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Earthquake

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Q # 1

Given data ;

$$\text{distance} = 1/2''$$

$$E = 29000 \text{ ksi}$$

$$I = 150 \text{ in}^4$$

$$S = 7727 \text{ lb}$$

Required ;

Natural time Period = ?

Equation of Motion = ?

Amplitude = ?

Graph of vibration of displacement
of with time = ?

Graph of vibration of equivalent
static force with time = ?

Solution ;

As we know that
from general equation of
motion for self degree of
freedom system.

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Now;

We also know that from general solution the EOM for undamped free vibration,

$$u(t) = u(0) \cos(\omega_n t) + \dot{u}(0) / \omega_n \sin(\omega_n t)$$

$$u(0) = 1/2" = 1/24 \text{ ft}$$

$$\dot{u}(0) = 0$$

$$u(t) = (1/24) \times \cos(20.1t)$$

Equivalent static force at any time 't' is

$$F_s(t) = k \cdot u(t) = \frac{90625 \times \cos(54.9t)}{24}$$

$$= 3776.042 \cos 54.9t$$

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$$kx + cx + mx = P(t)$$

In this case system is undamped

$c = 0$, So under going free vibration.

$$P(t) = 0$$

Hence, general EOM become,

$$kx + mx = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

We know that ,

$$k = \frac{3EI}{L^3}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 2900 \times 150}{(10 \times 12)^3} = 7.55 \text{ k/N}$$

$$= 90625 \text{ lb/ft}$$

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Now;

Mass (m)

$$m = F/a = 7727/32.2$$

$$= 239.96 \text{ slug.}$$

Now we find ω_n ;

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{k/m} = \sqrt{90625/239.96}$$

$$= 19.43 \text{ rad/sec}$$

Putting the values in eq (1)

$$ku + mu = 0$$

$$90625 u + 31.08 u = 0$$

Now find time Period ;

$$T = 2\pi/\omega_n = 2\pi/19.43$$

$$= 0.32 \text{ sec}$$

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Now we find Amplitude of dynamic displacement u_0 for undamped free vibration.

$$u_0 = \sqrt{(u \cos)^2 + (u \sin / \omega_n)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1/24)^2 + 0} = \sqrt{(1/24)^2}$$

$$= 1/24 = 0.42 \text{ ft}$$

Now Amplitude of equivalent static force.

$$k u = 90625 \times 1/24$$

$$= 3776.042 \text{ lb}$$

Q#2

Given data ;

distance = 1/2"

E = 29000 ksi

I = 150 in²

S = 7727 lb

L = 10 ft

Damping ratio = $\zeta = 4\%$

Required ;

(1) Develop & solve the equation of motion for vibration at free end=?

(2) Also develop equation showing vibration in the equivalent of static force with time =?

(3) Draw graph variation of displacement with time & the variation of equivalent static force with time.

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Solution;

We know that from equation of motion for damped vibration.

$$ku + cu + mu = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Now, we know that

$$k = \frac{3EI}{L^3} = \frac{3 \times 29000 \times 150}{(10)^3}$$

$$= 7.55 \text{ k/in}$$

$$= 90625 \text{ lb/ft}$$

Now Mass,

$$m = F/a = \frac{7727}{32.2} = 239.96$$

$$= 239.96 \text{ slug}$$

z

Now we find c

$$C = S \times 2m\omega_n \quad (11)$$

$$= \frac{4}{100} \times 2 \times 239.96 \times \omega_n$$

First we find ω_n

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{k/m} = \sqrt{90625/239.96}$$

$$= 19.433 \text{ rad/sec}$$

Now Put in — (11)

$$C = \frac{4}{100} \times 2 \times 239.96 \times 19.433$$

$$= 373.051$$

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Now put these values in equation 1.

$$ku + cu + mu = 0$$

$$90625u + 373.051u + 239.96u = 0$$

Now solution to the EOM for damped free vibration.

