

NAME:

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ID #

7820

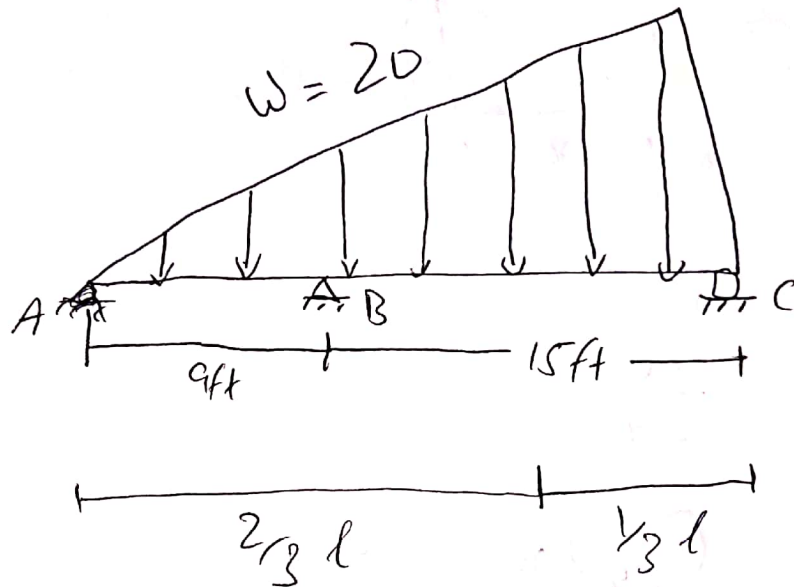
Section: A

Subject:

Structural Analysis-I

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Question No. 1



$$\sum M_B = 0 \quad \curvearrowright^+$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \times 24 \times \frac{1}{3} \times 24 = R_A \times 15$$

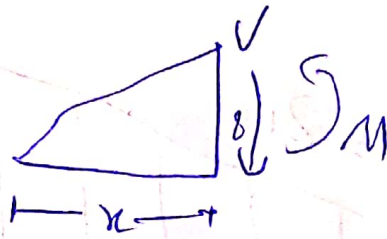
$$\Rightarrow R_A = \frac{1920}{15}$$

$$R_A = 128 \text{ lb}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_B = 1164 - 128$$

$$R_B = 1036 \text{ lbs}$$

Now Section (1) - (1)



for y

$$\frac{y}{x} = \frac{20}{24}$$

$$y = \left(\frac{20}{24}\right)x$$

$$\text{So } \Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \uparrow +$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \times x \times \left(\frac{20}{24}\right)x - V_c = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_c = \frac{20x^2}{48}$$

$$V_c = 0 \text{ at } x = 0$$

$$V_c = 0$$

$$\text{at } x = 9$$

So

$$\boxed{V_c = -168.68 \text{ lb}}$$

$$\Rightarrow M = -\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times \left(\frac{20}{24} x\right) + \frac{2}{3} x$$

$$M = \text{scribble} - \frac{20x^3}{144}$$

at $x=0$

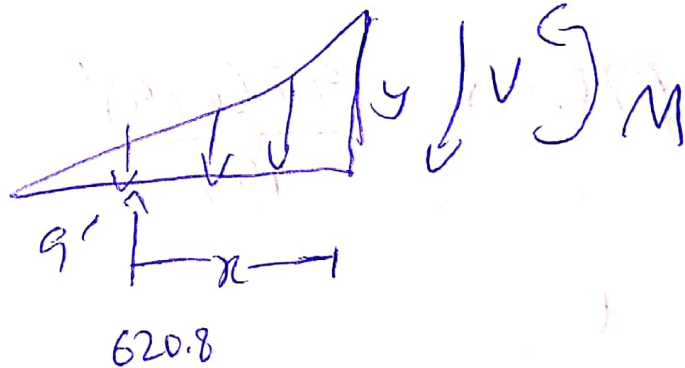
$$M=0$$

at $x=9$

$$M = -491.06 \text{ lbs-ft}$$

Now for section (2) - (2)

for y



$$\frac{y}{(x+9)} = \frac{20}{24}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{20}{24} (x+9)$$

