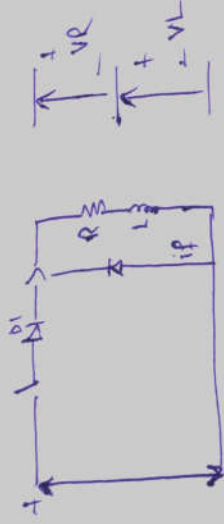


Assigning

Course Title Power ElectronicsInstructor Engr. Shayan TaqirName Aziz Ali ID 11440Q1 ② Solution A diode circuit with an RL load.

When switch S_1 is closed and $t=0$ the current through the inductor increases and is expressed as

$$V_s = V_L + V_R = L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri$$

With the initial $i(t=0) = 0$ $i(t)$ is expressed

$$i(t) = \frac{V_s}{R} (1 - e^{-tR/L})$$

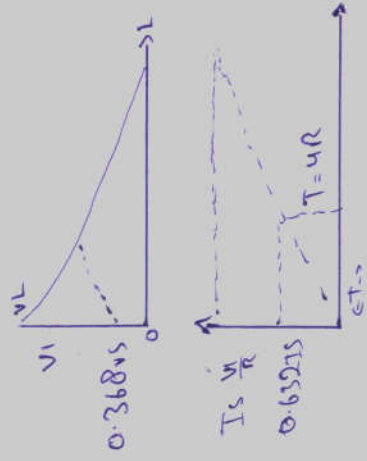
The initial value of rise of the current

$$\text{at } t=0 \text{ is obtained } \left. \frac{di}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = \frac{V_s}{L}$$

The voltage across the inductor is

$$V_L(t) = L \frac{di}{dt} = V_s e^{-tR/L}$$

where L/R is the time constant of an RL load. The wave forms for the voltage and current.



Free wheeling Diode

- A Free wheeling diode is basically a diode connected across the inductive load for minutes to prevent the development of high voltage across the switch.
- when the inductive circuit is switched off this diode gives a short circuit path for the flow of inductor decay current and hence dissipation of stored energy in the inductor.
- this diode is also called flywheel or back diode



Q1) Given Data.

$$V_{DS} = 44V$$

$$V_T = 0V$$

find V_{GS}

Solution

If we know the.

where for saturation

$$V_{DS} = V_{GS} - V_T$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{GS} - V_T$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{GS} - V_T$$

where

$$V_{GS} = V_{DS} + V_T$$

Putting value

$$V_{GS} = 44 + 0$$

$$\boxed{V_{GS} = 44V}$$



Q2a

Ans A power electronic appliance of 500W, 220V, 5000Hz rating is using a power MOSFET for switching purpose. The power MOSFET is replaced with a power bipolar junction transistor with its effect on its performance and losses and efficiency on the appliance. The switching frequency will be lower of appliance because MOSFET have high switching frequency than the Bipolar junction transistor.

The losses will be low because losses in BJT is less than MOSFET have high switching frequency than BJT loss in appliance will be low another reason losses.

The BJT cannot operate at high frequency one of the impact on performance 5000Hz on state voltage law for BJT so the frequency of the impact on performance

The switching losses impact will increase due to BJT in appliance. But conduction losses will be ~~de~~ decrease because of BJT replace not appliance.



Q2 (B)

Ans The above appliance can be replaced with SCR as switch and impact its performance losses and efficiency is given. The SCR have no capabilities to handle high frequencies and will impact on its performance losses and efficiency. The SCR can handle more power voltage current which increase the efficiency of the appliance and one of the advantages efficiency.

The SCR can be protected because of the fuse, which can decrease losses used as the performance of the appliance improve.



Q3 a)

AZAZ Ali

11440

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Given data.

Range 8 to 40

$$R_C = 40 \Omega$$

$$V_{CC} = 440 \text{ V}$$

$$V_D = 10 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{BE} = 1.5 \text{ V}$$

Sol.

$$I_{CS} = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{CE(sat)}}{R_C}$$

$$= \frac{440 - 1}{40} = 10.9 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{BS} = \frac{I_{CS}}{\beta_{min}}$$

$$\frac{10.9}{8} = 1.3 \text{ A}$$

$$I_B = 0.015 + I_B$$

$$= 5 \times 1.3$$

$$I_B = 6.5 \text{ A}$$

$$I_B = \frac{V_B - V_{BE(sat)}}{R_B}$$

$$R_B = \frac{V_B - V_{BE(sat)}}{I_B}$$

$$R_B = \frac{10 \text{ V} - 1.5 \text{ V}}{1.5}$$

$$R_B = 5.6 \Omega$$

$$\beta_F = \frac{I_{CS}}{I_B}$$

$$= \frac{10.9}{6.5}$$

$$\beta_F = 1.6$$

$$P_T = V_{BE} I_B + V_{CE} I_C$$

$$P_T = 1.5 \times 6.5 + 1 \times 10.9$$

$$P_T = 20.6 \text{ W Ans}$$