$$u(t) = e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \left[u(0) \cos(\omega_d t) + \frac{1}{\omega_d} (\dot{u}(0) + \zeta \omega_n u(0)) \sin \omega_d t \right]$$

$$\omega_d = 19.433 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$w(t) = e^{-0.04 \times 19.433 t} \left[\frac{1}{24} \times \cos(19.433 t) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{24} \times 0.04 \times 19.433 \times \sin(19.433 t) \right]$$

$$e^{-0.804 t} \left[0.042 \cos(19.433 t) + 0.0017 \sin(19.433 t) \right]$$

$$= e^{-0.804 t} \left[0.042 \cos(19.433 t) + 0.0017 \sin(19.433 t) \right]$$

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Now we know that

$$f(s) = k u(t)$$

$$f(s) = 90625 e^{-0.804t} \times 0.042 \cos(19.433t) + 0.0017 \sin(19.433t)$$

$$= e^{-0.804t} (3806.25 \cos(19.433t) + 154.0625 \sin(19.433t))$$

$$e^{-0.804t} (3806.25 \cos(19.433t) + 154.0625 \sin(19.433t))$$

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Q# 3

Given data ;

$$\text{Force} = 60 \text{ kips}$$

$$u_1 = 7727/1000 = 7.727 \text{ in}$$

Aflex, $J = 7$ (cycles)

$$\text{Completed} = 3.57 \text{ sec}$$

$$UT+1 = 2.288 \text{ cm} = 0.9 \text{ in}$$

Ignore the vertical vibration

Required ;

- (a) Damping ratios
- (b) Natural Period of undamped vibration.
- (c) Stiffness of structure.
- (d) Weight of tank.
- (e) Damping coefficient
- (f) Number of cycles to reduce the displacement amplitude to 0.5"

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Solution

(a) Damping ratio = $\zeta = ?$

$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi\zeta} \ln \left[\frac{u_1}{u_{j+1}} \right]$$

Putting values ;

$$7 = \frac{1}{2(3.14)\zeta} \ln \left[\frac{7.727}{0.9} \right]$$

$$\zeta (7 \times 2 \times 3.14) = 2.15$$

$$\zeta (43.96) = 2.15$$

$$\zeta = \frac{2.15}{43.96}$$

$$= 0.048$$

$$\zeta = 0.048 = 4.8\%$$

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$$(b) T_n = ?$$

As seven cycles are completed in '3.57' sec.

Thus time required to complete one cycle = $7/3.57 = 1.96$ sec

$$T_D = 1.96 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{Now; } \omega_D = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi/\omega_D = 2\pi/\omega_n (\sqrt{1 - \zeta^2})$$

As;

$$T_D = T_n / \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n = T_D (\sqrt{1 - \zeta^2})$$

$$= 1.96 (\sqrt{1 - (0.048)^2})$$

$$T_n = 1.9578 \text{ Sec}$$

(Natural Period of undamped vibration)

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(c) Stiffness of structure; $k = ?$

$$\text{As; } k = \frac{F \cdot \cos \theta}{2}$$

$$k = \frac{60 \cos(60^\circ)}{2} = 15 \text{ k/in}$$

$$k = 1800 \text{ lb/ft}$$

(d) Weight of tank; $W = ?$

$$\text{As; } \omega_n = \sqrt{k/m} = \sqrt{k/(W/g)} = \sqrt{k \cdot g/W}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_n^2 = k \cdot g/W \Rightarrow (W = k \cdot g/\omega_n^2)$$

Putting values of $\omega_n = 2\pi/T_n$

$$W = k \cdot g / (4\pi^2/T_n^2) = k \cdot g (T_n^2/4\pi^2)$$

$$W = 1800 \text{ lb/ft} \cdot 32.2 \text{ ft/sec}^2 \left(\frac{(1.957)^2}{4(3.14)^2} \right)$$

$$W = 56284.75 \text{ lb}$$

$$= 56.284 \text{ klb}$$

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(e) Damping Co-efficient;

It is known as;

$$b_r = \frac{c}{2m\omega_n}$$

$$\Rightarrow c = b_r (2m\omega_n) = b_r (2m \left(\frac{2\pi}{T_n} \right))$$

Putting the values;

$$c = 0.048 \times \left(2 \left(\frac{56284}{32.2} \right) \right) \left(2 (3.14) \right)$$

$$1.9578$$

$$c = 538.261 \text{ lb sec/ft}$$

(f) No of cycle reduce displacement altitude from 7.727 in to 0.5 in.

$$J = ?$$

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$$j = \frac{1}{2\pi b} \ln \left(\frac{u_1}{u_{j+1}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(3.14)(0.048)} \ln \left[\frac{7.727}{0.9} \right]$$

$$= 7.13$$

$$j = 7 \text{ cycles}$$