

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan 1817-1898

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan 1817-1898. As the founder of Aligarh movement. He is ranked among the greatest muslim reformers of the 19th century. He came to the rescue of his Co-religionist after the war of independence in (1857) when British unleashed a wave of vengeance against muslims. After what British had done to muslims. Muslims cutoff from the mainstream of Political, Social, economic and educational development. At this critical situation Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the first muslim leader who realised that if muslims continued to keep themselves along from the Political, Social and educational activities then they would be completely absorbed by the Hindu community.

(a) Two madrassahs in Mumdabad (1858) and Chhaziebad (1862) which imported pre education in Persia.

(b) In 1864, Sir Syed laid the foundation of Scientific Society which translated English into Urdu.

(c) M.A.D High School Aligarh was founded in (1875)

(d) In 1877, M.A.D High School was given the status of a college.

FARHAN Azeem

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ID: 17585

Subject: PAK Studies.

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1st Phase :- (1947 - 1958)

After the partition of India on the midnight of 14 and 15 August, 1947. Pakistan followed the British system by getting the post of Prime Minister.

Based on the Prime

NAME Farhan Azeem

ID 17565

of 796096 km square.

* population wise provinces.

Punjab

Sindh

KPK

Balochistan

Balochistan is the longest province of Pakistan covering 43% of the total area where Punjab is 25% Sindh 3rd with 17% and KPK covering 13%. At the time of partition 1947, the forming population was only 3 crore. And respect of population Pakistan is now 7th most populated country of the world.

China 1261^{billion}, India 1014 billion,
USA 275 million, Indonesia 224 million,
Brazil 172 million and Russia 146 million.

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan is regarded as one of the greatest exponent of two nation theory because after Hindi-urdu controversy took place he was convinced that hindus were not sincere towards the muslim community. Answering a query of Shakespeare, Commissioner of Benaras, he remarked, "Now I am convinced that both these communities will not join whole heartily. Their moral social, cultural religion values were different. At present in anything there was no hostility between the two communities

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* GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN

Geographical Location:-

Pakistan is located in the northwest of south asia. It lies between the latitude of 23,31 and 36,45 north and between the longitudes of 61,75 and 31 east. It is bounded to the west by Iran, to the north by Afghanistan, to the north-east by India to the south by Arabian sea and to the east by China.

Its border with India is 1610 km long, border with China 585 km, border with Afghanistan 2852 km and its border with Iran is 805 km long.

Area and Population:-
Pakistan covers Area