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Question
NO # 1 : →

①

Answer : → By Euler's Method :

Given Data : →

$$y(0) = 1, h = 0.1, x_0 = 0$$

→ By formula

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + hf(x_n, y_n)$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h [2x_n]$$

1st Iteration : →

$$n = 0$$

$$y_1 = y_0 + h (2x_0)$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0.1 (2(0))$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0.1 (0)$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0$$

$$\boxed{y_1 = 1}$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + h$$

$$x_1 = 0 + 0.1$$

$$\boxed{x_1 = 0.1}$$

→
(P-T-O)

2nd Iteration :->

n = 1

y₂ = y₁ + h (2x₁)

y₂ = 1 + 0.1 (2(0.1))

y₂ = 1 + 0.1 (0.2)

y₂ = 1 + 0.02

y₂ = 1.02

x_{n+1} = x_n + h

x₂ = x₁ + h

x₂ = 0.1 + 0.1

x₂ = 0.2

3rd Iteration :->

Put n = 2

y₃ = y₂ + h (2x₂)

y₃ = 1.02 + 0.1 (2(0.2))

y₃ = 1.02 + 0.1 (0.4)

y₃ = 1.02 + 0.04

y₃ = 1.06

(P-T-O) =>

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$

Put $n=2$

$$x_{2+1} = x_2 + h$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + h$$

$$x_3 = 0.2 + 0.1$$

$$x_3 = 0.3$$



(B) By Modified Euler method.

(4)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$$

Given data: →

$$y_0 = 1, x_0 = 0, h = 0.1$$

Formula

$$y_{n+1}^* = y_n + h [f(x_n)]$$

$$y_{n+1}^* = y_n + h (2x_n) \longrightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y_n) + f(x_{n+1}, y_{n+1}^*)]$$
$$= y_n + \frac{h}{2} [2x_n + 2x_n]$$

$$= y_n + \frac{h}{2} [4x_n]$$

1st Iteration: →

$$n = 0$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + h$$

$$x_1 = 0 + 0.1$$

$$x_1 = 0.1$$

$$y_1 = y_0 + \frac{h}{2} (4x_0)$$

$$y_1 = 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} (4(0))$$

$$y_1 = 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} (0)$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0$$

$$y_1 = 1$$

2nd Iteration : \rightarrow

$$n = 1$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h$$

$$x_2 = 0.1 + 0.1$$

$$x_2 = 0.2$$

$$y_2 = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} (4x_1)$$

$$y_2 = 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} (4(0.1))$$

$$y_2 = 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} (0.4)$$

$$y_2 = 1.02$$

3rd Iteration : \rightarrow

$$n = 2$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + h$$

$$x_3 = 0.2 + 0.1$$

$$x_3 = 0.2 + 0.1$$

$$x_3 = 0.3$$

$$y_3 = y_2 + \frac{h}{2} (4x_2)$$

$$= 1.02 + \frac{0.1}{2} (4(0.2))$$

$$y_3 = 1.06$$

Question # 2: →

6

Answer: →

Given Data: →

$$y=0, x=0, h=0.2, 0 \leq x \leq 0.6$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + k$$

1st Iteration: →

$$n = 0$$

$$y_1 = y_0 + k, \quad k = \frac{1}{6} (k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)$$

$$k_1 = hf(x_n, y_n)$$

$$k_1 = h(x_0^2 - x_0 - y_0)$$

$$k_1 = 0.2(0^2 - 0 - 0)$$

$$\boxed{k_1 = 0}$$

$$k_2 = hf\left(x_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_n + \frac{h}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2f\left(x_0 + \frac{h}{2}, y_0 + \frac{h}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2f\left(0 + \frac{0.2}{2}, 0 + \frac{0.2}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2f(0.1, 0.1)$$

$$= 0.2(0.1^2 + 0.1 - 0.1)$$

$$\boxed{k_2 = 0.0020}$$

(p-T-0) →

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_3 &= hf \left(x_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_n + \frac{k_2}{2} \right) \\
 &= 0.2f \left(0 + \frac{0.2}{2}, 0 + \frac{0.002}{2} \right) \\
 &= 0.2f(0.1, 0.001) \\
 &= 0.2(0.1^2 + 0.1 - 0.001)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$k_3 = 0.0218$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_4 &= hf(x_n + h, y_n + k_3) \\
 &= 0.2f(0 + 0.2, 0 + 0.0218) \\
 &= 0.2f(0.2, 0.0218) \\
 &= 0.2(0.2^2 + 0.2 - 0.0218)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$k_4 = 0.0436$$

$$k = \frac{1}{6}(0 + 2(0.002) + 2(0.0218) + 0.0436)$$

$$k = 0.0152$$

$$y_1 = 0 + 0.0152$$

$$y_1 = 0.0152$$



Q No # 3 :->

8

Given Data :->

$$a=0, b=10, n=10$$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{10-0}{10} = 1$$

Solution :->

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
$f(x_0)$	10.1	17.2	24.4	29.2	34.6	41.2	50.9	57.8	60.3	61.2	62.1

using formula

$$f(x)dx = \frac{h}{2} [f(x_0) + 2(f(x_1) + f(x_2) + f(x_3) + \dots + f(x_9) + f(x_{10}))]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [10.1 + 2(17.2 + 24.4 + 29.2 + 34.6 + 41.2 + 50.9 + 57.8 + 60.3 + 61.2 + 62.1)]$$

$$= 412.9$$

Answer :-> = 412.9



Q No # 4 : $\rightarrow \int_2^3 \ln(x^3+1) dx$ (9)

Answer: \rightarrow use 10 strips.

$a=2, b=3$

$f(x) = \ln(x^3+1)$

Strips = 10

$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{2n}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{3-2}{2(5)} = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

	x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	x_7	x_8	x_9	x_{10}
x	2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3
$f(x)$	2.19	2.32	2.45	2.57	2.69	2.81	2.92	3.02	3.13	3.23	3.33

$$A \approx \frac{\Delta x}{3} \left[f(x_0) + 2 \left[f(x_2) + f(x_4) + f(x_6) + f(x_8) \right] + 4 \left[f(x_1) + f(x_3) + f(x_5) + f(x_7) + f(x_9) \right] + f(x_{10}) \right]$$

$$A = \frac{0.1}{3} \left[2.19 + 2 \left[2.45 + 2.69 + 2.69 + 2.92 + 3.13 \right] + 4 \left[2.32 + 2.57 + 2.81 + 3.02 + 3.23 \right] + 3.33 \right]$$

$$A = 0.3 \left[2.19 + 22.38 + 55.8 + 3.33 \right]$$

$$A \approx 2.511$$

$$\int_2^3 \ln(x^3+1) dx = 2.511$$

\leftarrow Ans