

Name:- Shiraz Khan Bangash

ID :- 14539

Section (A)

Department bs(SE)

Subject operation research

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Instructor

Sir Sifullah Jan

Q1

①

A solution

Production	Time required		Total amount
	Progress	Finishing	
P ₁	12	03	1000
P ₂	06	08	800
P ₃	08	06	400
Company Capacity	3000	1500	

Now convert into linear programme

$$12x_1 + 6x_2 + 8x_3 \leq 3000$$

$$3x_1 + 8x_2 + 6x_3 \leq 1500$$

$$\text{Maximum } Z = 1000x_1 + 800x_2 + 400x_3$$

Now find x_1 intercept

$$\text{put } x_2 = 0 \text{ and } x_3 = 0$$

$$12x_1 + 6x_2 + 8x_3 = 3000$$

$$\text{put } x_2 = 0 \text{ and } x_3 = 0$$

$$12x_1 + 6(0) + 8(0) = 3000$$

$$12x_1 + 0 + 0 = 3000$$

$$\frac{12x_1}{12} = \frac{3000}{12}$$

$$x_1 = 250$$

$$P_1(250, 0, 0)$$

Now for x_2 intercept put $x_1 = 0$
and $x_3 = 0$

$$12x_1 + 6x_2 + 8x_3 = 3000$$

$$12(0) + 6x_2 + 8(0) = 3000$$

$$0 + 6x_2 + 0 = 3000$$

$$6x_2 = 3000$$

dividing by 6

$$\frac{6x_2}{6} = \frac{3000}{6}$$

$$x_2 = 500$$

$$P_2(0, 500, 0)$$

Now for x_3 intercept

put $x_1 = 0$ and $x_2 = 0$

$$12x_1 + 6x_2 + 8x_3 = 3000$$

$$12(0) + 6(0) + 8x_3 = 3000$$

$$0 + 0 + 8x_3 = 3000$$

$$8x_3 = 3000$$

dividing by 8.

$$\frac{8x_3}{8} = \frac{3000}{8} = 375$$

$$x_3 = 375$$

$$P_3(0, 0, 375)$$

That is all points put in equation (Z) to find the maximum point value.

$$Z = 1000x_1 + 800x_2 + 400x_3$$

$$Z = 1000(250) + 800(0) + 400(0)$$

$$Z = 250,000 + 0 + 0$$

$$Z = 250,000$$

Now put another intercept

$$Z = 1000x_1 + 800x_2 + 400x_3$$

$$Z = 1000(0) + 800(500) + 400(0)$$

$$Z = 0 + 400,000 + 0$$

$$Z = 400,000$$

Now put 3rd intercept

(3)

$$Z = 1000x_1 + 800x_2 + 400x_3$$

$$Z = 1000(0) + 800(0) + 400(375)$$

$$Z = 0 + 0 + 150000$$

$$Z = 150,000$$

$$Z = 1000(500) + 0 + 0 = 500,000$$

$$Z = 0 + 800(187.5) + 0 = 150,000$$

$$Z = 0 + 0 + 400(356) = 142,400$$

Now max points is

$$P_4(500, 0, 0) = 500,000$$

Q2

(A)

Type of product	No Sold in a month	Net Profit
A	150	
B	200	

(4)

Solution

Suppose

x_1 and x_2 be the number of production at A and B, Since allowed $d_i =$ under utilization at product capacity variable.

