

Q 1)

Ans By Euler's Method:~

Given Data:~

$$y(0)=1, h=0.1, x_0=0$$

By Formula

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + hf(x_n, y_n)$$

$$y_{n+1} = \cancel{y_n + h} y_n + h[2x_n]$$

"1st Iteration. :~"

$$n=0$$

$$y_1 = y_0 + h(2x_0)$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0.1(2(0))$$

$$y_1 = 1 + 0.1$$

$$y_1 = 1.0$$

$$\rightarrow x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + h$$

$$x_1 = 0 + 0.1$$

$$x_1 = 0.1$$

"2nd iteration: ~"

$$n = 1$$

$$y_2 = y_1 + h(2x_1)$$

$$y_2 = 1.0 + 0.1(2(0.1))$$

$$y_2 = 1.02$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h$$

$$x_2 = 0.1 + 0.1$$

$$x_2 = 0.2$$

"3rd iteration: ~"

$$n = 2$$

$$y_3 = y_2 + h(2x_2)$$

$$y_3 = 1.02 + 0.1(2(0.2))$$

$$y_3 = 1.06$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + 0.1$$

$$x_3 = 0.2 + 0.1$$

$$x_3 = 0.3$$

b) By Modified Euler Method

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$$

Given data

$$y_0 = 1, x_0 = 0, h = 0.1$$

Formula

$$y_{n+1}^* = y_n + h [f(x_n)]$$

$$y_{n+1}^* = y_n + h (2x_n) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y_n) + f(x_{n+1}, y_{n+1}^*)]$$

$$= y_n + \frac{h}{2} [2x_n + 2x_n]$$

$$= y_n + \frac{h}{2} [4x_n]$$

1 st Iteration n=0	2 nd Iteration n=1	3 rd Iteration n=2
$x_{n+1} = x_n + h$	$x_2 = x_1 + h$	$x_3 = x_2 + h$
$x_1 = x_0 + h$	$x_2 = 0.1 + 0.1$	$x_3 = 0.2 + 0.1$
$x_1 = 0 + 0.1$	$x_2 = 0.2$	$x_3 = 0.3$
$y_1 = y_0 + \frac{h}{2} (4x_0)$	$y_2 = y_1 + \frac{h}{2} (4x_1)$	$y_3 = y_2 + \frac{h}{2} (4x_2)$
$y_1 = 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} (4(0))$	$y_2 = 1 + \frac{0.1}{2} (4(0.1))$	$y_3 = 1.02 + \frac{0.1}{2} (4(0.2))$
$y_2 = 1$	$y_2 = 1.02$	$y_3 = 1.06$

Q2)

Given Data:~

$$y=0, x=0, h=0.2 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 0.6$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + K$$

"1st iteration:~"
 $n=0$

$$y_1 = y_0 + K, \quad K = \frac{1}{6} (K_1 + 2K_2 + 2K_3 + K_4)$$

$$K_1 = hf(x_n, y_n)$$

$$K_1 = h(x_0^2 - x_0 - y_0)$$

$$K_1 = 0.2(0^2 - 0 - 0)$$

$$\boxed{K_1 = 0}$$

$$K_2 = hf\left(x_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_n + \frac{h}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2 f\left(x_0 + \frac{h}{2}, y_0 + \frac{h}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2 f\left(0 + \frac{0.2}{2}, 0 + \frac{0.2}{2}\right)$$

$$= 0.2 f(0.1, 0.1)$$

$$= 0.2(0.1^2 + 0.1 - 0.1)$$

$$\boxed{K_2 = 0.0020}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_3 &= hf(x_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_n + \frac{k_2}{2}) \\
 &= 0.2f\left(0 + \frac{0.2}{2}, 0 + \frac{0.002}{2}\right) \\
 &= 0.2f(0.1, 0.001) \\
 &= 0.2(0.1^2 + 0.1 - 0.001)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$k_3 = 0.0218$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_4 &= hf(x_n + h, y_n + k_3) \\
 &= 0.2f(0 + 0.2, 0 + 0.0218) \\
 &= 0.2f(0.2, 0.0218) \\
 &= 0.2(0.2^2 + 0.2 - 0.0218)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$k_4 = 0.0436$$

$$k = \frac{1}{6} (0 + 2(0.002) + 2(0.0218) + 0.0436)$$

$$k = 0.0152$$

$$y_1 = 0 + 0.0152$$

$$y_1 = 0.0152$$

Q3)

Given Data: ~

$$a = 0, b = 10, n = 10$$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{10-0}{10} = 1$$

Solution: ~

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
$f(x_0)$	10.1	17.2	24.4	29.2	34.6	41.2	50.9	57.8	60.3	61.2	62.1

using formula

$$f(x) dx = \frac{h}{2} [f(x_0) + 2(f(x_1) + f(x_2) + f(x_3) + f(x_4) + \dots + f(x_{10}))]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [10.1 + 2(17.2 + 24.4 + 29.2 + 34.6 + 41.2 + 50.9 + 57.8 + 60.3 + 61.2) + 62.1]$$

$$= \boxed{412.9 \text{ Ans}}$$

Q4)

Solution:~

$$n = 10$$

$$h = \frac{3-2}{10} = 0.1$$

x	x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	x_7	x_8	x_9
	1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9
$f(x)$	0.693	0.846	1.003	1.162	1.320	1.476	1.628	1.777	1.922	2.062

Now using Formula

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \frac{h}{3} \left[f(x_0) + 4(f(x_1) + f(x_3) + \dots) + 2(f(x_2) + \dots) + f(x_n) \right]$$

$$= \frac{0.1}{3} \left[0.693 + 4(0.846 + 1.162 + 1.476 + 1.777) + 2(1.003 + 1.320 + 1.628 + 1.922) + 2.062 \right]$$

$$= \boxed{1.184} \text{ Ans}$$