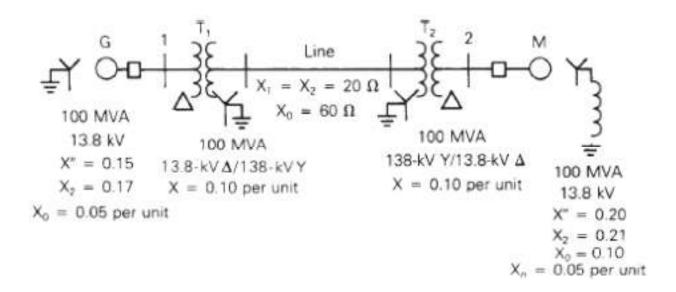
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Question No: 4

- a) What are bus-bars and what are the type of bus bars used in transmission lines (4)
- b) What is the effect of Voltage on the number of insulators, distance from ground and distance between phases of Transmission Lines (5)

Question No: 5

A single-line diagram of the power system considered in Example 7.3 is shown in Figure 9.3, where negative- and zero-sequence reactances are also given. The neutrals of the generator and Δ -Y transformers are solidly grounded. The motor neutral is grounded through a reactance $X_n = 0.05$ per unit on the motor base. (a) Draw the per-unit zero-, positive-, and negative-sequence networks on a 100-MVA, 13.8-kV base in the zone of the generator. (b) Reduce the sequence networks to their Thévenin equivalents, as viewed from bus 2. Prefault voltage is $V_F = 1.05/0^{\circ}$ per unit. Prefault load current and Δ -Y transformer phase shift are neglected.