So $EIy = 0$

$$620.8 - \frac{1}{2} \times (x+9) \left(\frac{20}{24} \right) (x+9) - V_c = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_c = 620.8 - \frac{20 \times (x+9)^2}{48}$$

at $x=0$

$$V_c = 457.125^-$$

at $x=15^-$

$$\boxed{V_c = -543.2 \text{ k}}$$

$$M + \frac{1}{2} (x+9) \left(\frac{20}{24} \right) (x+9) \times \frac{1}{3} \times (x+9) - 620x =$$

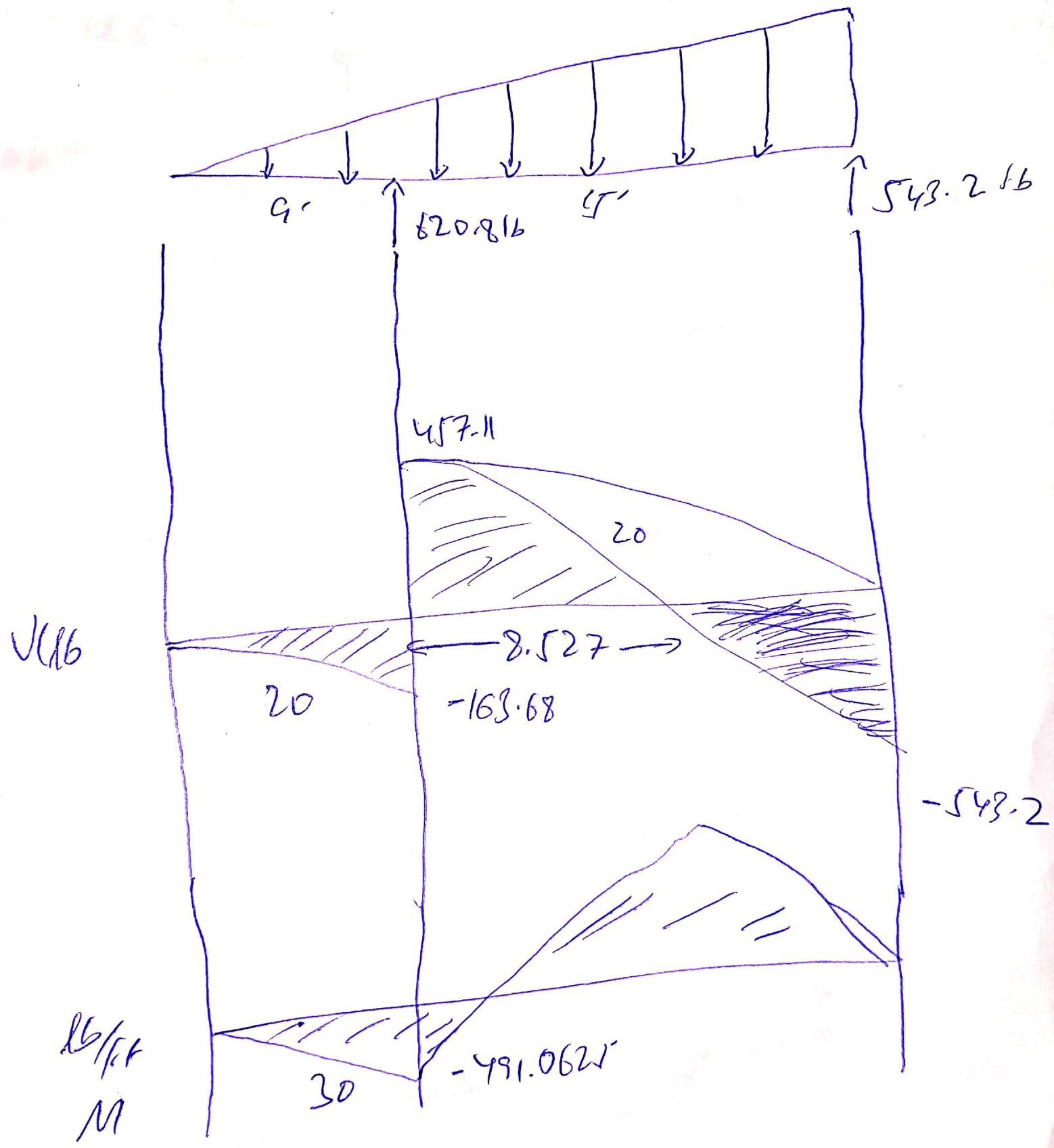
$$\Rightarrow M = 620.8x - \frac{97(x+9)^3}{144}$$

