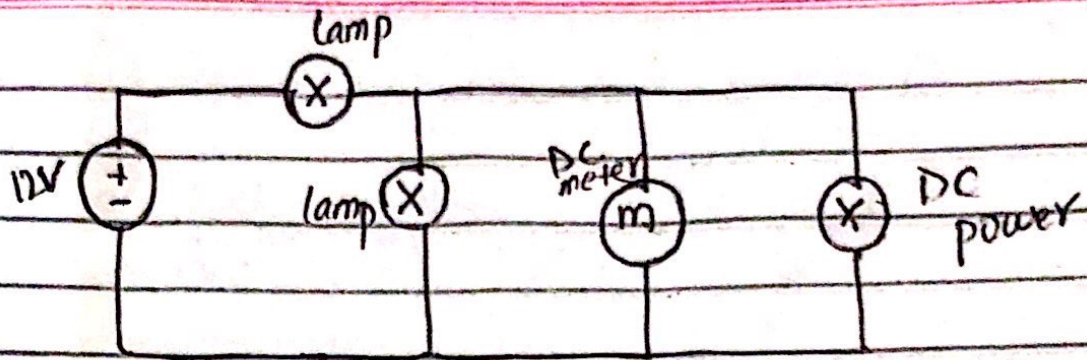


HASEEB ULLAH

ID NO 16314

Subject: Open ended Lab (LCA LAB)

TEACHER :- Sir Inaleed Jan Saib.



Solution:-

solving through nodals.

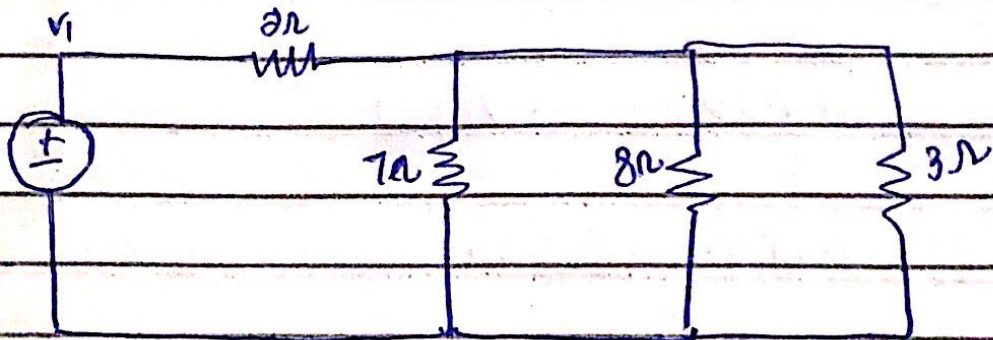
let

$$R_1 = 2$$

$$R_2 = 7$$

$$R_3 = 8$$

$$R_4 = 3$$



Apply KCL on node 1.

$$V_1 - V_2 = 12$$

$$2$$

$$V_1 - V_2 = 12 \times 2$$

$$V_1 - V_2 = 24$$

$$V_1 = 24 + V_2 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Applying KCL on node 2.

$$\frac{v_2 - v_1}{2} + \frac{v_2}{7} + \frac{v_2}{8} + \frac{v_2}{3}$$

Taking L.C.M

$$\frac{168v_2 - 168v_1 + 48v_2 + 48v_2 + 112v_2}{336}$$

$$\frac{370v_2 - 168v_1}{336} = 0$$

$$1.10v_2 - 0.5v_1 = 0$$

$$1.10v_2 = 0.5v_1$$

$$\frac{1.10v_2}{0.5} = v_1$$

$$2.2v_2 = v_1$$

$$v_1 - 2.2v_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

put the value of v_1 in eq (2)

$$(24 + v_2) - 0.2v_2 = 0$$

$$24 + v_2 - 0.2v_2 = 0$$

$$24 + 0.8v_2 = 0$$

$$0.8v_2 = -24$$

$$v_2 = -\frac{24}{0.8}$$

$$v_2 = -30$$

Putting the value of v_2 in eq (1)

$$v_1 = 24 + v_2$$

$$v_1 = 24 + (-30)$$

$$v_1 = -6$$

find current

$$(i) \quad I_1 = \frac{v_1}{R_1}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{-6}{2}$$

$$I_1 = -3A$$

$$(ii) \quad I_2 = V_2 / R_2$$

$$I_2 = -30 / 7$$

$$I_2 = -4.28A$$

$$(iii) \quad I_3 = V / R_3$$

$$I_3 = -30 / 8$$

$$I_3 = -3.75A$$

$$I_4 = V / R_4$$

$$I_4 = -30 / 3$$

$$I_4 = -10$$

final voltage.

$$(i) \quad V_1 = I_1 R_1$$

$$V_1 = I_1 R_1$$

$$V_1 = -3(2)$$

$$V_1 = -6V$$

$$(ii) \quad V_2 = I_2 R_2$$

$$V_2 = -4.28(7)$$

$$V_2 = -29.96V$$

$$(iii) \quad V_3 = I_3 R_3$$

$$V_3 = -3.75(8)$$

$$\boxed{V_3 = -30V}$$

$$V_4 = I_4 R_4$$

$$V_4 = -2(3)$$

$$V_4 = -6V$$

find power

$$(i) P_1 = V_1 \times I_1$$

$$P_1 = -6 \times -3$$

$$P_1 = 18 \text{ W}$$

$$(ii) P_2 = V_2 \times I_2$$

$$P_2 = -29.96 \times -4.28$$

$$P_2 = 128.22 \text{ W}$$

$$(iii) P_3 = V_3 \times I_3$$

$$P_3 = -30 \times -3.75$$

$$P_3 = 112.5 \text{ W}$$

$$(iv) P_4 = V_4 \times I_4$$

$$P_4 = -6 \times (-10)$$

$$P_4 = 60 \text{ W}$$