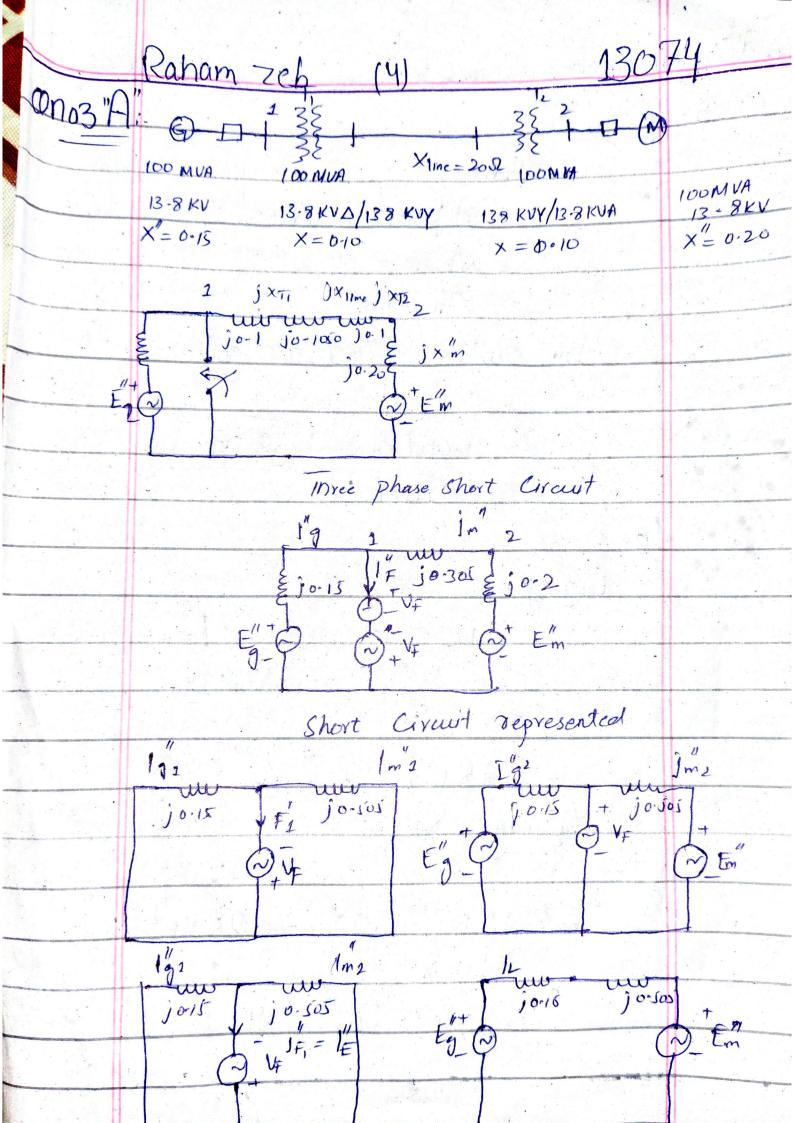


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Ono1:	The second secon
and the second s	Solutionso
	Z=0.0165+j0.3306
	=0.33/0L87.14°NKm
	7= j4 674 x10-6
	=4.674 x106 L905/Km
	The characteristic impedance
	$7c = \frac{7}{4.674 \times 10^{6} \text{ Lgo}}$
	1 ~ 4.674x15° L90°
	= 2.66.12-1.43° N
	The propagation constant Y = 177 XL
	J = 177 XL
	= J(0.3310 L87.14°) (4.674 X10 L90°) X300
	= 11.547x66 L177.14° x300
	$= 0.3731 L 88.57^{\circ}$
	= 0.00931 + j 0.3730 per unit

13074 Raham Zeb (2)

pyl = 0.00931 es0.3730 -1.0094 Lo. 3730 radians = 0.9400 + j 0.3678 -(11) -0.00931 -j0.3730 = 0.9907 L - 0.3730 radians =0.9226 - j0.36=10Coshyl = ey + e-y1 = 0.9313 + j0.0034= 0.93131-0.209° sinty = ey + ey 0.9400 + j 0.3678-(0.9226-j0.3610) =0.0087 + j0.3664= 6.3645 L 38.63°

Raham Zeb anoza partia" Ans) The characteristic impedance or surge impedance (usually) written Zo) of a uniform transmission line is the ratio of the amplitude of voltage and current of a single wave propagation along the line that is a wave travelling in one direction in the absence of reflection in other direction ono2: part "B" Ans) There are different technologies for reactive power Compensation these include: Capacitax Bank, series Compensator, Shunt reactor, Static MR Compensator (SVC) - Static Synchronous Compensator (STATOM), and Synchronous Condensar.



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and the same of the same of	part's:	5)	
	Solution	on :-	
	74	1) Fault CI	invent :
	IF:	ZTh	
	by p	utting values,	we get:
		1.05/0 =	-j9.079]
	2)	jo.11565	
		tos current:	
		IL = 100 (53) (1.05	- L-cos 0.95
		(3)(10)	D X (O / D)
NA pulsa sa masa na di a con managana sa managana da garaga g	-3.	9845 L-18.19°	Kv
	Putting	J values	we get
			=0.95242-18.19
	to the first the second of the	9048-50.20	174
	10	101- 70.50), Anci

Raham Zeb Onoy: part "A" Ans: A busber is a metallic strip or box typically housed inside switchgear, pand board and busing enclosives for local high current pours distribution. They are also used to connect high voltage equipment at electrical switchyards and low voltage equipment in battery banks Types of busbons= & single Bus-Ber Awangement. A single Bus-Box Anangement with Bus sectionalizing. x Main and transfer Bus attangement A Double Bus double Breaker entrangement. A sectionalized double bus arrangement. A one and a half Breaker arrangement & Ring Main Arrangement. & Mesh arrangement.

13074 Raham Zeb 0no5: Line LOOMVA 100MVA 13.8KV 13.8KVA 138.KY 138KVY 13.8KV Xo = 0.05 per unit x=0.10 per unit x=0-10 per unit LOOMVA 13.8KV 20-20 22=0.21 20=0.10 xn = 0.05 per unit 10.10 joilo Jo.b 10.05 6.315 (a) Zero sequence network

10

Raham Zeb 13074 jolo 01.01 jox 10.105 E=1.05/0 16) positive sequence network joilo 50,105 3 10.21 10 Negative sequence network