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Name Azhar Unnas ID# 17790 Section 'A'
Sir syed Ahmad Khan political service:

(02)
Sir syed Ahmad Khan was a Eminent political figure and a great visionary. He was renowned Muslim reformer of the 19th Century. At first Sir syed Ahmad Khan was supporting All India national Congress but due to some defect of Hindia Urdu Controversy he realized that Hindu Muslims will not be live in a single state after British. After that He present Two nation theory. The basic aim to present Two nation theory ~~was~~ were the life style of Hindu and Muslims. The Muslims were worshipping Allah and Hindus worship Idols, Muslims were eating cows meat which were prohibited for Hindus and they totally opposed it. The Muslim culture is totally different from Hindus. After looking these issues Sir syed came to know that both these Communities will not joint whole heartly anything. At present there was no open hostility between this two Communities.

Name Azheer Unnas ID# 17790 Section 'A' (03)
Ans #2

1st political and Constitutional phase of
1947 to 1958.

After the partition of India on the mid night of 14
and 15 August, 1947 Pakistan followed the British
System by creating the post of prime minister. Based
the prime minister Secretariate the governor general of Pak-
istan Quaid-i-Azam appointed Liaquat Ali Khan to
establish and lead his administration on 15th Aug
1947. Before the presidential system in 1960 "7"
prime ministers had served between 1947 until Martial
Law in 1958 by Ayub Khan till 1971.

Governor general of Pakistan:

1st governor general Quaid-i-Azam 1947-48

2nd governor general Khwaja Nazim Uddin 1948-51

3rd governor general Ghulam Muhammad 1951-55

Last governor general Iskandar Mirza 1956

president Iskandar Mirza.

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Prime Minister of Pakistan:

- 1st Liaqat ali Khan 14 Aug 1947 - Oct 1951
- 2nd Nazim Uddin 17-Oct 1951 - 17 April 1953
- 3rd Muhammad Ali Rogra 17 April 1953 - 12 Aug 1956
- 4th Chaudry Muhammad Ali 12-Aug 1955 - 12-Sep-1956
- 5th Husain Shaheed Suhrawardy 12-Sep-1956 - 17-Oct-1957
- 6th I.I Chaudhry 16-dec-1957 -

Last but not the least Feroz Khan Noon

7th Oct 1958

Constitution phase 1948 and 1956

Main parts of 1956 Constitution

- God is one
- Pakistan name will not be changed
- The president must be Muslim
- The national language must be Urdu
- Minorities rights should be protected

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Ans #3

Geography of Pakistan:

Pakistan is located in South Asia from the north-west of sub-continent of India. It lies between the latitude of 23, 31 and 36, 45 north and between the longitudes 61, 75 and 31, 15 east. It is bounded to the west by Iran to the east by India to the north by Afghanistan which is called Durand line into the south by Arabian sea. Pakistan's boundary with India (1610 km) boundary with China (585 km) boundary with Afghanistan (1852 km) and boundary with Iran (805 km).

Area and population of Pakistan:

Pakistan covers an area of 796,096 km² square. Population is divided into four provinces: Punjab, Sindh, KPK, Balochistan and Gilgit Baltistan. Balochistan is the largest province covering 43% of the total area, Punjab is 25%, Sindh 17% and KPK covering 8%. At the time of the partition of the sub-continent in 1947, the population of Pakistan was only 3 crore and ranked 7th. Presently, Pakistan is the 7th most populated country in the world. China is the largest populated country, India is the 2nd largest populated country in the world.

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Climate of Pakistan:

Climate of Pakistan is extremely dry in a base of climate condition. ~~at~~ cloud weather december and march hot weather April and July, Monsoon weather July, September post Monsoon weather October, Mid december. Pakistan is the country where you see four season in a year (Spring, Summer, autumn and winter) now the whole world is facing Global warming ~~effect~~ which also effect Pakistan. The only cause of global warming is the deforestation ~~to~~ due to which the trees are being unnecessary cut off.

Name Azhar Unnas ID#17790 Section 'A' (01)

Ans #1: Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was born on October 17, 1817 Dehli India he was commonly known as Sir Syed Ahmad Khan also sayyid Ahmad Khan. He was an Islamic pragmatist, Islamic reformer and philosopher of nineteenth century British India.

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan Educational reforms:

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan was the first Muslim leader who realized the importance of education for his people in the order of equip the Muslim with ornaments of knowledge he opened the following institutions and societies which revolutioned the Muslims of communities. He build two Madrasa in Muradabad in 1858 and Ghaziabad 1862 which impacted pre-education in persian. In 1864 he laid the foundation of Scientific society which translated English works into Urdu. He also build high school Aligarh in 1875 later on it was converted into college and University. He also realized Muslims that without education we will not be able to develop or successful so if we want to be successful then we need give first priority to education.

In first the Muslim were not in favour of Sir Syed about the education the people were consider that getting education is not mandatory and we don't need of it but Sir Syed realized them that to be a Muslim they must give importance to education.