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Section B

Semister 06

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Assignment No 1

Applications of PDE.

(i) Elliptic

Steady ~~flow~~ heat transfer, flow and diffusion

(ii) Parabolic

Transient heat transfer, flow and diffusion

$$c \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \nabla \cdot (c \nabla u) + au = f.$$

(iii) Hyperbolic

Transient wave equation.

$$c \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - \nabla \cdot (c \nabla u) + au = f.$$

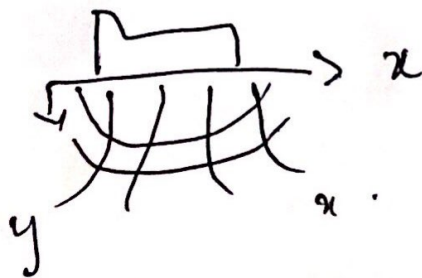
(iv)

Elastic foundation .

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial x^4} + 2 \frac{\partial^4}{\partial x^2 \partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial y^4} = \frac{F_2}{D} - \frac{k}{B} w.$$

(v)

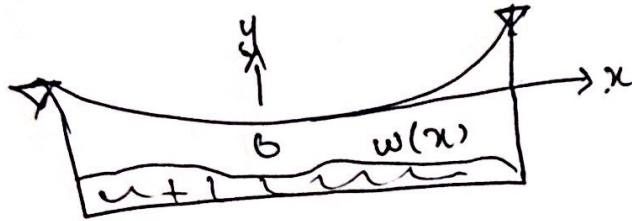
fluid flow under beam



$$kx \frac{\partial h}{\partial x^2} + ky \frac{\partial h}{\partial y^2} = 0.$$

Applications of ODE

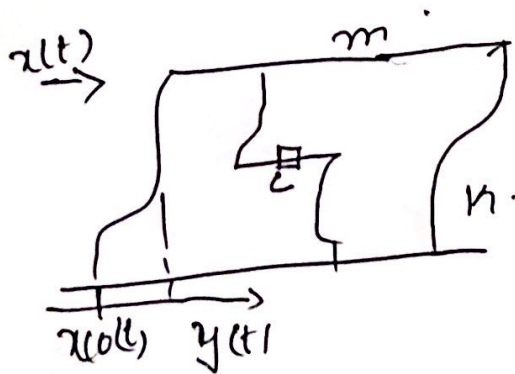
(i) Suspension bridge



$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{w(x)}{H}$$

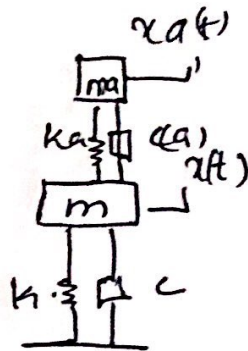
H is tension
 0 = lowest point

(ii) vibration of single story shear building under excitation of earthquake.

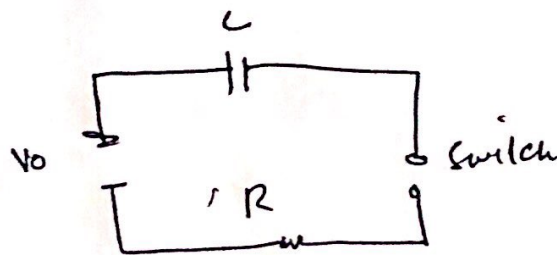


$$m\ddot{y}(t) + c\dot{y}(t) + ky(t) = -m\ddot{x}(t)$$

- ③ The equation of motion governing the vibration of equipment and the observer are given by



- ④ $m\ddot{x} + (c+c_a)\dot{x} + (k+k_a)x - c_a\dot{x}_a - k_ax_a = F_0 \sin \omega t$;
 $m_a\ddot{x}_a + c_a\dot{x}_a + k_ax_a - c_a\dot{x} - k_ax = 0$.



Kirchhoff law.

$$\frac{di(t)}{dt} + Ri(t) = V = \frac{dI(t)}{dt} + \frac{R}{L}i(t) = \frac{V}{L}$$

- ⑤ Can be used in fluid dynamics design of container and funnel
- ⑥ Applicable in rigid body dynamics