at $x=0$

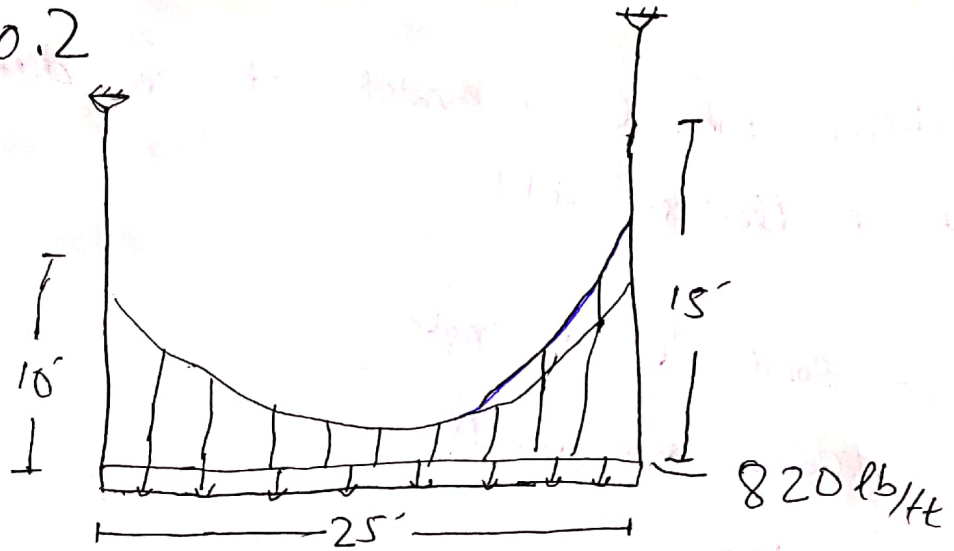
$$M = -491.0625 \text{ k-ft}$$

at $x=15^-$

$$\boxed{M = 0}$$

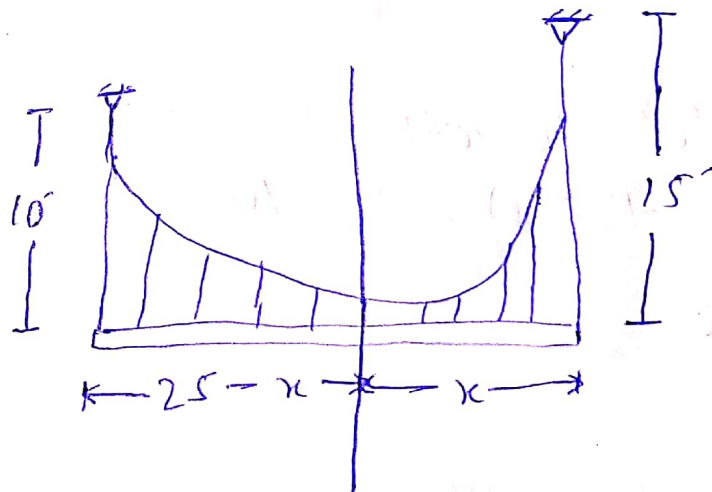


Question No. 2



SOLUTION:-

Let suppose we take a point "O" in the cable which is the lowest point, where slope is zero.



using formula,

$$y = \frac{w_0}{2T_0} \cdot x^2 = \frac{820}{2T_0} x^2$$

$$y = \frac{410}{T_0} x^2$$

Now,
Assume point C is located at x distance from
point "O" (lowest point)

So,
 \Rightarrow From point "O" to right
For distance " x ", $y = 15'$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{410}{T_0} x^2$$

$$15 = \frac{410}{T_0} x^2$$

$$\Rightarrow T_0 = \frac{410}{15} x^2 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\boxed{T_0 = 27.33 x^2} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Again,

