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**Q NO 1:** **A critical Analysis of Pakistan’s Foreign policy post 9/11**

**Ans: A critical Analysis of Pakistan’s Foreign policy post 9/11:**

* **World politics were transformed after an attack on world trade center and Pantagon on 9/11/2001.**
* **Pakistan was very important due to its geographical location.**
* **Pakistan was bound to face painfull choice in the days ahead.**
* **With all question in mind a contradictory policy to USA would have been problematic for Pakistan.**
* **Reaction of major powers were very strong after 9/11.**

**PAKISTAN FOREIGN POLICY AFTER 9/11**

* **Pakistan closed Taliban bank account.**
* **Pakistan police was clear defence and avoid offence from USA.**
* **UN approved action against Taliban.**
* **Pakistan knew predictable cost of non cooperation to USA.**
* **Pakistan rightly joined the global con census.**
* **UNSC passed a resolution on 12 September for an attack on Taliban.**
* **CANADA,UK,FRANCE,GARMANY AND DENMARK all offered military help.**
* **G.W.BUSH STATEMENT….**

 **MONUMENTAL STRUGGLE OF GOOD VS EVILL**

* **SECRTARY OF STATE ANNOUNCED……**

**USA EXPECT FULL COOPERATION FROM PAKISTAN.**

* **G.W.BUSH ANOTHER STATEMENT…..**

**THOSE WHO HARBOURED TERRORISTS WILL BE TREATED AS TERRORIST.**

**NEGOTIATION BETWEEN PAKISTAN AND USA**

* **AFTER NEGOTIATION SEVEN STEP MUST BE TAKEN BY PAKISTAN**
1. **Stop Alqaida operation at its border and all logistical support from Bin Ladin.**
2. **To give USA landing sitets dor their planes.**
3. **To provide USA with intelligence information.**
4. **To provide territorial access to USA.**
5. **To continue publically condemn terrorist attack.**
6. **To cut off all the shipment of fuel and stop recruits to Afghanistan.**
7. **If the evidence implicated Bin-Ladin and Alqaida to Hurbour Alqaida then break all relation with them.**

**PAKISTAN RESPONSE IT**

* **Pakistan called all important leaders and officials for consultration on this matter.**
* **90% of those agreed with president to help USA .**
* **Ulama were against it.**
* **Some parties even protested**
* **BUT PAKISTAN DECIDED TO FOLLOW ALL OF THEM.**

**PAKISTAN EMERGENCE ON GLOBLE**

* **Pakistan emergence as a front line state in world.**
* **Sanction on Pakistan were removed and resume assistance.**

**AIDS BY USA**

* **600$ Million as economic aid in 2002.**
* **177$ Million as military aid.**
* **In 2003 3$ Billion for next 5 years.**
* **Low interest credit for PIA.**
* **Extended trade access.**
* **Export rose to 3$ Billion**
* **C130 transport plane were given to Pakistan.**
* **3 Orient main servillian aircraft were given to Pakistan.**
* **Anti tank missile were given.**
* **Other equipment worth 1.2$ Billion were given to Pakistan.**
* **FROM 2001-07 TOTAL 7.1$ BILLION WERE GIVEN TO PAKISTAN**
* **WROTE OF 1.6$ BILLION.**

**EUROPEAN UNION**

* **APPRECIATED PAKISTAN**
* **SUPPORT FOR PAKISTAN ON KASHMIR ISSUE**

**AIDS BY JAPAN**

* **300$ Billion aid.**
* **5$ Billion loan to Pakistan.**
* **Pakistan relation with IMP were great at that moment.**

**WATHCOST PAKISTAN ON SUPPORTING USA**

* **War of terror in Pakistan which we are facing till now.**
* **50-60 thousand people killed.**
* **Cost of war approximately 20$ Billion.**
* **USA had permanent interest in Pakistan but we have never been permanent friends.**

**Q NO 2: CPEC: prospects and challenges?**

**ANS: CPEC: prospects and challenges:**

**CPEC and OBOR:**

**OBOR:The One Belt One Road is a development strategy proposed by the Chinese government that focuses on connectivity and cooperation between Eurasian countries,Primarily the People’s Republic of China(PRC), the land-based Silk Road Economic Belt (SREB) and the ocean-going Maritime Silk Road(MSR).**

* **Initially China was expected to invest USD 46.5 Billion which later enhanced to USD 62 Billion.**
* **The major chunk (approx.34 billion $) has been earmarked for energy projects.It aims to add 16,500 MW energy to the national grid in the next decade.**
* **The remaining amount is reserved for infrastructure projects.**
* **CPEC will connect China’s Xinjiang region through 2700 Km long highway from Kashgar to Gawadar.**

**Opportunities for China**

* **Address Malacca Dilemma.**
* **China is a major importer of oil from the Gulf.The distance from Gulf will come down to 2500 KM from currently 13000 KM.The shipment time will reduce from 45 days to 10 days.**
* **Development of underdeveloped western provinces of China.**
* **Easy Access to Energy Rich CARs countries.**
* **Similar invesments and initiatives with other countries like Indonesia,Bangladesh and with Central Asian countries, making China wield greater influence in the Asia.**

**Challenges to CPEC:**

* **China will have to face fewer challenges.Major burden is on the stste of Pakistan.**

**Security Challenges:**

* **Threat of Baloch insurgents and other terrorists like TTP,Al-Qaeda etc.**
* **Security of Chinese and local personals working on CPEC.**
* **Security of trade caravans.**
* **Role of India to sabotage CPEC and recent India-Afghanistan romance.**

**Political challenges:**

* **Political instability and unrest in the country.**
* **Tug of war between the provinces and the central government.**
* **India backed politicians raising voice against the CPEC.**
* **Political interests ahead of PCPEC.**

**Admministrative Challenges:**

* **Lack of transparency and accountability.**
* **Bureauratic hurdles and red-tapism.**
* **Corruption and kickbacks.**
* **Lack of skilled workforce on the projects.**
* **Uneven distribution of the projects among provinces.**
* **Reliance on thermal and coal based projects.**
* **Lack of public private partnership.**
* **Many commentators are comparing CPEC whit East India Company.**

**Economic Challenges:**

* **Trade imbalance with China.**
* **Profit returns and repatriations.**
* **Loan maturation.**
* **Increase in important bill due to coal and LNG based energy projects.**
* **Blow to foreign reserves.**
* **Increase in foreign as will as local debts.**
* **NAPRA and electricity tariff.**
* **Local businesses and Chinese dominace.**

**Envernmental Challenges:**

* **Converting fertile agricultural land into road and highways.**
* **Increased movement of cargo trades brings airpollution.**
* **Northern region will not remain aloof from pollution affects.**
* **Thermal plants will increase pollution.**
* **Pollution based diseases infestation.**
* **Change in socio-cultural life of the people especially of northern resgions.**

**Conclusion:**

* **CPEC is a lifeline for Pakistan.**
* **The state of Pakistan must be on guard and vigilant to avail the opportunities and address the challenges of CPEC.**

**END OF THE ASSIGNMENT.**