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Section # A

Subject # Structural Analysis

Semester # 4th Spring Final

Instructor # Amjad Islam

Date = 26 June 2020

Q# => 01

Given data :

Uniform load =  $4 \text{ k/ft}$

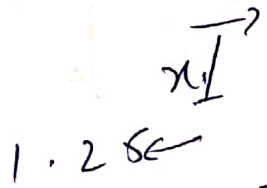
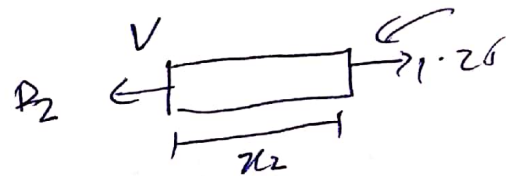
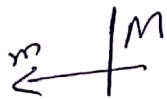
$E = 29 \times 10^3 \text{ ksi}$

$I = 600 \text{ in}^4$

Required Data :

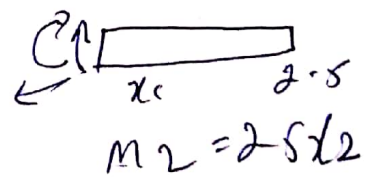
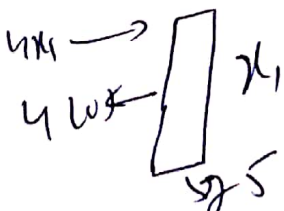
Vertical displacement

Solution :: No virtual moment



$m_2 = 1.25 x$

real moment



P-2

$$m = \frac{40x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_1(x_2)}{40x_1 - x_1^2}$$

Now by virtual work equation

$$DLC = \int_0^L \frac{m \delta m dx}{EI}$$

$$DL = \int_0^{10} (1x_1) \left( \frac{40x_2 - 2x^2}{EI} \right) dx + \frac{(1.25x_2)(2x_2) dx}{EI}$$

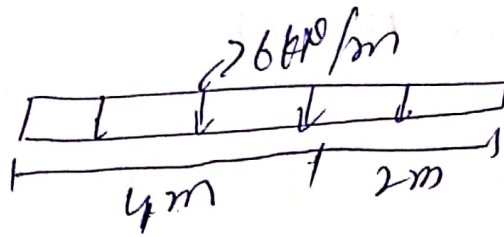
$$DL = \frac{1}{EI} \left| \frac{42x^3}{3} - \frac{2x^3}{4} \right|_0^{10} + \left| \frac{(31.25)^3}{3} \right|_0^8$$