Since goal is the maximization at sales hence positive deviation will not appear in constraints related with sales
So

$$x_1 + d_2 = 150$$

and

$$x_2 + d_3 = 200$$

→ $d_2 =$ under achievement at sales goals product A

→ $d_3 =$ underachievement at sales goals for product B

Now the goal programming mathematical model can be

Minimize

$$Z = P_1 d_1 + P_2 d_3 + P_3 d_1$$

Subjected to constraints

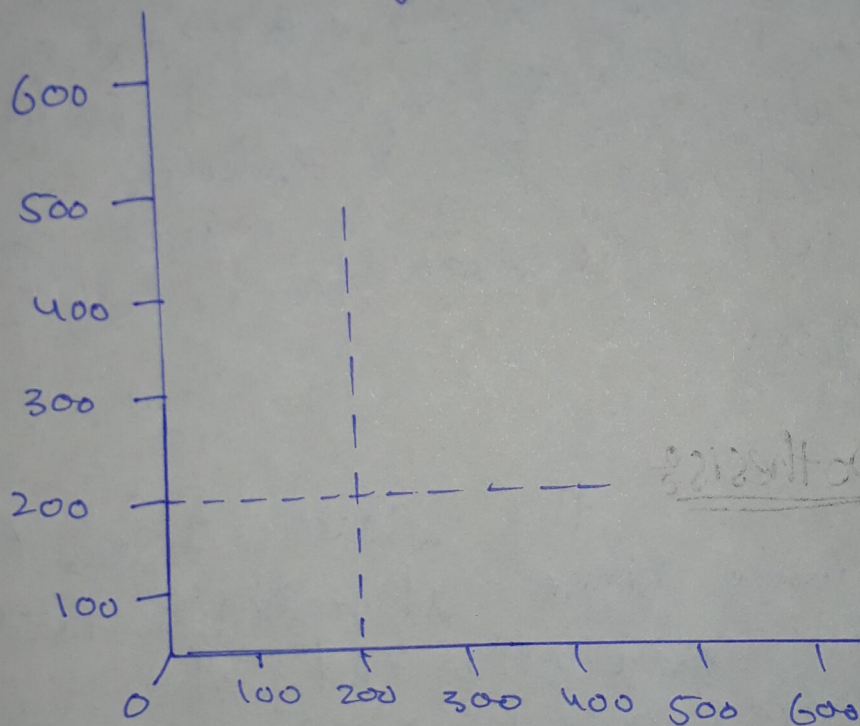
$$X_1 + X_2 + d_1 - d_1 = 500 \quad (5)$$

$$X_1 + d_2 = 150$$

$$X_2 + d_3 = \del{150} 200$$

and $X_1, X_2, d_1, d_2, d_3, d_1 \geq 0$

All the goal constant can be plotted on the graph.



(Answer)

product A as 200 product B, Because the net profit from the sale at product A is twice the amount from that at product B.

(Q3) write a detail summary of the research paper? ⑥

Answer:-

Introduction:- critical path methodology is a programming methodology that will replicate all of the various interactions. Communication and defects the critical path method is an algorithms for scheduling a set of projects activities, its a commonly used in conjunction with the evaluation and Review techniques:-

⇒ Research hypothesis:-

this study uses one Rule among many simple algorithmic rules to calculate the calculation at the longest path, therefore minimum amount at time is required to program an activity from the dragonfly algorithms and that the result can be examined.

Literature Review:-

Exploiting cpm to calculate the frame requires, and value required for projects and events - Cpm is used to appear the value and time

Interchanges by activities that take a shorter time at in expensive. ⑦

⇒ CPM Simulations

cpm analysis the earliest begin time is the earliest and time Eff the latest end time ration frequency and total float Tf, should be document for each activity.

⇒ Research methodologies

Utilize the dynamic and static the study group behavior at dragonthis in nature to obtain and dragonfly algorithm the benefits at the approach are to use dragonfly behavior to achieve

Results-

Separation from each other S_i to avoid the dragonthis from static collesions with follow human cordination and digement A_i ,

is the draganify behavior to match speed with other fellow human. ⑧

Discussion:

most of the ventures are target oriented and throrghed endeavors whose objective is to create, recreate or change different affices these kind of ventures include dynamic process which will be isolated into four stages conceptualization definition realization and utilize.

Conclusions:-

the draganify Rule is successful intended to optimize the conclusion we have used this techniques to solve those problems taking into account projects cost activity duration and activity in the required in diagram.