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SECTION:- A

SUBJECT :- ARCHITECYURE AND TOWN PLANING

DEPARTMEN :- Bs (CIVIL ENGINEERING)

SUBMITTED TO :- ALINA BABAR

QUATION NO 1:-

Point out slums in Peshawar. What steps would you recommend to improve the livelihood of people living in these slums? While suggesting slum improvements keep the current economic and political situation of the government in mind as well as pay careful attention to the context.

ANSWER :-

SLUMS IN PESHAWER:-

Peshawar is the capital of kpk its is also big city of kpk where majorty of people living in Peshawar . there are some famous places where slums are found in majorty

- (1) Gujjar camp
- (2) Changarabad
- (3) Tajabad
- (4) Shaheedabad

(5) Ghareb abad

The city of Peshawar received a bulk of population from the various parts of KPK towards overpopulation. Low-income families have accommodated their slaves in the surrounding areas of the city. These include Ghareb Abad and Gujar Camp. These are the areas where the slums in majority. They have got negative effects on the surrounding as well as health such as Hepatitis A, Hepatitis B, Typhoid, Cholera, and Polio. Urban slums are the main point in Peshawar.

GUJJAR CAMP:-

In this area, the side effects of slums are in majority. There are many diseases which are active from these slums. There are many other things which are very deficient to that people.

Like hospital issues, water issues, education, and there are many others like roads, electricity.

In Gujar Camp, the people are in very critical conditions because they have nothing. No electricity at night, every time is dark and only darkness, no water supply, no toilets, that people always hope for a good day.



In these slums areas in peshawer the government should provide them the education system construct the primary school for them because there is lack of education facilities. The government are also repair them the roads that they travel ring road easily rich that they construct these zones or provide them new road in all the slums area but the school are every important to construct also provide them the health facilities. in slum areas some houses are made are mud or clay and their drainage system is not also good and also they want for children some parks and there is also sanitation problem but now a day our government is not that much good so state a work on it gradually create that facilities for that poor and hopeless people.

Improvement of life hood from slums :-

To conduct a comprehensive survey in Gharibabad Camp I and II and identify the major

:To conduct the comprehensive survey and identify the major problem faced by the resident of slums area

:To assess the existing situation of water and sanitation study area

:Study to the water waste disposal and its management facilities

QUESTION NO 2:

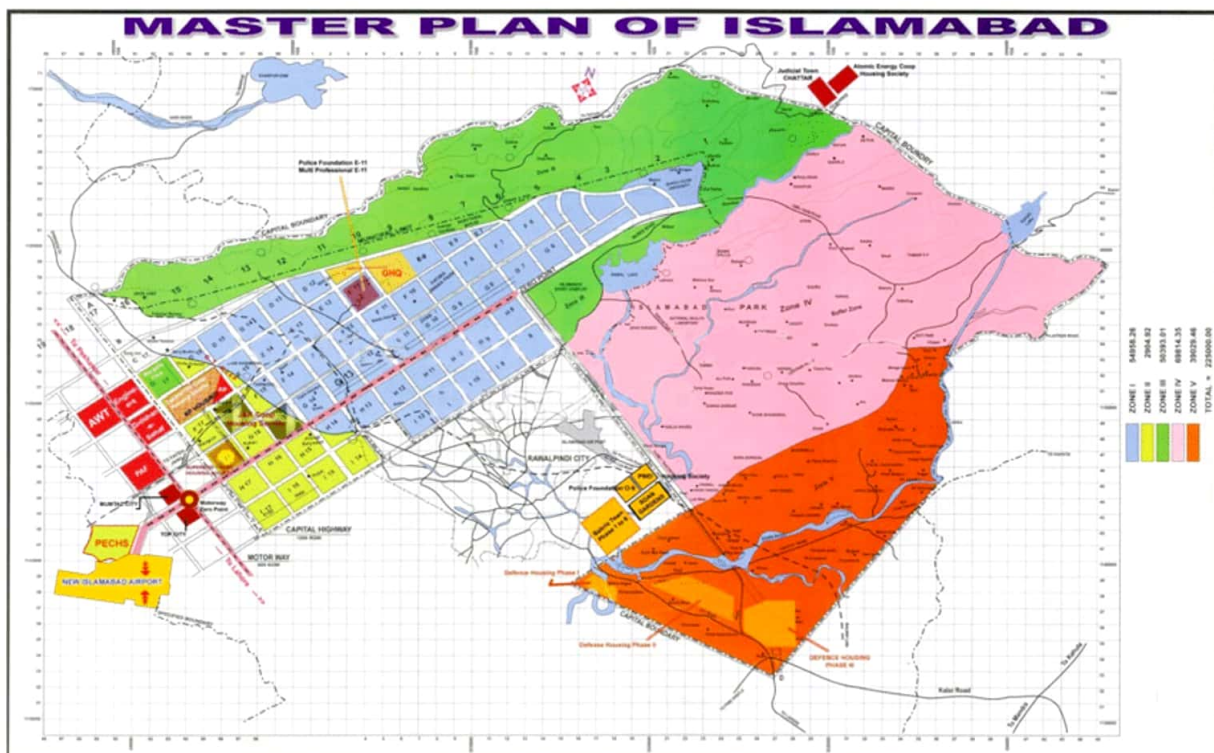


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Explain the structure and pattern of Islamabad Master Plan. Also mention what could have been done during the planning stage to make this master plan better or mention what was done wrong while planning Islamabad by criticizing it?