$$DL = 10649.60180$$

P-3

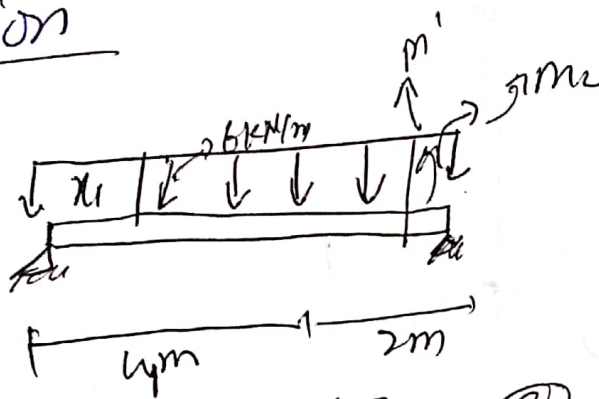
Q#2

Given data



Required slope and displacement at point

Solution



$$18 \text{ kN} + 0.1667 \rightarrow \textcircled{a}$$

$$18 - 0.1667$$

$$R_1 + R_2 = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 \quad (+)$$

$$1 + R_2 (6) = 0$$

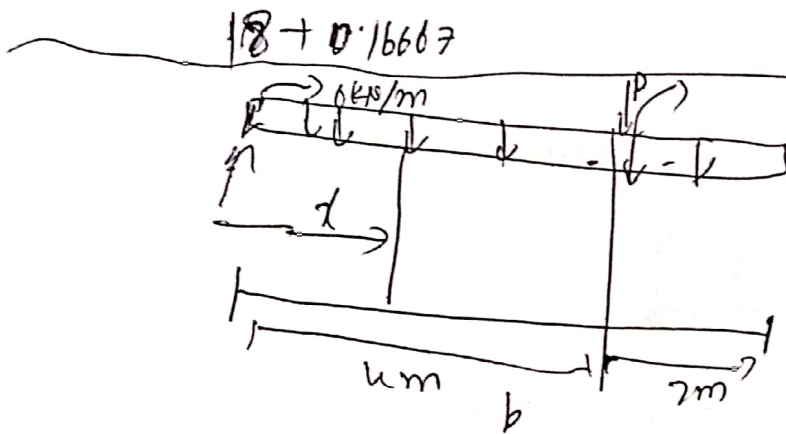
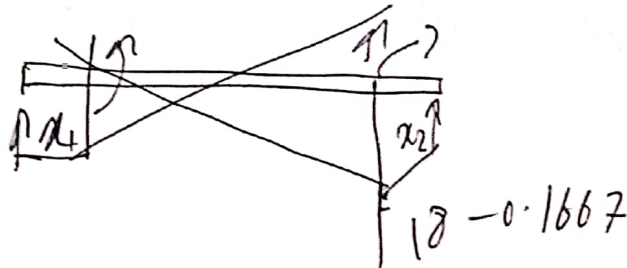
$$\Rightarrow -0.16667$$

put in eq(1)

$$P=4$$

$$R_1 + (-0.66667) = 0$$

$$R_1 = 0.66667 \text{ KN}$$



$$R_1 + R_2 = 1$$

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

+

$$-(1)(4) + R_2(6) = 0$$

$$R_1 = 0.66667 \text{ KN}$$

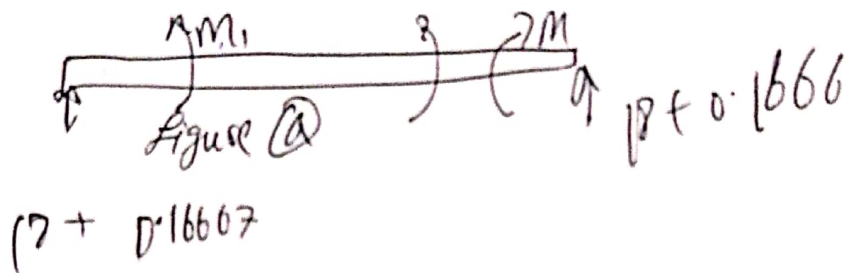
$$R_2 = 1 - 0.66667 \text{ KN}$$

$$R_2 = 0.333 \text{ KN}$$

P-5

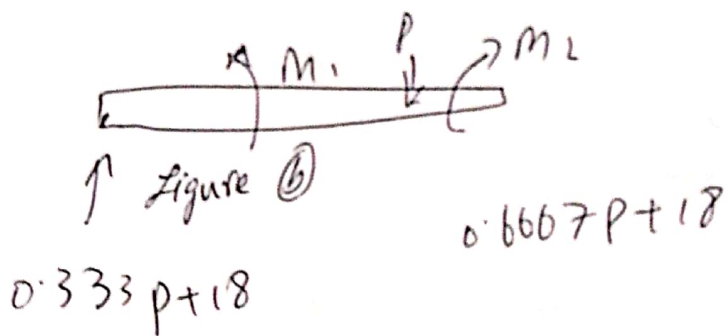
$$M_1 = (18 + 0.1667 M') (x_1 - 2x_1^2)$$

$$M_2 = (18 - 0.1667 M') (x_2 - 2x_2^2)$$



$$M_1 = (0.333 P + 18) x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

$$M_2 = (0.667 P + 18) x_2 - 2x_2^2$$



The displacement function shown  
in a figure 'a' above

$$\frac{dM_1}{dx_2} = 0.16667 x_1 \text{ and } \frac{dM_2}{dx_1} = 0.1667 x_2, \text{ Set } M' = 0$$

$$M_1 = 18 + 0.1667 (0) x_1 - 2x_1^2$$

p-b

$$\rightarrow m_1 = (18x_1 - 2x_1^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow m_2 = (8x_2 - 2x_2^2)$$

$$\phi_B = \int_0^L m \left( \frac{dm}{dm_1} \right) \frac{dx}{EI} = \int_0^4 \frac{(18x_1 - 2x_1^2)(0.1667x_1) dx}{EI}$$

