

Name : Lairv Zada

Department : M.L.T

ID : 17536

paper : pakistan study

Section : B

Exam : mid Term

MOTOWOTOFOS

H/W C/W (1)

Dated : 30.11.20.20

Attempt all the question

{ Question No 3 }

What do you know about the geography of Pakistan?

{ Ans No 3 }

The geography of Pakistan is a profound blend of landscapes varying from plains to desert, forests, and plateaus ranging from the coastal area of the Arabia Sea in the South to the mountains of the Karakoram, Hindukash, Himalayas ranges in the North.

=> area and poplulation

It is cover total area 796096 Km² Sqm.

- 1) Punjab
- 2) KPK
- 3) Balochistan
- 4) Sindh

- 1) Balochistan is Cover area is (43%) of The total area
- 2) Punjab is Coverd area is (25%)
- 3) KpK is Coverd area is (13%)
- 4) Sindh is Coverd is Coverd area (17%)

Pakistan is bordered by India to the east, Afghanistan to the Northwest and Iran to the west while China borders the country in the Northwest. The nation is geographically placed with in some of the most controversial regional boundaries which have many-a-times escalated military tension b/w the nation e.g. that of Kashmir with India and the Durand Line with Afghanistan. Its western borders include the Khyber Pass and Bolan Pass that have served as traditional migration routes b/w Central Eurasia and South Asia.

{ Q No 1 }

Discuss Sir Syed Ahmad Khan educational and political services for the Muslim.

{ Ans No 1 }

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan (1817-1898) initially worked for East India Company as a jurist. After the 1857 independence war he published 'The Cause of India Mutiny' (Risala asbab baghaawat-e-Hind) a daring critique at the time.

1) { Two Nation Theory }

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan is regarded as one of the greatest defenders of Two Nation Theory because after the Hindu-Urdu controversy he was convinced that Hindus were not sincere toward the Muslim. Answering a query of Mr. Shakespere, Commissioner of Banaras he remarked

Now I am convinced that both these communities will not join whole-heartily in anything

For responsible of Aligarh Movement

- 1) Economic distress of muslim community
- 2) Educational backwardness of muslim
- 3) Need for better of social status
- 4) Need for friendly relation with British rulers

Educational Services

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the first muslim leader who realised the importance of education for his people in order to equip the muslim with the ornament of knowledge he opened the following education institution and societies which revolutionised the life of the muslim community


1817 - 1890

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan

flourished from 1817 - 1890 A.D

As the founder of Aligarh
Movement he is ranked among

the greatest muslim reformers
of the 19th century. He came
to the rescue of his co-religionists
after the war of independence
(1857) when British unleashed a
wave of vengeance against the
muslim.



{ Ans No 2 }

1st phase 1947 to 1958

After the partition of India on the midnight of 14 and 15 August 1947 Pakistan followed the British system by creating the post of prime minister. Based at the prime minister's secretariat, the Governor General of Pakistan, Quaid-e-Azam, appointed Liaquat Ali Khan to establish and lead his administration on 15 August 1947. Before the presidential system in 1960 '7' prime minister had served b/w 1947 until the imposition of martial law in 1958 by Ayub Khan.

Governer general of pakistom

- 1) 1st governer general = Quaid-e-Azam
- 2) Second Governer general = Nazim-uddin
- 3) Third Governer general = Ghulam
Muhammad
- 4) Lat Governer general = Sikandar Mirza

Prime Minister of pakistom

- 1st = Liaqat ali Khan
2nd = Nazim ud Din
3rd = Muhammad Ali Bogra
4th = Chudhary Muhammad Ali
5th = Hussain Shaheed Suharwardi
6th = I. I. Chandigarh
7th last = Feroz Khan