ANSWER:-

islamabad master plan:



After the formation of Pakistan in 1947, it was felt that Islamabad permanent Capital City had to be built to reflect the diversity of the Pakistani nation. It was considered

pertinent to locate the new capital where it could be isolated from the business and commercial activity of the Karachi, and yet is easily accessible from the remotest corner of the country. A commission was accordingly set in motion in 1958, entrusted with the task of selecting a suitable site for the new capital with a particular emphasis on location, climate, logistics and defense requirements, aesthetics, and scenic and natural beauty.

After extensive research, feasibility studies and a thorough review of various sites, the commission recommended the area North East of the historic garrison city of Rawalpindi. After the final decision of the National Cabinet, it was put into practice. A Greek firm, Doxiadis Associates devised a master plan based on a grid system, with its north facing the Margallah Hills. The long-term plan was that Islamabad would eventually encompass Rawalpindi entirely, stretching to the West of the historic Grand Trunk road.

As per Master Plan, the metropolitan area of Islamabad was divided into three major parts i.e Islamabad, National Park (Islamabad Park), Rawalpindi and the Cantonment.

Implementing water, wastewater, and stormwater master plans has presented many challenges for Islamabad and is becoming more and more complex with economic, social, and environmental pressures. As we increase our awareness of how we think about the value of master

plans of islamabad and the master planning process, we have an opportunity to address some of the issues we have had with implementation in the past. We can accomplish this through a change in the way we have traditionally developed our master plans and how we keep them updated. While every utility/municipality is unique, a general best-practice master planning approach, outlined it can be applied to master planning efforts. The best practice approach shows that when developing or updating a master plan, a series of data inputs must be considered. Some of these inputs efforts already in existence at certain utilities, and some can be developed specifically for the master plan. Each data input should be assigned to an individual who is accountable for overseeing that input and communicating with internal and external groups as necessary to obtain up-to-date information and data. The group of assigned individuals, the master plan team' should meet regularly at defined interval discuss changes that may impact the master plan. A change can trigger the need to revisit an existing master plan and determine if an update to the resulting list of projects and programs is needed. There is great value in the process of developing a master plan of Islamabad and keeping it updated. It is these processes that promote the communication among stakeholders of islamabad and the master plan team needed to keep a master plan up to date, dynamic, and useful as a decision-making tool. When

a master plan is being developed, it is an opportunity to engage stakeholders and the public and elevate strategic planning. Engaging the right stakeholders can lead to more efficient and informed decision making and consequently, a more sustainable, comprehensive, and usable master plan

QUESTION NO 3:-

Which Land use model best represents Peshawar (i.e. Concentric Zone Model, Sector Model or Multiple Nuclei Model). After identifying Model Type, mark (sketch) all the zones (i.e. CBD, Residential, Industrial etc.) on the map as discussed in the model. Additionally, explain the form of Peshawar city.

NOTE: You can use Peshawar map attached below or Google Map to study and understand the Layout of Peshawar. Print the Map on A4 page and sketch all zones of Land use Model on it. Or you can use paint tool or any other image editing tool to mark zones.

ANSWER NO 3:-

Multiple Nuclei Model

CBD

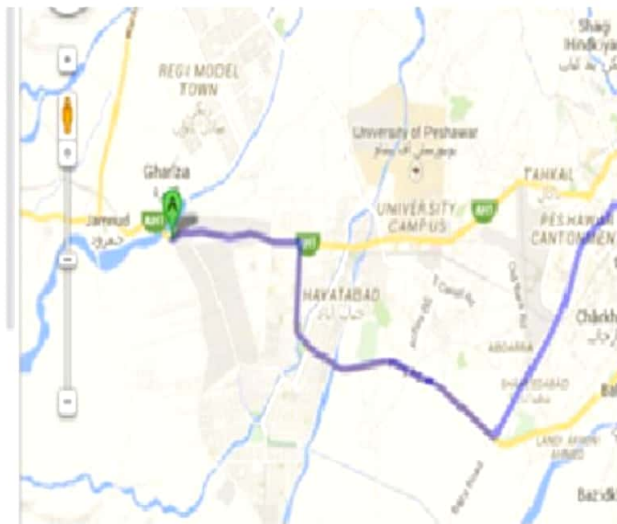
University road



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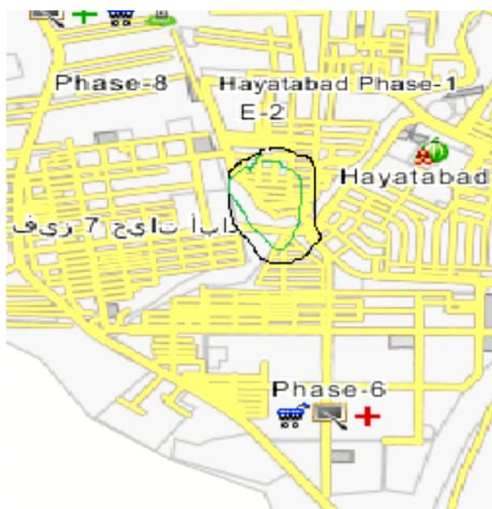
Peshawar Saddar



Residential Area



INDUSTRIAL ZONE



HAYATABAD



Peshawar is multiple nuclei model because every thing is separated in Peshawar residential area is separated

Hayatabad

Shopping center are separated



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Industrial streets are separated.