

**Exam: MID SEMESTER ASSIGNMENT****SPRING 2020****Subject: Data Structure & Algorithm****Teacher Name: Sir, Muhammad Adil Asst: Prof.****Name: AMIR ABBAS****ID: 15499**

Q.1(a): Let the size of A[ ] be 15654 and the lower bound be 36767, Calculate the upper bound.

Ans.1(a):

Solution:

Ub = ?

As Size of A [ ] =  $ub - lb + 1$

Ub = Size of A [ ] + lb - 1

Ub = 15654 + 36767 - 1

So, **Ub = 52,420 Answer**

Q.1 (b): Suppose a list of 350 elements is to be sorted using bubble sort, then find

- i. Total Number of passes.
- ii. Total Number of Steps.
- iii. Number of Steps in pass # 137.
- iv. Number of Steps in pass # 193.

Ans. 1 (b):

- i. As, no of passes =  $n - 1$   
 $= 350 - 1$   
 $= 349.$
- ii. As, no of steps =  $\frac{n(n-1)}{2} = \frac{350}{2} (349)$   
 $= 61,075$
- iii. As, no of Steps in 137 =  $n - pass\ no$   
 $= 349 - 193 = 212$
- iv. As, no of Steps in 193 =  $349 - 193$   
 $= 156$

Q.2: Sort the give list using selection sort.

10 , 15 , 0 , 7 , 8 , 6

Ans.2: Selection Sort

$n=6$

Steps =  $n - 1$

$= 6 - 1$

$= 5$

**Step # 1:**

**Element = 15**

10 , (15) , (0) , 7 , 8 , 6

0 , 15 , 10 , 7 , 8 , 6

**Step # 2: Element = 15**

0 , (15) , 10 , 7 , 8 , (6)

0, 6, 10, 7, 8, 15

**Step # 3: Element = 10**

0, 6, (10), (7), 8, 15

0, 6, 7, 10, 8, 15

**Step # 4: Element = 10**

0, 6, 7, (10), (8), 15

0, 6, 7, 8, 10, 15

**Step # 5: Element = 10**

0, 6, 7, 8, 10, 15

So

**10** is at its **proper position**.

So the list is **sorted**.

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Q.3: MCQ's

Ans.3:

- i. **Physical** data structures may deal with only a single value.
  - ii. **Logical** data structures with multiple values.
  - iii. The logical / mathematical organization of data is called **Data Structure**.
  - iv. A tree is a **Number – Linear** data structure.
  - v. An array is a **Linear** data structure.
  - vi. List must be sorted for **Linear** searching.
  - vii.  $17 \text{ int} - \text{div } 2 = \mathbf{8}$
  - viii. An investigation parade of criminals is an example of **File**.
  - ix. Number of fields in a record is called **Degree of record**.
  - x. Number of records in a block is called **Blocking Factor**.
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