\Rightarrow From point "O" to left
For distance $-(25-x)$, $y = 10$

$$y = \frac{410}{T_0} x^2$$

$$10 = \frac{410}{T_0} (-(25-x))^2$$

$$\boxed{10 = \frac{410}{T_0} (-(25-x))^2} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Again,

⇒ From point "D" to left

For distance $-(25-x)$, $y=10$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{410}{T_0} x^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 = \frac{410}{T_0} [-(25-x)]^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{T_0 = \frac{410}{10} [-(25-x)]^2} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Comparing eq. (1) & (3)

$$\frac{410}{15} x^2 = \frac{410}{10} [-(25-x)]^2$$

Interchanging

$$\frac{410}{410} x^2 = \frac{15}{10} (625 - 50x + x^2)$$

$$x^2 = 1.5 (625 - 50x + x^2)$$

$$x^2 = 937.5 - 75x + 1.5x^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 937.5 - 75x + 1.5x^2 - x^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.5x^2 - 75x + 937.5 = 0$$

Using Quadratic Equation.

$$a = 0.5, \quad b = -75, \quad c = 937.5$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-(-75) \pm \sqrt{(-75)^2 - 4(0.5)(937.5)}}{2(0.5)}$$

$$x = \frac{75 \pm \sqrt{5625 - 1875}}{1}$$

$$x = 75 \pm \sqrt{3750}$$

We got

$$\boxed{x = 13.76 \text{ ft}} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Now put eq⁽¹⁾ in (2)

$$T_0 = 27.33 x^2$$

$$= 27.33 (13.76)^2$$

$$\boxed{T_0 = \cancel{8171.6} 5173.5}$$

Now we have to find the tension at given points:-

By using formula,

$$y = \frac{w_0}{2T_0} x^2$$

$$y = \frac{410}{T_0} \cdot x^2$$

Differentiate the above eq. w.r.t 'x'

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{410}{T_0} \cdot x^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{410}{T_0} \cdot 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{820}{T_0} x \quad \text{--- (a)}$$

Also

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan \theta \quad \text{--- (b)}$$

So,

$$\boxed{\tan \theta = \frac{820}{T_0} x}$$

As point A is -11.24 away from "D"

$$\tan \theta_A = \frac{820}{5173.5} (-11.24)$$

$$\theta_A = \tan^{-1} \frac{820}{5173.5} (1.60)$$

$$\theta_A = -60.5^\circ$$

Now Tension at point A is,

$$T_A = \frac{T_0}{\cos \theta_A}$$

$$\therefore \left(\cos \theta = \frac{T_0}{T_A} \right)$$

$$= \frac{5173.5}{\cos(-60.5)} = \frac{5173.5}{-0.68}$$

$$= \frac{5173.5}{-0.68} = 10225 \text{ lbs}$$

$$= 10.2 \text{ kips}$$

Now point B where $x = 13.76 \text{ ft}$

$$\tan \theta_B = \frac{820}{5173.5} (13.76)$$

$$= \frac{820}{5173.5} (13.76)$$

$$\theta_B = \tan^{-1} \frac{820}{5173.5} (13.76) (2.12)$$

$$\theta_B = 65.5^\circ$$

Now Tension

$$T_C = \frac{T_0}{\cos \theta_B}$$

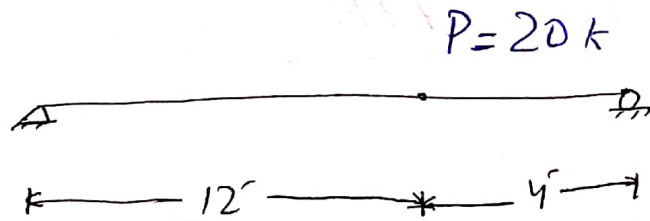
$$T_C = \frac{5173.5}{\cos(65.5)}$$

$$= \frac{5173.5}{0.42} = 13777.65^\circ \text{ lbs}$$

$$= 13.7 \text{ kips}$$

Question No. 3

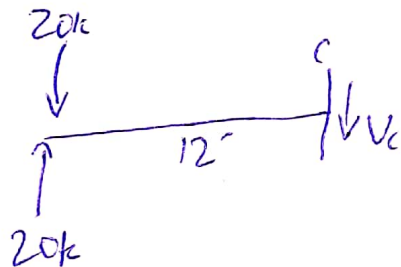
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Solution:

