

Submitted By : Shah Sawar Khan

ID : 7712

Section : A

Date : 22-08-2020

Submitted To : Engr. Usama Ali

Question: 1

Given data:

The state of stresses which are given as;

$$\sigma_x = -40 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_y = 70 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = -50 \text{ MPa}$$

Required data:

Determine the state of stress at point rotated at 15° in clockwise direction

Solution:

The given stresses are

$$\sigma_x = -40 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_y = 70 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = -50 \text{ MPa}$$

When we rotate the element of beam at 15° in clockwise direction then we find σ_{x_1} , σ_{y_1} and $\tau_{x_1 y_1}$

First we find σ_{x_1} as,

$$\sigma_{x_1} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\theta + \tau_{xy} \sin 2\theta$$

So

$$\sigma_{x_1} = \frac{-40+70}{2} + \left(\frac{-40-70}{2}\right) \cos 2(-15^\circ) + (-50) \sin 2(-15^\circ)$$

$$\sigma_{x_1} = -7.63 \text{ MPa}$$

Now we have to find σ_{y_1}

$$\sigma_{y_1} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} - \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\theta - \tau_{xy} \sin 2\theta$$

$$\sigma_{y_1} = \frac{-40+70}{2} - \left(\frac{-40-70}{2}\right) \cos 2(-15) - (-50) \sin 2(-15)$$

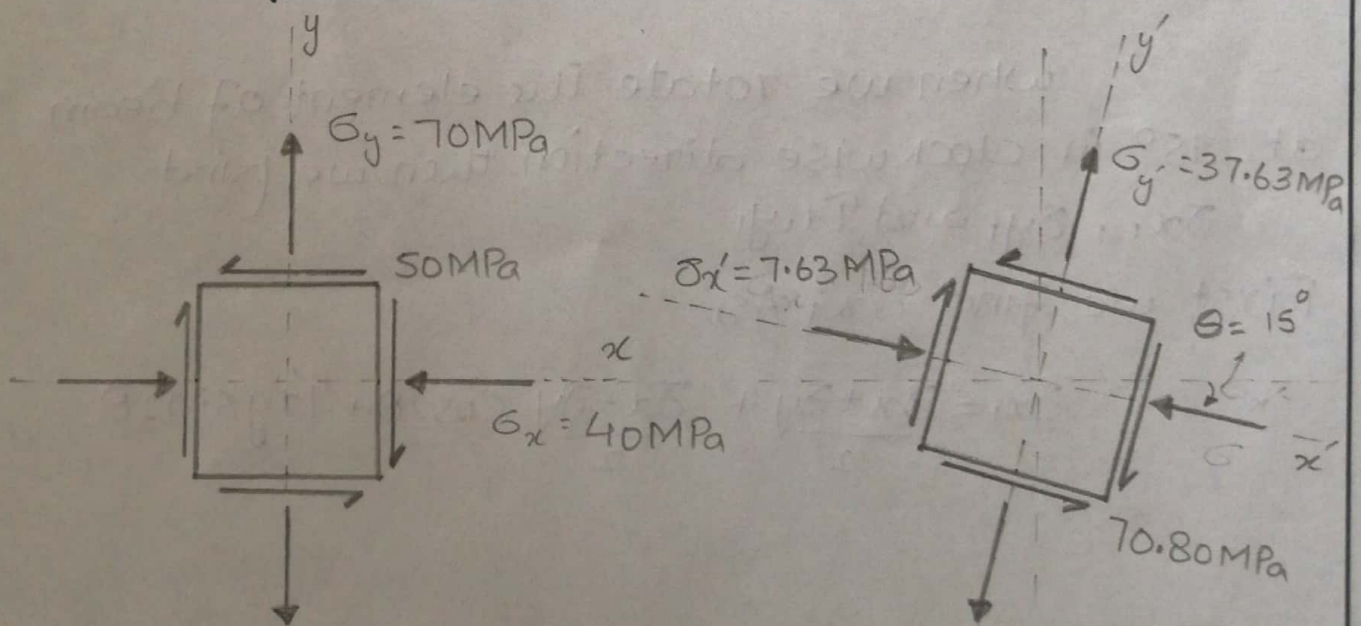
$$\sigma_{y_1} = 37.63 \text{ MPa}$$

Also we have to find $\tau_{x_1 y_1}$

$$\tau_{x_1 y_1} = \frac{-(\sigma_x - \sigma_y)}{2} \sin 2\theta + \tau_{xy} \cos 2\theta$$

$$\tau_{x_1 y_1} = \frac{-(-40-70)}{2} \sin 2(-15^\circ) + (-50) \cos 2(-15)$$

$$\tau_{x_1 y_1} = -70.80 \text{ MPa}$$



Question : 2

Part: a:

Given data:

The state of stresses which are given as;

$$\sigma_x = -40 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_y = 70 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = -50 \text{ MPa}$$

Required data:

Principal plane = ?

Principal stresses = ?

Solution:

First we find principle plane;

$$\tan 2\theta_p = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}$$

$$\tan 2\theta_p = \frac{2(-50)}{-40 - 70}$$

$$\tan 2\theta_p = 0.9091$$

$$2\theta_p = \tan^{-1}(0.9091) = 42.27$$

$$\theta_{p_2} = \frac{42.27}{2}$$

$$\theta_{p_2} = 21.14^\circ$$

For X-Axis

Also

$$2\theta_{P_1} = 42.27 + 180$$

$$2\theta_{P_1} = 222.27$$

$$\theta_{P_1} = \frac{222.27}{2}$$

$$\theta_{P_1} = 111.135^\circ \quad \text{For } \gamma\text{-Axis}$$

Now we have to find principal stresses as;

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{-40 + 70}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{-40 - 70}{2}\right)^2 + (-50)^2}$$

$$\sigma_1 = 89.33 \text{ MPa}$$

Also

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{-40 + 70}{2} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{-40 - 70}{2}\right)^2 + (-50)^2}$$

$$\sigma_2 = -59.33 \text{ MPa}$$

We must check which angle goes with which principal ~~axis~~ stresses

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{x_1} &= \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\theta + \tau_{xy} \sin 2\theta \\ &= \frac{-40 + 70}{2} + \left(\frac{-40 - 70}{2}\right) \cos 2(21.14) + (-50) \sin(21.14) \end{aligned}$$

$$\sigma_{x_1} = -59.33 \text{ MPa}$$

Hence

$$\sigma_1 = 89.33 \text{ MPa with } \theta_{P_1} = 111.135^\circ$$

$$\sigma_2 = -59.33 \text{ MPa with } \theta_{P_2} = 21.14^\circ$$

Part: b:

Given data:

$$\sigma_x = -40 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_y = 70 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\tau_{xy} = -50 \text{ MPa}$$

Required data:

Max: In-plane Shear Stress = ?

Max: Shear plane = ?

Solution:

First we find max: In plane Shear Stress

$$\begin{aligned} |\tau_{\text{max in plane}}| &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} \\ &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{-40 - 70}{2}\right)^2 + (-50)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$|\tau_{\text{max in plane}}| = 74.3 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{avg}} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} = \frac{-40 + 70}{2}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{avg}} = 15$$

Now we have to find Max: Shear plane

$$\tan 2\theta_s = \frac{-(\sigma_x - \sigma_y)}{2\tau_{xy}}$$

$$\tan 2\theta_s = \frac{-(-40 - 70)}{-50}$$

$$\tan 2\theta_s = -1.1$$

$$\theta_s = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}(1.1)$$

$$\theta_s = -23.9^\circ$$