$$= \int_0^8 \frac{(18x_2 - 2x_2^2)(0.1667x_2) dx_2}{EI}$$

$$\phi_B = \frac{42.65}{EI} + \frac{6.66}{EI}$$

$$\phi_B = \frac{49.31}{EI}$$

$$\phi_B = \frac{49.31}{(200 \times 10^{10} \cdot 10^4) (0.0006)} = 0$$

$$\phi_B = 0.4411 \text{ rad}$$

for the displacement are shown  
in figure (B)

$$\frac{\partial M_1}{\partial p} = 0.333 x_1 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial M_2}{\partial p} = 0.6667 x_2$$

also

then

$$M_1 = (18x_1 - 2x_1^2) \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_2 = (18x_2 - 2x_2^2) \text{ kN-m}$$

thus

$$\Delta B = \int_0^L m \left( \frac{\partial m}{\partial p} \right) \frac{dx}{EI}$$

$$\Delta B = \int_0^4 \frac{(30x x_1 - 2x_1^2)(0.333x)}{EI} dx + \int_0^2 \frac{(30x_2 - 2x_2^2)(0.6667x_2)}{EI} dx$$

$$\Delta B = \frac{218.5}{EI} \Rightarrow \frac{218.5}{(200 \times 10^6)(0.0666)} = 0.018 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{0.018 \text{ m} = 18 \text{ mm}}$$



### Q#3 (Part)

Given Data: .

$W_0 =$  Uniform load  $= 400 \text{ lb/ft}$

$h = 10 \text{ ft}$

$L = 15 \text{ ft}$

Required: equation of curve  
and force in cable = ?

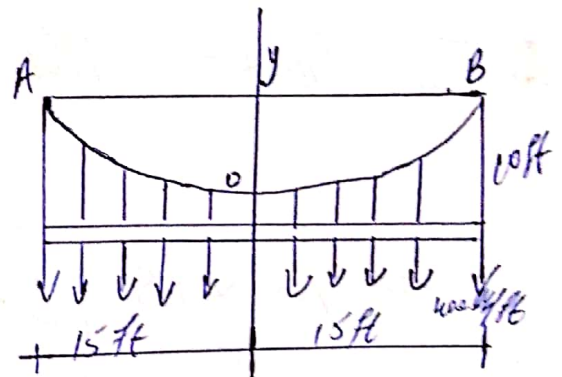
Solution: .

We know that

$$y = \frac{h}{L^2} x^2$$

Putting the values

$$y = \frac{10}{(15)^2} x^2 = 0.044 x^2$$



$$T_0 = FH = \frac{W_0 L^2}{2h} = \frac{400 \times (15)^2}{2 \times 10}$$

$$T_0 = FH = 4500 \text{ lb} = 4.5 \text{ K}$$

$$T_B = T_{\max} = \sqrt{(FH)^2 + (W_0 L)^2} = \sqrt{(4500)^2 + (400 \times 15)^2}$$

$$T_{\max} = 7500 = 7.5 \text{ K}$$

Now "T<sub>max</sub>" By another  
equation

$$T_B = T_{\max} = W_0 L \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{L}{2h}\right)^2}$$

$$= 400 \times 15 \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{15}{2 \times 10}\right)^2}$$

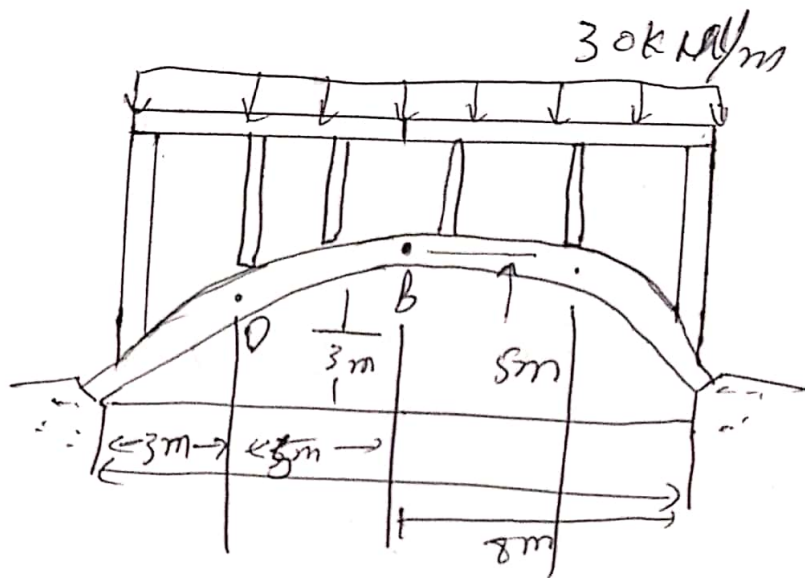
$$\Rightarrow T_{\max} = 7500 \text{ lb} = 7.5 \text{ K}$$