(a) Shear force influence for the beam.

at $x = 0$

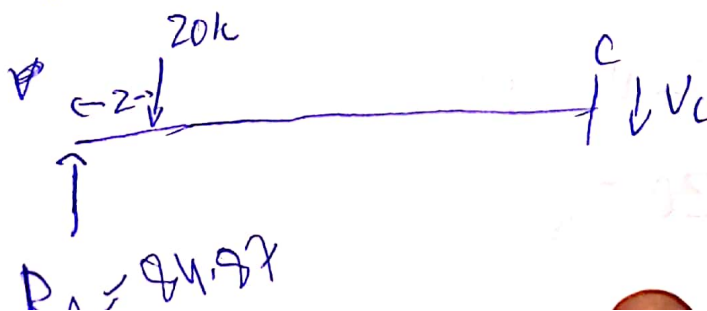


$$-20 + R_A - V_c = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_c = 0$$

(ft)	$V_c(k)$
0	0
2	-12.125
4	-24.5
6	-36.375
8	-48.5
10	-60.625
12	-72.75(L), 28.25(R)
14	12.125
16	0

at $x = 2$

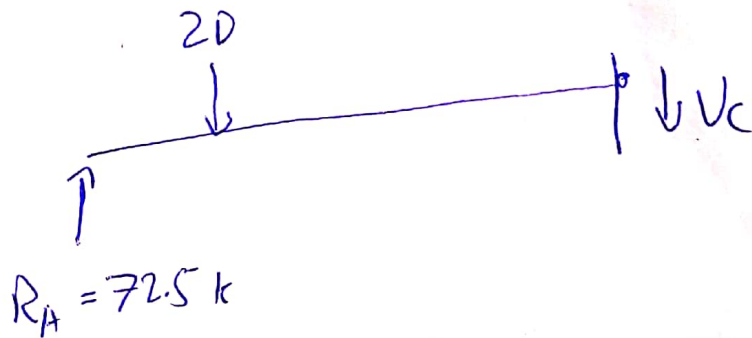


$$-20 + 84.875 - V_c = 0$$

~~$V_c = 67.875$~~

$$V_c = 67.875$$

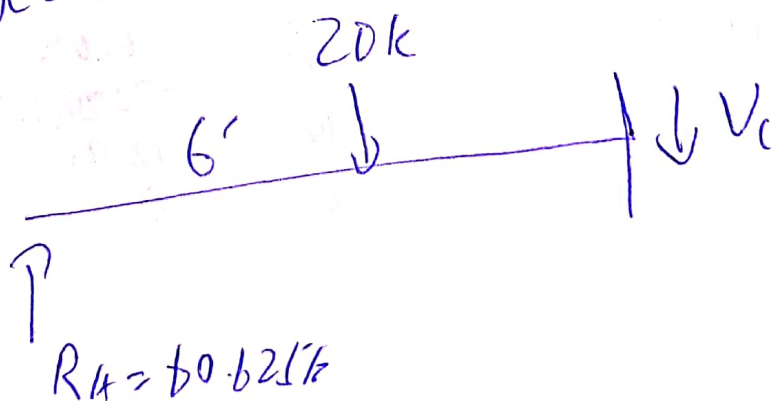
at $x = 4$



$$-20 + 72.5 - V_c = 0$$

$$V_c = -52.5$$

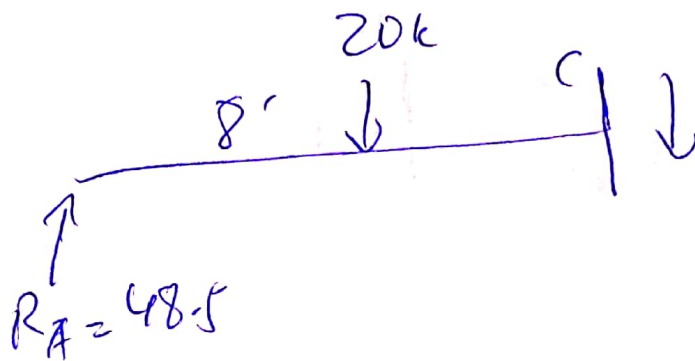
