

ARSA LAN KHAN

I.D NO

7614

SECTION

A

SUBMITTED TO

ENGR. Amjad Islam

ASSIGNMENT #

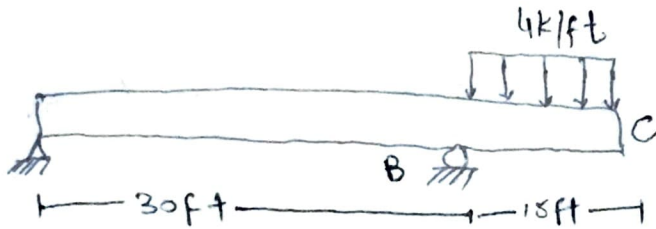
03

Date

23 - July - 2020

QUESTION #01:

Determine the slope and displacement at C. EI is constant. Use the moment area theorem.



Solution:

$$\sum M_A = 0;$$

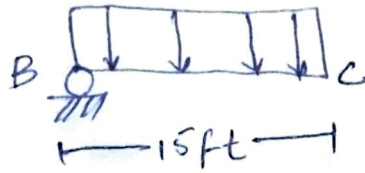
$$T_{BC} = \left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{17}} \right) (4) + T_{BC} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \right) (2) - 6(4) - 4(1)$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$6.414 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{17}} \right) - T_{BC} \cos \theta = 0$$

$$T_{BC} = 1.571 \text{ kN}$$

$$\theta = 8.130^\circ$$



$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0;$$

$$6.5125 + 6 \times (30) + 4 \times (1)$$

$$\boxed{\sum F_y = 25.1425 \text{ kN}}$$

$$T_{AB} = 4.086 \text{ kN}$$

$$\phi = 67.62^\circ$$

$$\frac{Y_B}{1} = \tan \phi$$

$$Y_B = 1 \tan \phi$$

$$Y_B = 1 \tan 67.62$$

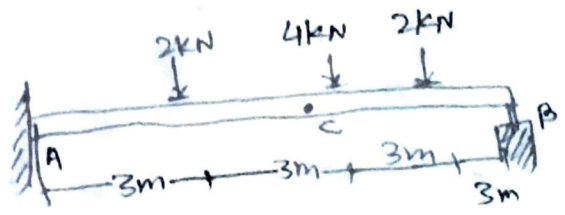
$$= 2.429 \text{ m}$$

$$\boxed{Y_B = 2.43 \text{ m}}$$

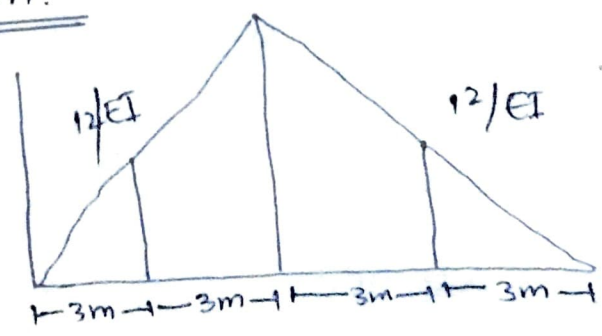
QUESTION #02:

Determine the slope at A and displacement at C of the beam in the

Figure by (a) Moment Area theorem. Take $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$ $I = 60 \times (10^6) \text{ mm}^4$.



Solution:



$$\frac{\theta_A}{C} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{12}{EI} \right) (3) + \left(\frac{12}{EI} \right) (3) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{6}{EI} \right) (3)$$

$$\theta_{A/C} = \left(\frac{18}{EI} \right) + \left(\frac{36}{EI} \right) + \left(\frac{9}{EI} \right)$$

$$\theta_{A/C} = \frac{63}{EI}$$

$$= \frac{63}{(200 \times 10^6)(6 \times 10^6)(1000)^{-4}}$$

$$Q_{A/C} = 0.0525 \text{ rad}$$

$$Q_A = 0.0525 \text{ rad/hr.}$$

$$t_{A/C} = \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{12}{EI} \right) (3) \right] \left(\frac{2}{3} (3) \right)$$

$$+ \left[\frac{12}{EI} (3) \right] \left[3 + \frac{1}{2} (3) \right] + \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{6}{EI} (3) \right] \left(3 + \frac{2}{3} (3) \right)$$

$$= 0.202 \text{ m}$$

$\Sigma 0;$

$$\Delta C = t_A / A_e = 0.202 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta e = 202 \text{ mm}$$