Name: Kaleem Ullah Khan

<u>ID: 7681</u>

SEC: 'C' 8th semester

QUESTION NO "1" PART (A)

ANSWER

Reservoirs

A natural or artificial place where water is collected and stored for use, especially water for supplying a community, irrigating land, furnishing power, etc.

OR

A receptacle or chamber for holding a liquid or fluid

Economical Reservoir

Service reservoir is the most economical because it is entirely man made. Its frame construction is easy as no need of any natural water body diversion. It also requires small space.

QUESTION NO"1" PART (B)

ANSWER

There are two types of embankments.

Earth-fill embankment

Rock-fill embankment

The most suitable embankment for hilly areas is **Rock-fill embankment** because of the following reasons:

 It contains about 50% or more rock-fill materials of the total volume of constituents thus can be easily available in hilly areas and are economical because of minimizing of transport charges.

2. Similarly it is constructed on hard rock type foundation which can be easily available in hilly areas as well as rock forms best foundation material which are free from faults, seams of soft shals or clay etc.

QUESTION NO "2"

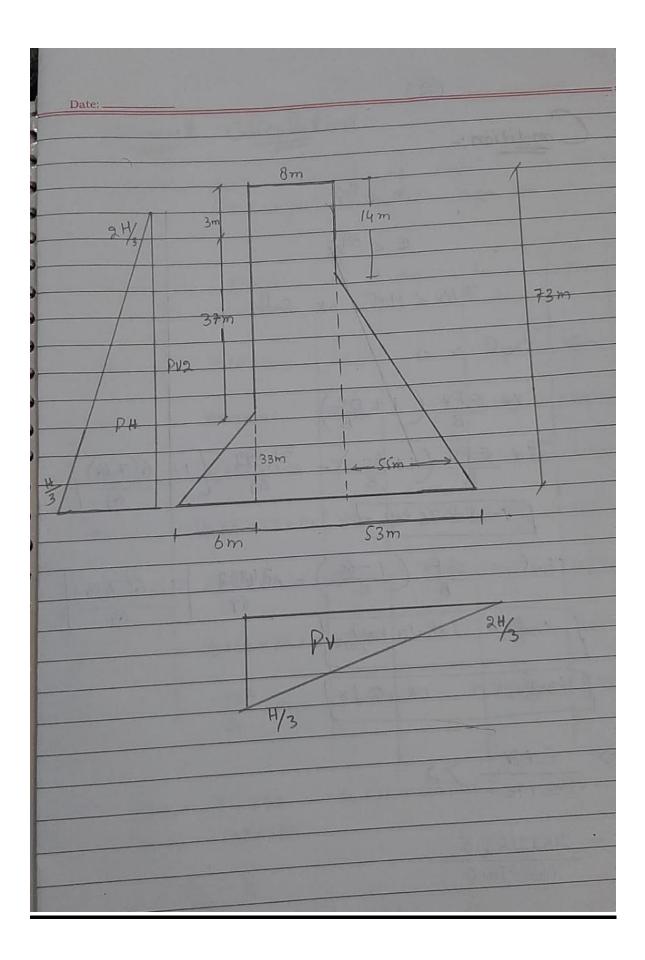
Types of Spillways

Different types of spillways are as follows:

- 1. Straight Drop Spillway
- 2. Ogee Spillway
- 3. Shaft Spillway
- 4. Chute Spillway.
- 5. Side Channel Spillway
- 6. Siphon Spillway
- 7. Labyrinth Spillway

In a condition where freezing point of water is less than -10 degree centigrade in winter the most efficient spillway is chute spillway because chute spillway disposed water from upstream to the downstream through a steeply sloped open channel, So that the flow will be very fast the flowing water pressure will be high and will be in supercritical condition that will dissipate energy from the falling water, energy dissipaters are also provided in this type of spillway thus the temperature of water will go high and it will not allow water to freeze and stop. So the water will move freely and this cold area also and this type of spillway as the water flow from steeply channel so that the kinetic energy will take place and increase the temperature of water.

QUESTION NO "3" SOLUTION



Moment Colculation:
Assume Unit weight of Conexete ve = 24 km/m³

Unit weight of uniter 8w = 10 km/m³

Au Linn				
1/2 x 6 x 3 3 x 2 4	2376		63+6 -65	
8x73x24	14016		1,000	
1/2 x 5 5 x 5 9 x 24	38140	(IIII)		
1/2 x 6 x 33 x 10	990		63+2×6 -69	66330
6x37x10	2220		63+6 = 66	146520
-1/2 x 69 x 70 x 10	-24150		69 x2 = 4	6 1110700
-70 ² x (0	- 24500		70x1/3=2	3:3 570.850
	1/2 x 5 x 5 x 5 x 10 1/2 x 6 x 3 3 x 10 6 x 3 7 x 10 -1/2 x 6 9 x 7 0 x 10	1/2 x 6 x 3 3 x 10 990 6x 3 7 x 10 2220 -1/2 x 69 x 70 x 10 -24150	1/2 x 6 x 33 x 10 990 6x 37 x 10 2220 -1/2 x 69 x 70 x 10 -24150	$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 33 \times 10 990 \qquad 63 + \frac{2 \times 6}{3} = 66$ $-\frac{1}{2} \times 69 \times 70 \times 10 -\frac{2410}{3} \qquad 69 \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$

EMV = 2622163. EFV= 34392 & FH = 24500 EMO= 1681750

2622163.8-1681750 x =

34392

71 = 27.34m

(2) ondition: e < 8/6 e < 69/6 7.10 < 11.5 DK Safe 34392 Y- 808-76 KN/m2/ 34392 Thee = 188.10 KN/m2 Theol > 0 OK Sale = 2622163.8 1681750.0 = 1.56+2 Not safe => EM > EMO 2622163.8 > 1681750.0 OK Safe