at $x = 6'$



$$-20 + 48.5 - V_c = 0$$

$$V_c = +20.5 \text{ k}$$

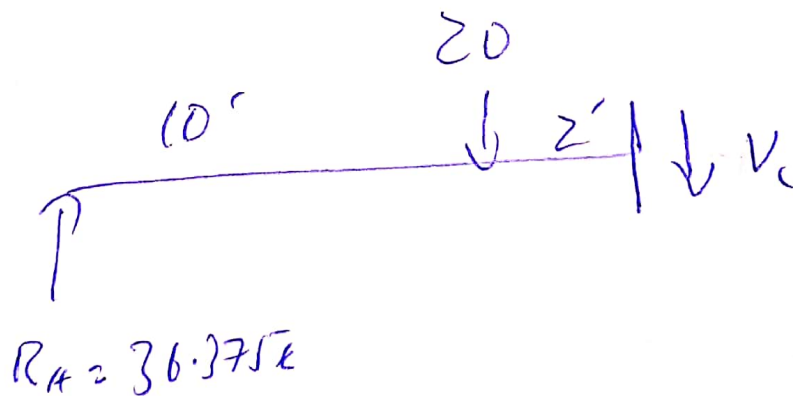
at $x = 8'$



$$\Rightarrow -20 + 48.5 - V_c = 0$$

$$V_c = 28.5 \text{ k}$$

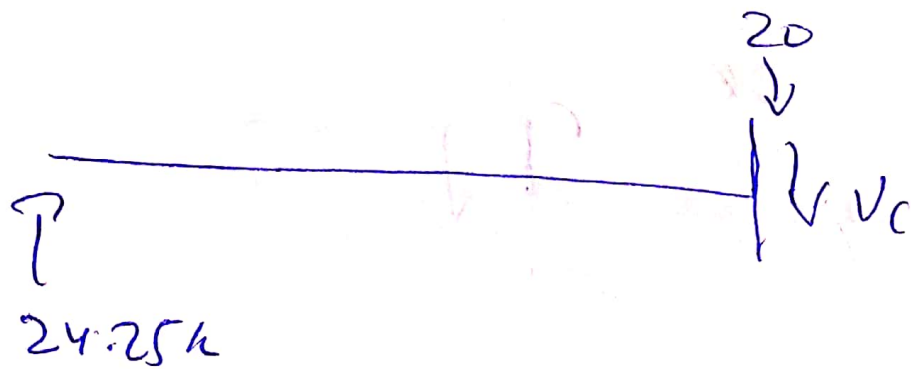
at $x = 10'$



$$-20 + 36.375 - V_c = 0$$

$$V_c = 16.375 \text{ k}$$

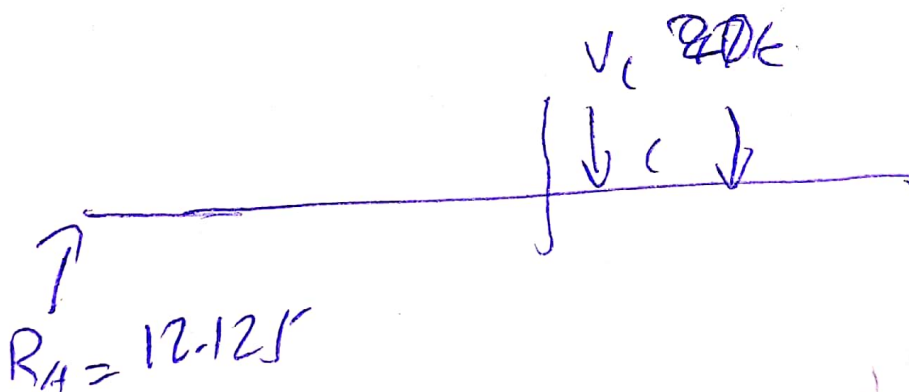
at $x=12'$ just to right



$$24.25 - V_c = 0$$

$$V_c = 24.25$$

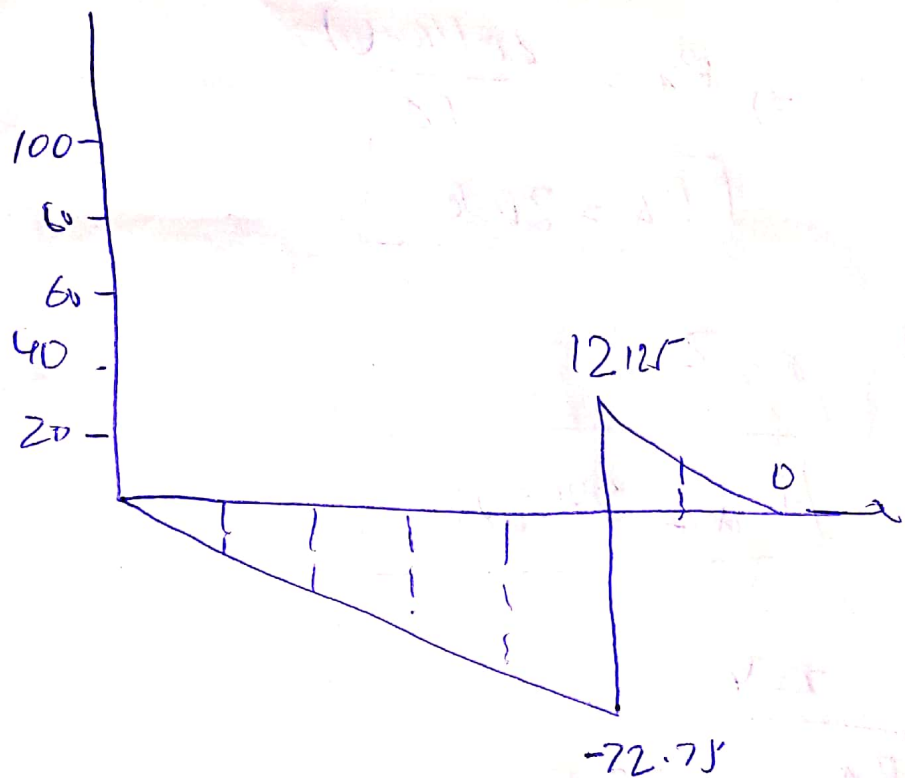
at $x=14'$



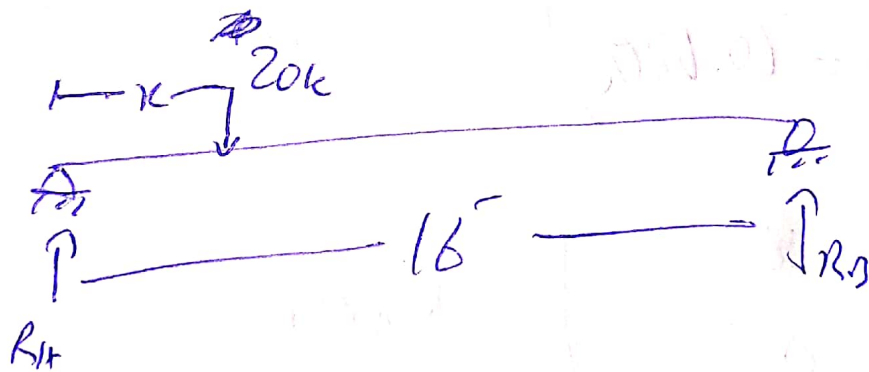
$$V_c = 12.125$$

at $x=16$

$$V_c = 0$$



b) Now influence line for Reaction at A



$$\sum M_B = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R_A \times 16 - 20(16 - u) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R_A = \frac{20(16 - u)}{16}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_A = \frac{20(16-0)}{16}$$

$$R_A = 20 \text{ k}$$

at $x=2$

$$R_A = 84.375 \text{ k}$$

at $x=4$

$$R_A = 72.5 \text{ k}$$

at $x=6$

$$R_A = 60.625 \text{ k}$$

x	$R_A (k)$
0	97
2	84.2
4	72.5
6	60.625
8	48.5
10	36.3
12	24.25
14	12.125

(3), (7)