The  $\longleftarrow$  End of  $\bigcirc$  # 3

P-9

1

Q# 04)



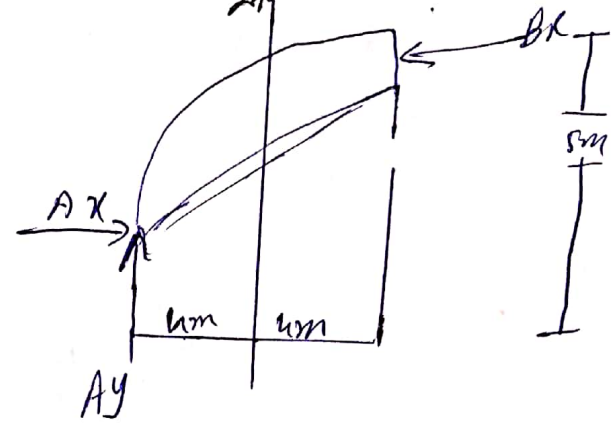
Q#4:

P-10

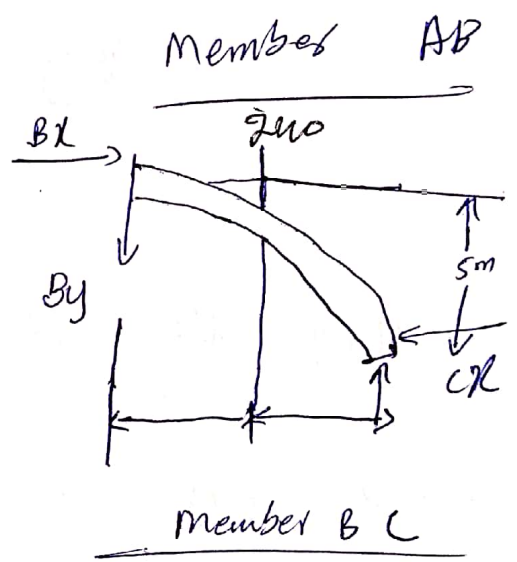
Given Data: Uniform load = 30 kN/m

Required:

Internal Moment At P = ?



Solution: Dividing into two member AB and BC



AB :-

$$\sum M_A = 0 \quad B_x(5) + B_y(8) - 240(4) = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{a}$$

BC

$$\sum M_C = 0 \quad -B_x(5) + B_y(8) + 240(4) = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{b}$$

Adding eq (a) and (b)

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3

$$\begin{aligned} B_x(5) + B_y(8) - 240(4) &= 0 \\ -B_x(5) + B_y(8) + 240(4) &= 0 \\ \hline 0 + 2B_y(8) + 0 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$2B_y(8) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y = 0 \text{ kN}$$

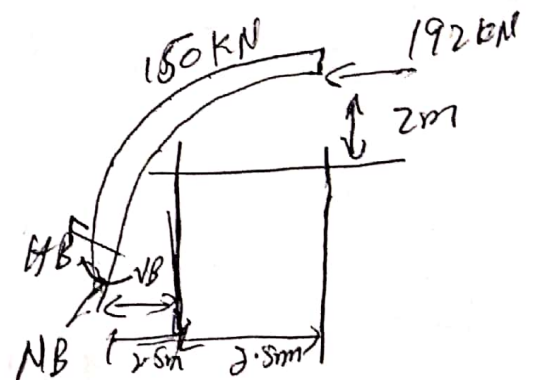
Putting the value of " $B_y$ " in eq (b)

$$\text{eq (b)} \Rightarrow -B_x(5) + 0(8) + 960 = 0$$

$$B_x(5) = 960$$

$$\frac{B_x(5)}{(5)} = \frac{960}{5}$$

$$B_x = 192 \text{ kN}$$



Member AB

P-19

Now at Segment DB

$$\hookrightarrow \sum M_D = 0$$

$$192(2) - 150(2.5) - M_D = 0$$

$$384 - 375 - M_D = 0$$

$$9 - M_D = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M_D = 9 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

